Structuring and Marketing Build America Bonds

June 19, 2009





Build America Bonds

What Are Build America Bonds (BABs)?

- Taxable bonds with a federal subsidy of 35% of the interest cost
- Issuer can chose between two types:
 - Direct Payment: issuer receives cash payment over life of bonds
 - > Tax Credit: investor received tax credit over life of bonds
- No volume limit or allocation required
- Program expires at end of 2010

• What can be funded?

- Tax-exempt eligible capital projects, governmental purposes
- No private activity: affordable housing, student loans, IDBs, 501(c)3 projects, private use



Two Flavors of BABs

Direct Payment BABs

- Substantial federal subsidy of 35% of the interest cost
- Straightforward bond issuance
- Reasonably developed investor base
- Focus of this presentation

Tax Credit BABs

- Less efficient
 - Investors pay tax on tax credit
 - Complicated calculation of tax benefits over life of bonds
- Smaller investor base
 - Particularly in current economic times
- Eligible for refundings





Initial BABs Structuring Considerations

Repayment Security

- What revenues will be pledged to repayment of BABs?
- Might include general obligation, tax increment, general fund, enterprise revenues, special tax revenues, etc.

Application of federal subsidy

- Pledged directly to pay bond debt service?
- Used as ongoing cash-flow for other purposes?

Mechanics of federal payment

- Issuer must submit request for federal payment every six months
 - > At least 45 days (but not more than 90 days) before payment date
 - > IRS may streamline payment process in the future



Considerations for Legal Documents

Authorization of BABs

May add option to authorizing resolutions

Treatment of subsidy in legal definitions

- Recognize federal payment as a revenue or debt service credit?
- Can affect debt coverage calculation

Reserve fund sizing

Based on gross vs. net debt service

Additional bonds test

Recognition of subsidy may depend upon outstanding parity debt

Timing of payments

 May be a short timing lag between debt payment and receipt of subsidy





Market-Related Structuring Considerations

Call Features

- "Make whole" call feature limits economic feasibility of future refunding
- "Standard"10 year par call not popular with taxable investors
- Choice may affect interest rate and/or marketability
- Recent sales with par calls at minimal penalty but some investors balking

One Series or Multiple Series

- Can choose all BABs, all tax-exempt bonds or a combination
- Most issuers plan for a combination

Timing of Decision on BABs

- Best made close to time of pricing as market conditions change
- Must allow sufficient time for pre-marketing to investors
- Official designation required before closing

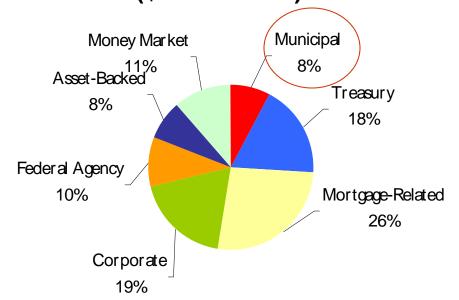


U.S. Bond Markets

Total U.S. Bond Market

- \$33.5 trillion outstanding
- \$1 trillion avg daily trading volume

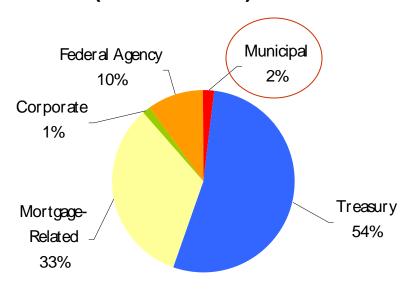
2008 Outstanding Debt (\$33.5 Trillion)



Municipal Bond Market

- \$2.6 trillion outstanding (8% of total)
- \$19.2 billion avg daily trading (2% of total)
- => Much less actively traded

2008 Avg Daily Trading Volume (\$1.04 Trillion)





Taxable Markets

Market Overview

- Bonds price at a spread over Treasuries of comparable maturity
- Focus on relative spread versus nominal yield
- Expanded investor audience
 - Bond funds, insurance cos., pension funds, individuals, foreign investors

Investor Preferences

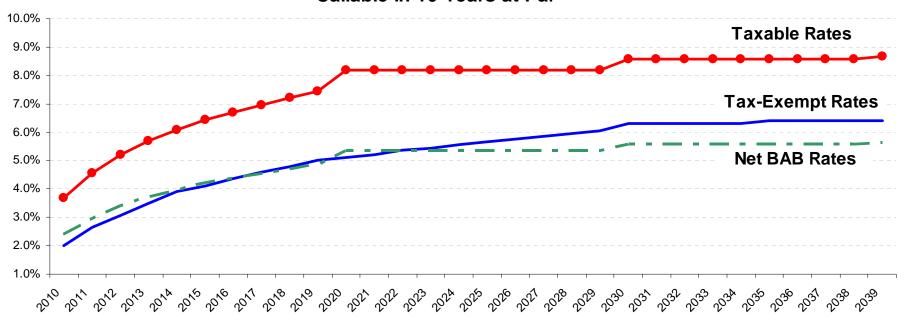
- Liquidity
- Highly-rated, well-known names
- Large par amounts
 - > \$250 million meets "index eligible" benchmark for fund performance
- Bullet maturities
- Non-callable debt
 - i.e. make whole calls



Do BABs Make Economic Sense?

- Depends on market conditions at time of pricing
- In current market, likely yes, particularly on longer maturities

Illustrative Rates for an A Rated California Revenue Bond ** Callable in 10 Years at Par**





Real World BAB Issuance

Active issuance since early April *

More than 86 issues totaling more than \$12.5 billion

BAB Issuance By Size Through June 11, 2009

	By Par Amount		Ву# о	By # of Issues	
\$1 billion +	\$ 6,375	(54%)	2	3%	
\$500 million to <\$1 billion	1,250	11%	2	3%	
\$100 million to <\$500 million	2,488	21%	12	16%	
\$50 million to <\$100 million	1,093	9%	17	22%	
Less than \$50 million	606	5%	43	57%	
	\$ 11,811	100%	76	100%	

Evolving market conditions

- □ First sales: larger par, higher rated, well known issuers, make whole calls,
- Later sales: tighter spreads, smaller issues, lower ratings, par calls

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Initial exuberance has diminished

Actively quoted secondary market trading

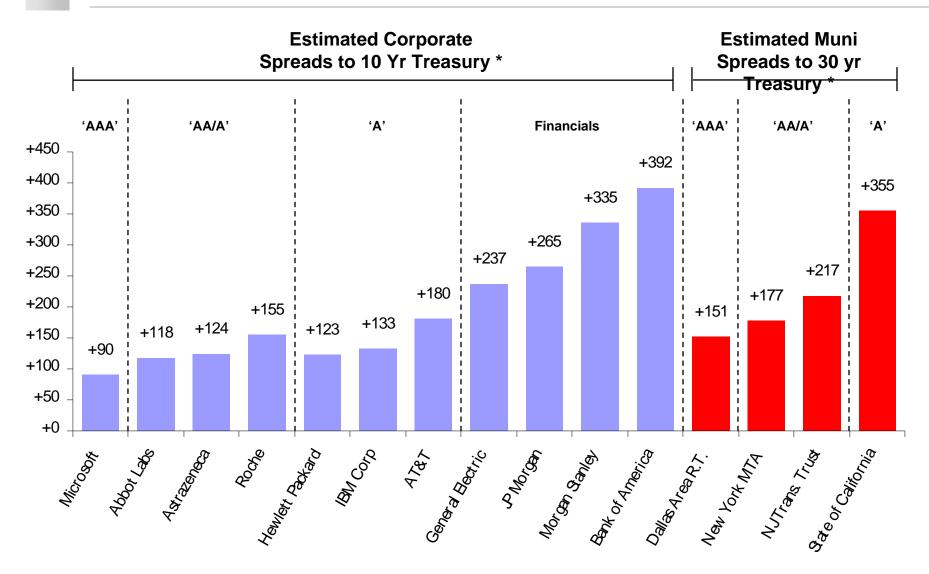
S&Y

Sample Pricing Comparables

Pricing Comparables for Build America Bonds								
Pricing Date	4/20/2009	4/22/2009	5/4/2009	6/2/2009	6/4/2009	6/16/2009		
Par Amount	\$1,375,000,000	\$5,233,000,000	\$200,000,000	\$375,000,000	\$78,385,000	\$831,655,000		
Issuer	New Jersey Turnpike Authority	State of California	Sacramento Municipal Utility District	San Antonio Bectric & Gas	Metropolitan Water District of So. California	Dallas Area Rapid Transit		
Ratings	Aaa/AAA/AAA	A2/A/A	A1/A+/A	Aa1/AA/AA+	Aa2/AAA/AA+	Aa3/AAA		
Call Provisions	Make whole	Make whole	Make whole	Make whole	7/1/2019 @ 100	6/1/2019 @ 100		
	(UST + 40 bps)	(UST + 50 bps)	(UST + 35 bps)	(UST + 25 bps)		2044: UST + 40 bps		
Maturity	2040	2039	2036	2039	2039	2044		
30-Year Treasury	3.714%	3.784%	4.072%	4.535%	4.575%	4.499%		
Spread	3.700%	3.650%	2.250%	1.450%	1.800%	1.500%		
Taxable Yield	7.414%	7.434%	6.322%	5.985%	6.375%	5.999%		
Net BAB Yield	4.82%	4.83%	4.11%	3.89%	4.14%	3.90%		



Current Taxable Trading Spreads





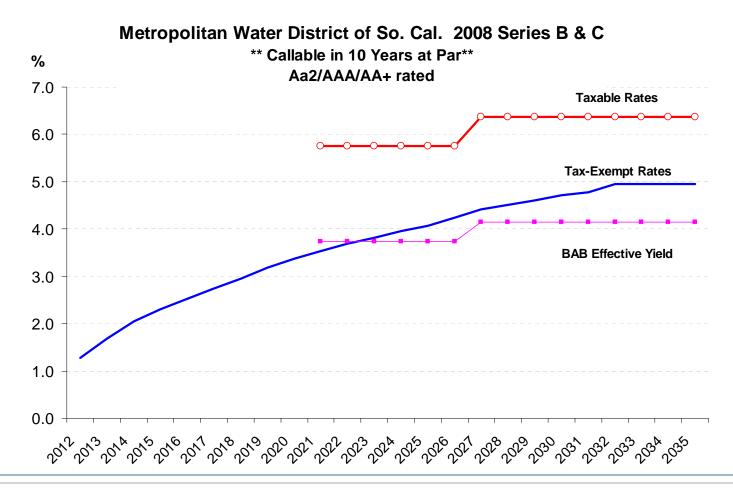
*As of Wednesday June 17,

2009



Recent Met Water Sale

- Metropolitan Water District of So. Cal priced 2 series in early June
 - \$218 million tax-exempt Series A and \$78 million taxable BABs Series B
 - Wanted to avoid non-callable debt





Recent Smaller BAB Sales



- AA_A-rated
- 10-year par call
- Also a \$12,86 million tax exempt refunding series
- BARS pricing
 - 2039 maturity
 - Wrapped around Series A_A
 - +267-over 30 vry Treasury
 - Net yield of 4,39%
- Cashflow Sayings
 - ~\$100,000 per year

\$55 million Tulare Wastewater June 17, 2009

- A_T-rated (Baa110n parity debt)
- 10-year par call
- FSAinsurance for liquiditiyty
- Investors focused on credit
 - Central Valley economy
 - Tep 3 dairies > 50% of revenues
 - Default remedies
- BABs pricing
 - 2044 term bond
 - Wrapped around prior debt
 - +448 to 30 year Treasury
 - Net yield of 5,90%

\$56 million S. Bayside Wastewater June 18, 2009

- AA(A+rated)
- 10-year par call
- Investors focused on price
 - Competition from CABAB secondary market trades
- Bought by insurance funds, retail, money, managers
- BARS-pricing
 - Serial bonds through
 29199
 - Three term bonds
 - Final 2030 maturity: +348 to 30 year Treasury (5.30% net yield)
 - All in TIC of 5-12%



Bottom Line on BABs

Marketing insights

- Education of taxable investors is ongoing
- Market still developing for lower rated credits

Economic value

- Interest subsidy is significant in current market
- Wide credit spreads in tax-exempt market amplify impact
- Benefit will vary as market conditions change

Limited time span

- Program sunsets December 31, 2010
- Uncertain prospects for future extension



Questions?

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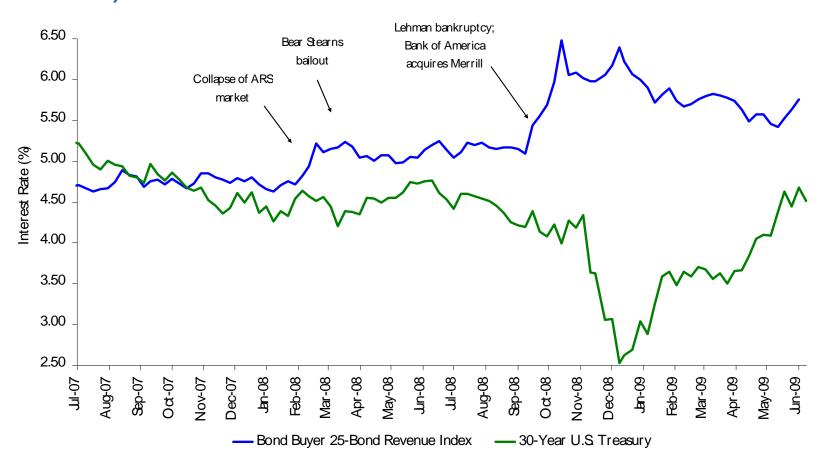
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Dynamic Municipal/Treasury Relationship

Bond Buyer 25-Bond Revenue Index v. 30-Year US Treasury (July 2007 - Present)

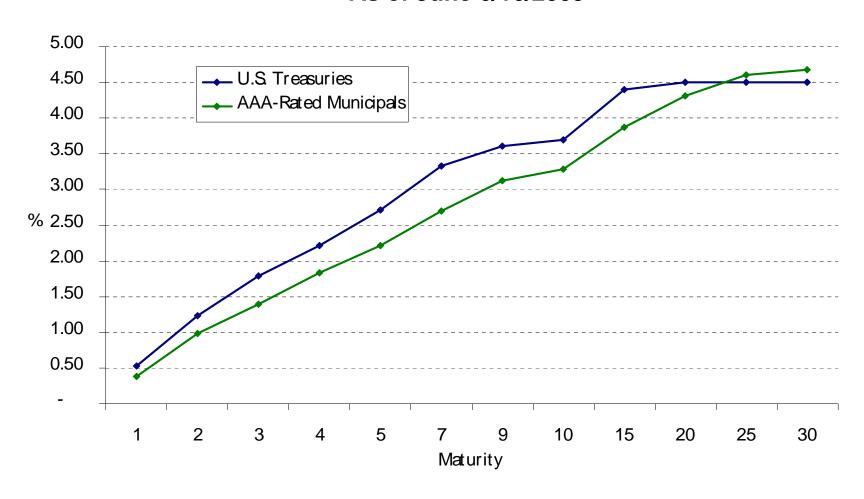






Current Municipal & Treasury Yield Curves

Treasury vs. AAA-Rated Tax-Exempt Municipal Yield Curves As of June 6/16/2009





Secondary Market Trading In CA BABs

Average State of California BAB Yields vs. 30 Year Treasury Yields

