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DEBT AND
INVESTMENT
ADVISORY
COMMISSION

SESSION 5: WHEN IS USING A CFD A BETTER CHOICE?

Community Facilities Districts

■ Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982

(Government Code 53311 et. seq.)

- Funds construction of:
 - Street improvements
 - Water, Sewer, Storm Drain improvements
 - Parks
 - Libraries, Schools and Public buildings
 - Development Impact Fees for any of the above

□ Not affected by Proposition 218



CFD Special Tax

- □ Funds the following services:
 - Police protection services
 - Fire protection and suppression services
 - Ambulance and paramedic services
 - Recreation programs, Libraries, Schools *
 - Parks, parkways and open space maintenance
 - Flood and storm protection services
 - Street maintenance

^{*} Requires 2/3 registered voter approval

CFD Special Tax

- □ Formation Timeframe
 - Depends on voter pool (landowner or reg. voter)
 - Landowner vote if less than 12 registered voters
 - Preparing Required Documents: 3-6 months
 - Special Election: 90-180 days from public hearing
- Requires Special Election (which can be held at a regularly scheduled Council or Board meeting)
- Some legal timeframes may be waived if 100% unanimous consent by land owners

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In Addition – The Parcel Tax

- □ General Parcel Taxes
 - □ Cities, Counties, Districts Government Code Section 50075
 - School Districts Government Code Section 50079
- Requires Election
- Pros and cons

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Assessment Districts

- □ Formation Timeframe
 - Governed by Article XIII D of California Constitution (Proposition 218)
 - Preparing Engineer's Report: 3-4 months
 - Public Outreach: 6-12 months
 - Legal proceedings 60 to 90 days
- Requires Property Owner Approval via a Mailed Ballot
- Some legal timeframes may be waived if 100% unanimous consent by property owners

AD vs. CFD

- □ Assessment District
 - Annual renewal process required
 - Special vs. general benefit analysis
 - Cannot assess for general benefit
 - Very difficult to fund 100% of cost



- Community Facilities District
 - Sets a Maximum Annual Special Tax Rate
 - Rate may run in perpetuity
 - Agency sets rate annually, no lengthy renewal process
 - May fund 100% of cost, with exceptions for landowner approved CFDs
 - Allows for expedited future annexations

Case Studies

- Library facilities and services
 - City of Belmont
 - Belvedere-Tiburon Library District
- □ Parks and open space
 - East Bay Regional Park District
 - Greater Vallejo Recreation District
- School facilities and services
 - Empire Union School District



Case Studies continued

- □ City of Burlingame Downtown Burlingame Avenue
 - Assessment District
 - BID
 - CFD or parcel tax



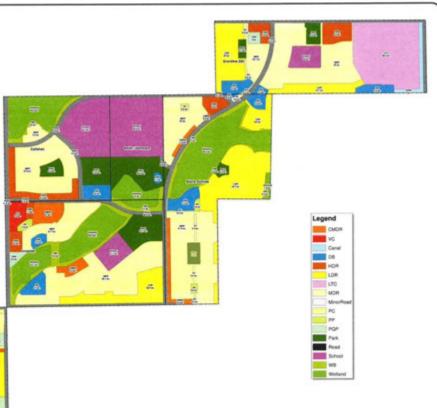
Suncreek





1,265 Gross Acres

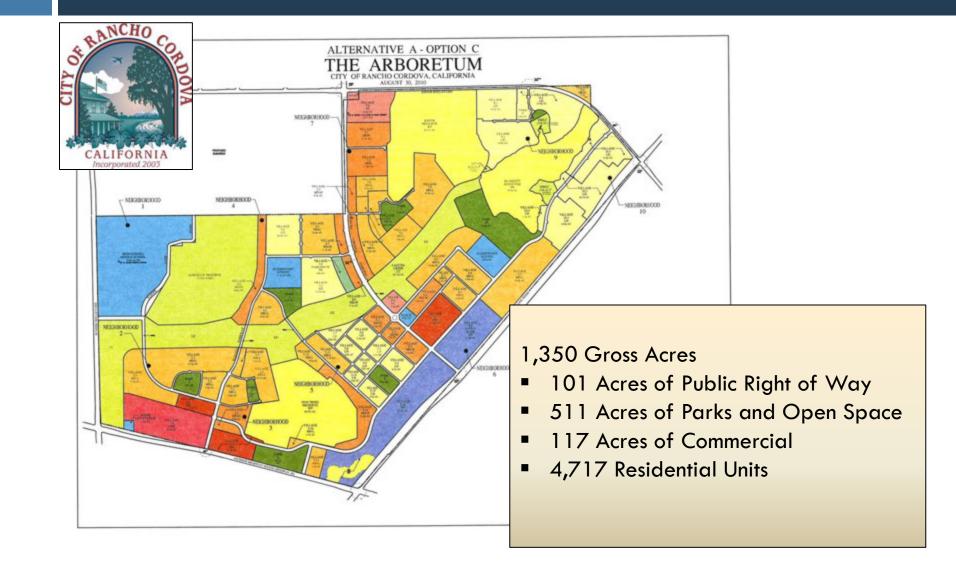
- 82 Acres of Public Right of Way
- 390 Acres of Parks and Open Space
- 91 Acres of Commercial
- 534 Acres of Residential



Updated Suncreek PFFP Land Use Area Summary (February, 2013)

MACKAY & SOMPS

The Arboretum



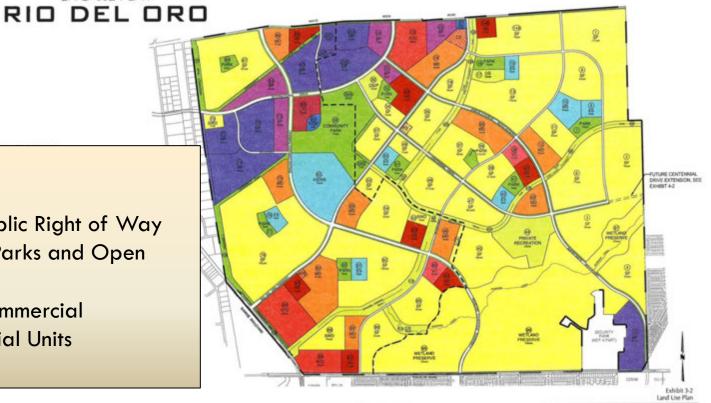
Rio Del Oro



Section 3: Land Use Element

3,828 Gross Acres

- 192 Acres of Public Right of Way
- 1,090 Acres of Parks and Open Space
- 522 Acres of Commercial
- 11,600 Residential Units



LAND USE PLAN

Rancho Cordova CFD 2008-1

- □ CFD No. 2008-1 (Road Maintenance)
 - Established for the existing developed area of the City
 - Developing parcels and redeveloped responsible for maintenance of new streets
 - Rate for road maintenance, residential alleys, excessive load and decorative lighting

Rancho Cordova CFD 2013-1

- CFD No. 2013-1 (Storm and Flood Protection Services)
 - Provides funding for storm drain maintenance, NPDES compliance and water quality monitoring
 - All new developments required to participate

Rancho Cordova CFD 2013-2

- □ CFD No. 2013-2 (Police Services)
 - Provide funding for the increased cost of police protection services from new development
 - All new developments required to participate

Rancho Cordova CFD 2013-3

- CFD No. 2013-3 (Street, Lighting and Landscaping Maintenance)
 - Established for the new development areas
 - New developments responsible for maintenance of new public improvements
 - Rate for road, street lighting and landscaping maintenance with additional factors for residential alleys, excessive load, and decorative lighting

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BOND FINANCING OPTIONS USING SPECIAL TAXES

Legal basis for issuance of Special Tax Bonds

- Community Facilities Districts
 - Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982
 - Articles XIIIA & XIIIC of CA Constitution
 - Charter Cities can use legislative powers

It is a tool to finance infrastructure and to have the costs paid by those who benefit from the improvements

Why do Public Agencies issue Community

- In other words, infrastructure provided without City general tax dollars or existing resident's tax dollars
- And in most cases it allows the City to get more infrastructure sooner and at a lower costs than if it was built under the City's typically Capital Improvement Program and available funding sources

Usual Sequence of Events



- Local Agency / Property Owner Petition Initiated
- Local Goals & Policies adopted
- 3. Legislative Body Commences CFD Proceedings
- 4. Public Hearing
- 5. Election
- 6. Final Actions Taken by Legislative Body
- Bonds Issued
- 8. Annual Special Taxes levied to pay debt service on the Bonds
- Project Costs Funded/Reimbursed
- 10. Public Agency administers the District until Bonds mature

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Community Facilities District Bond Issuance

Bond Issuance steps



■ How do we do it?

- Financing team drafts financing, legal and financing documents including:
 - Resolutions
 - Bond Indenture
 - Preliminary Official Statement/Official Statement (includes appraisal/Market Analysis/CFD Report)
 - Continuing Disclosure Agreement
 - Bond Purchase Agreement
- Issuer approves financing documents and present reports to the policy makers
- Issuer sells bonds to underwriter
- Underwriter sells bonds to investors

Bond Issuance steps - continued



- □ How do we do it? (continued)
 - Issuer receives \$'s from investors in exchange for bonds
 - 5. Net proceeds used to pay for capital projects
 - Annual Special Taxes levied and collected to pay debt service on the Bonds per Rate and Method of Apportionment

Financing Team Members



- Public Agency presents report, documents and recommendations to the policy-makers for their deliberation
- Bond Counsel prepares all required bond documents and provides legal opinion
- Financial Advisor fiduciary responsibility to issuer to protect their financial interests and provide independent financial advice related to the issuance of bonds
- District Administrator assists Issuer in preparing tables for the disclosure documents and administering the Community Facilities District

- Appraiser estimates value of assessed property subject to the special tax lien
- Underwriter buys the bonds from the issuer and them sells them to investors
- Disclosure Counsel prepares bond sale financing documents (Official Statement, Bond Purchase Agreement, Continuing Disclosure Agreement)
- Fiscal Agent holds, invests and disburses funds at direction of Issuer

Initial Bond Disclosure

- Preliminary Official Statement
 - Tell the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth
- Requirements continue to evolve and are becoming more stringent

Administering the Community Facilities

District Bonds

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- It is important to know your Community Facilities District
- Make sure you ask a lot of questions and get good answers from your Financing Team
- In most cases, the Public Agency is the only one there for the full term of the Community Facilities District Bonds

Basic Steps of Community Facilities District Bo

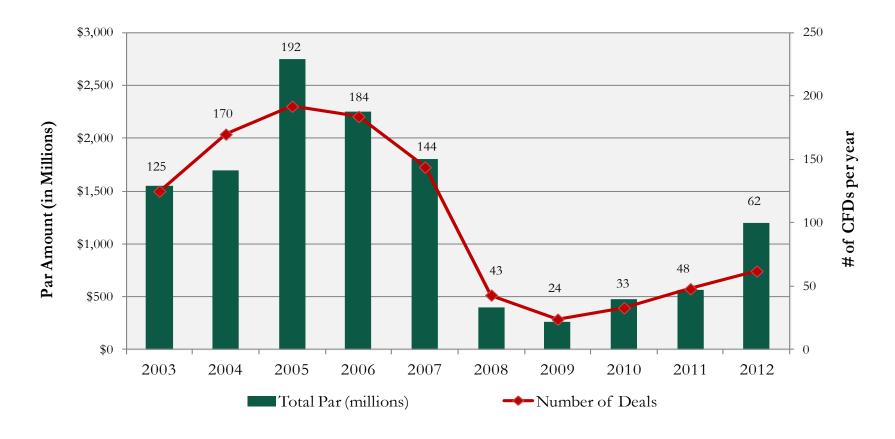


Administration

- Manage the Bond Funds
- Meet the annual administrative requirements
- Customer Service with impacted property owners and others
- Delinquency Management
- Continuing Disclosure
- Investment of Bond Proceeds
- Arbitrage Rebate Calculations

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- Yes, on average over the last 10 years there have been approximately 102 Community Facilities
 District Bonds issued in California each year
- The average dollar amount of Community Facilities
 District Bonds sold in California over the last 10
 years is approximately \$1.3 Billion per year

Community Facilities District Issuance History for last 10 Years



Breakdown of CY 2012 Community Facilities District Bonds

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ISSUANCE BREAKDOWN	
62 Closings	\$1,244,814,536 in Par
47 Transactions were refundings	\$969,289,536 in Par
Median issue size	\$15,931,622

	ISSUERS
23	School Districts
28	Cities
3	Special Districts
5	Counties
3	Misc.

	LOCATION
14	Northern California
48	Southern California

RATING	
17	Standard & Poors
4	Moody's
1	Fitch

Source: California Debt and Investment Advisory Commission

Questions?



Bond Financing Options Using Special Taxes