

COMMISSION

INTRODUCTION: RECENT TRENDS IN THE BOND MARKET

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Key Trends And How They Are Affecting Issuers

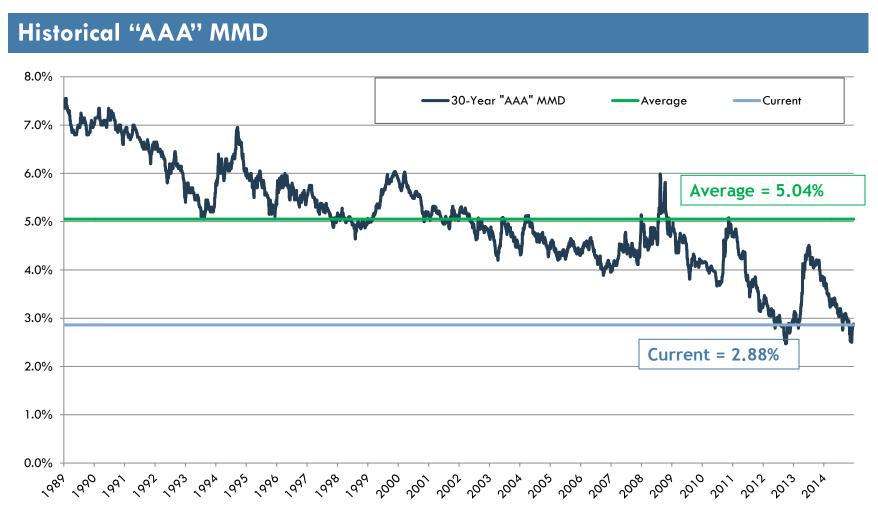


- □ Interest Rates
- Credit Trends
- Players
- Regulation
- What's it All Mean to You

From "Boring Bonds" To ... 2015



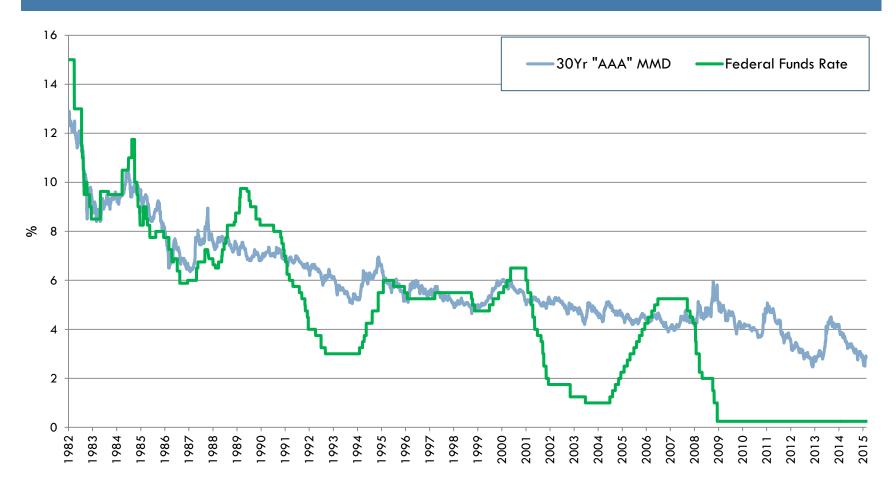
Trend 1: Low Rates



Source: Municipal Market Data; as of February 26, 2015

Why? Is It The Fed?

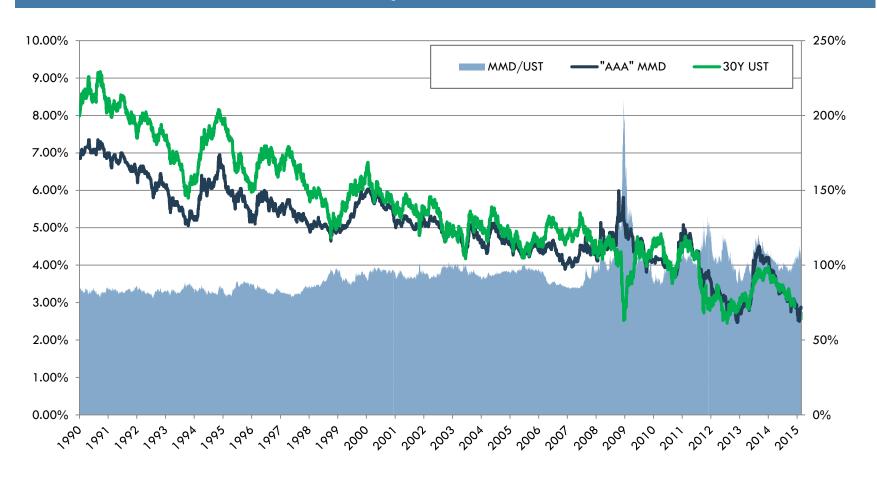
Historical Federal Funds Rate and 30Yr "AAA" MMD



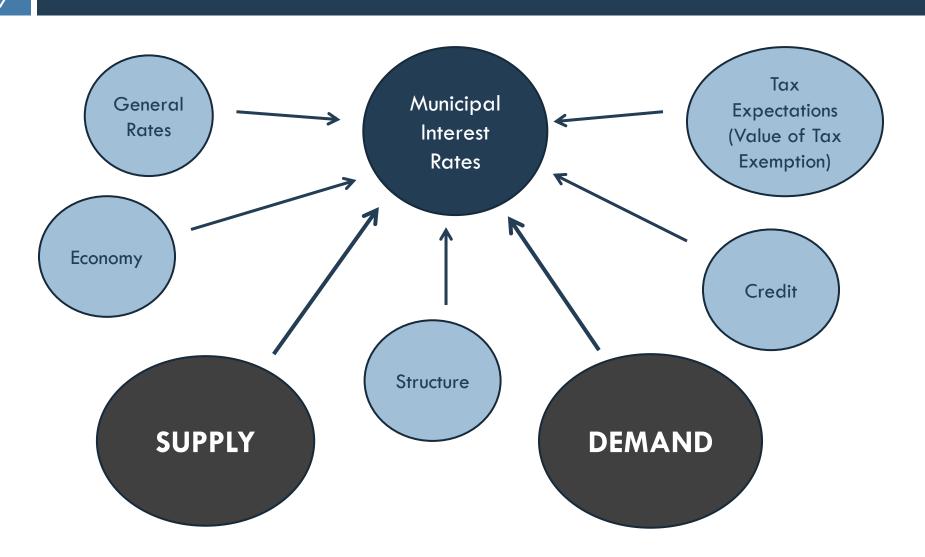
Source: Municipal Market Data and Thomson Reuters; as of February 26, 2015

Tax-Exempt/Taxable Ratio Changes

Historical Taxable and Tax-Exempt Interest Rate Ratios

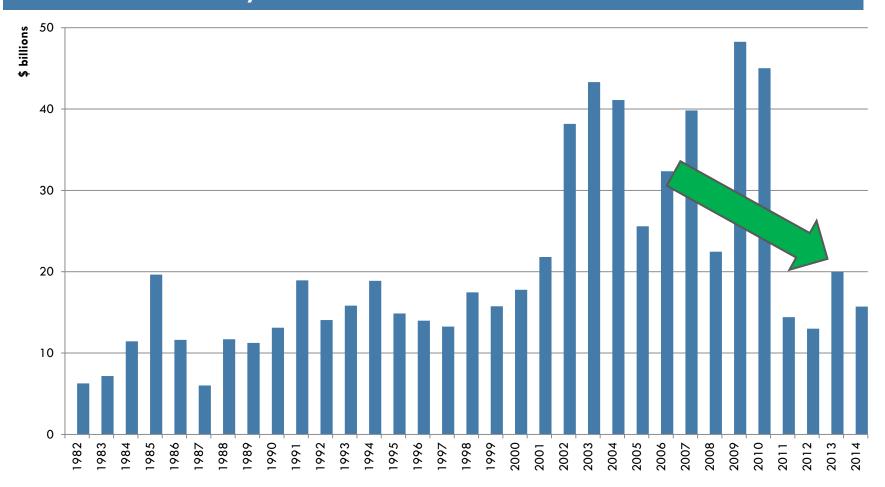


Many Factors Drive Rates



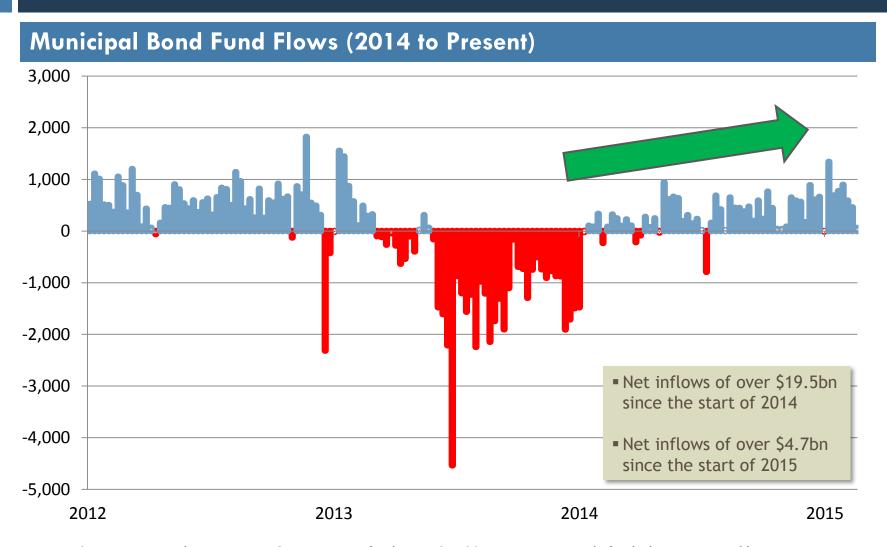
Why? Supply Is Down

Historical New Money Issuance in California



Source: Thomson Reuters; as of February 26, 2015

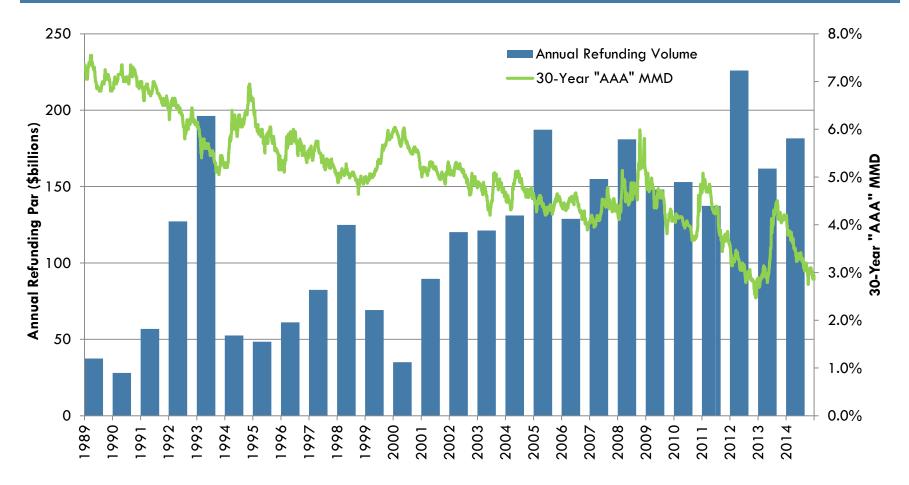
Why? Demand Is Up Again



Source: Lipper, Thomas Reuters Company; as of February 26, 2015; represents only funds that report weekly

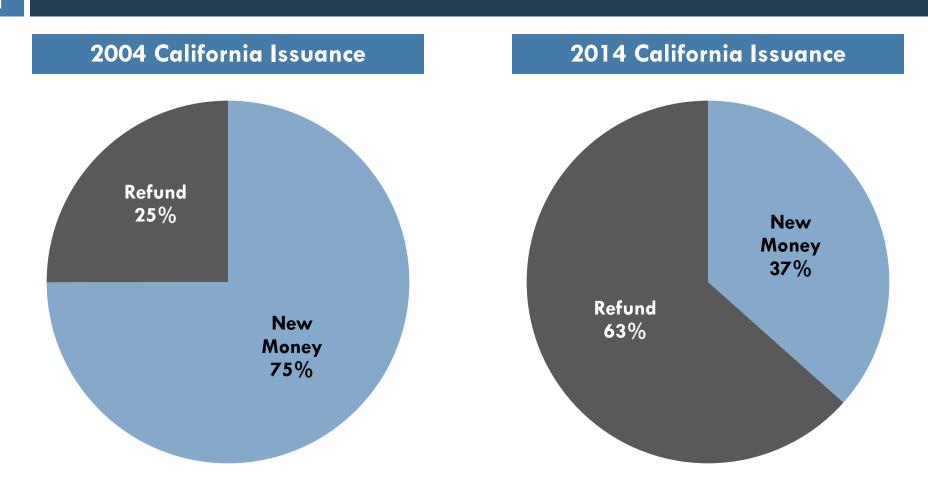
Result: Refunding Opportunities

Historical Refunding Issuance Volume and 30-Year "AAA" MMD



Source: Thomason Reuters and Municipal Market Data; as of February 26, 2015

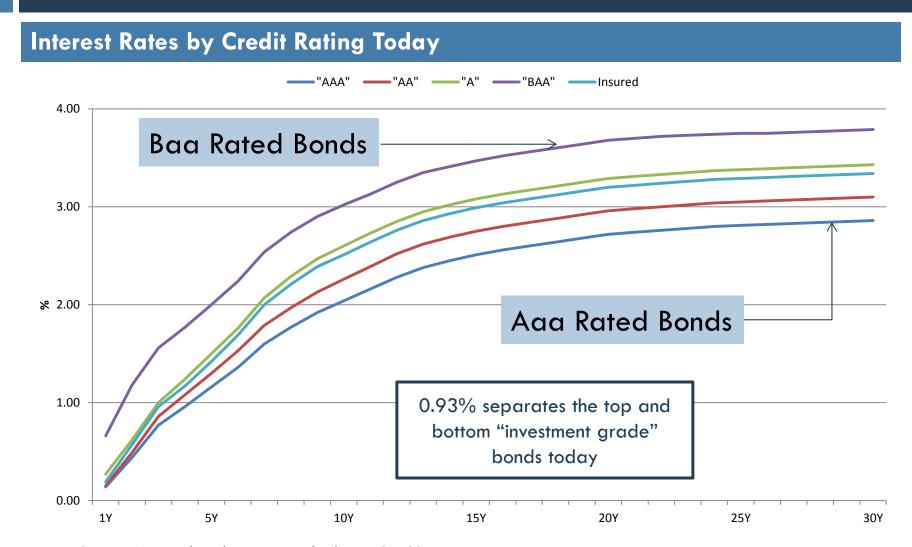
A Renewed Focus On Refundings



Refunding Opportunities

- Assuming most bonds have a 10 year call, any outstanding bond from 2005 and earlier is a potential current refunding candidate
 - Careful as not all bonds had a 10 year call so some more recent bonds have been current refunding candidates
- Rates have recently been so low that depending on the call date, even bonds issued as recently as 2012 have penciled for advance refunding savings

Trend 2: Credit Spreads Remain Wide For The Weak



Source: Municipal Market Data; as of February 26, 2015

Credit Flight Follows Credit Turmoil

Historical Credit Spreads



Source: Municipal Market Data; as of February 26, 2015

Trend 3: The Re-Appearance Of Credit Enhancement

- Once upon a time ...
 - Seven bond insurers with gilt-edged, "Triple-A" (Aaa/AAA/AAA) ratings
 - One "double-A" rated bond insurer
- The bottom fell out in 2007-2008
- But in its wake a new bond insurance industry has emerged...

The Disappearance Of Bond Insurance

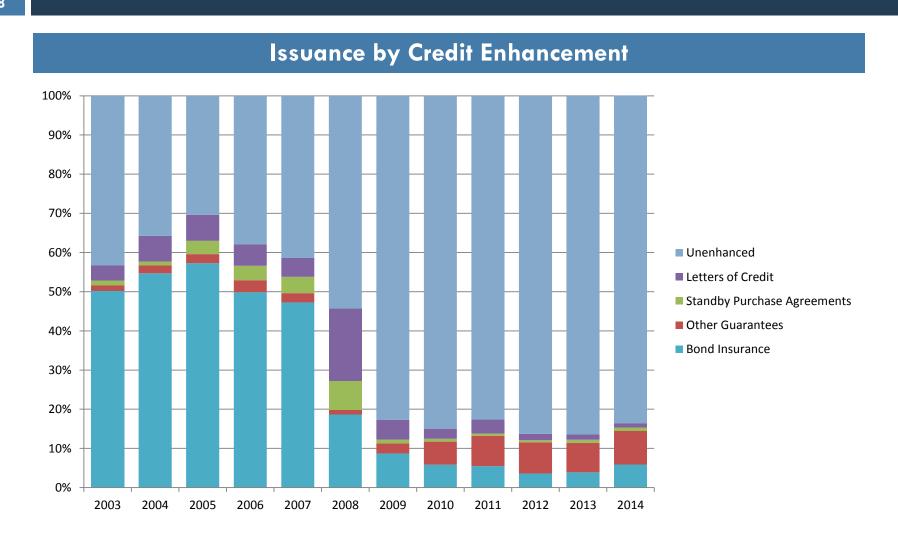
Insurer Insurer	Moody's	S&P Fitch	<u>Fitch</u>
BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY Assurance Corporation	Aa1 Aa1 Stable Outloskable	AA+ AA+ N/A Stable Outlook Negative	Not Rated
ASSURED GUARANTY	Aa3 Aa3 Negative Watch Negative Outlo	AAA AA- Withdrawn Negative Outlook Ok Stable	Withdrawn
effective Ambac	Aa3 — Negative Watch Withdrawn	AAA Withdrawn	Withdrawn
Ambac national public finance guarantee	Caa2 Watch Developing		
	Baa1 Baa2 Watch Develqpiggtive	Withdrawn	Withdrawn
RADIAN —	Ba1 Stable Outlook Withdrawn	BB Withdrawn Negative Watch Withdrawn	Withdrawn
FG The Value — Within — Guarantee — SYNCORA —	Caa2 Negative Watch Withdrawn	Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn	Withdrawn
	Withdrawn — Withdrawn	Withdrawn Withdrawn Withdrawn	Withdrawn
	Ca Watch Developing Ca	R Withdrawn Negative Outlook	
Guarantee	Outlook Develop	ing Withdrawn	Withdrawn

And Re-Appearance

But in its wake a new bond insurance industry has emerged... although low rates have hampered growth

<u>Insurer</u>	<u>Moody's</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Fitch</u>	<u>Kroll</u>
ASSURED GUARANTY	A2	AA	Not Rated	Not Rated
BAM _M	Not Rated	AA	Not Rated	Not Rated
MUNICIPAL ASSURANCE CORP.	Not Rated	AA	Not Rated	AA+
national public finance guarantee	А3	AA-	Not Rated	AA+

Some Recent Growth, Still Small Share of Market

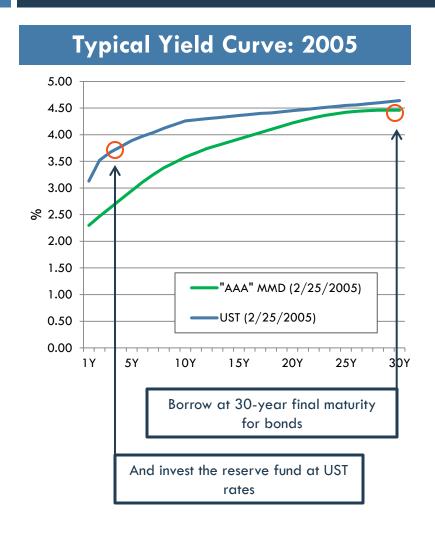


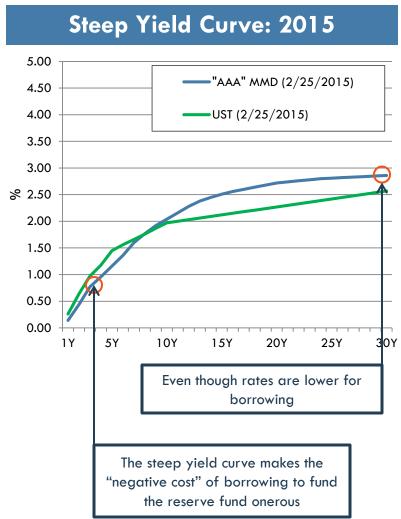
Source: Thomson Reuters, Securities Data Corporation; as of February 26, 2015

Trend 4: The Disappearing Reserve Fund

- Changing economics
- Changing credit tolerance
- Changing availability of substitutes
 - Stand-alone Debt Service Reserve Fund sureties from Bond Investors (see Trend 3)

Economics Of Reserve Fund





Source: Municipal Market Data and Thomson Reuters; as of February 26, 2015

Moody's Investors Service Standard & Poor's Fitch Ratings Kroll Bond Ratings

Why: What's Been Happening

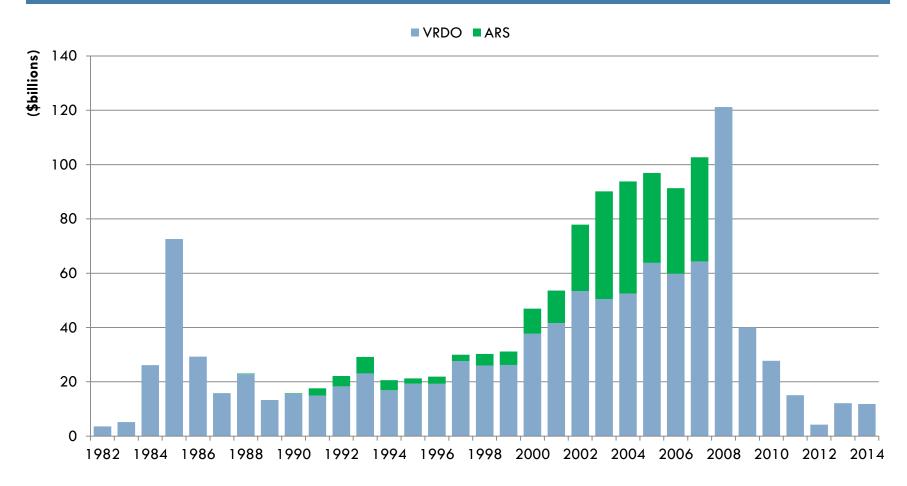
- Investors / regulators were upset by:
 - Aaa/AAA rated bonds that were downgraded or defaulted
 - "Global Ratings Adjustments"
 - Downgrades and Readjustments
 - Policy Changes

How has industry changed

- Underlying Ratings More in Demand than Ever
- Investors Make Own Credit Quality Judgments
- Need to Reach Investors Directly
- Pressure for Continuing Disclosure / Access
- Rating "Relationship Management"
- Regulation of Rating Agencies
- Criteria/Policy Requests for Comment
- Explicit Methodology

Trend 6: Dramatic Decline In VRDOs

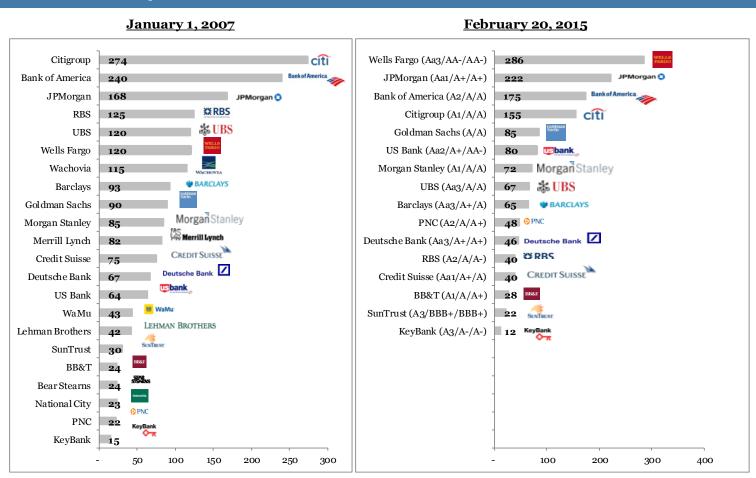
Historical Variable Rate Issuance



Source: Thomson Reuters; as of February 26, 2015

Why: Changes In The Bank Industry

Total Market Capitalization

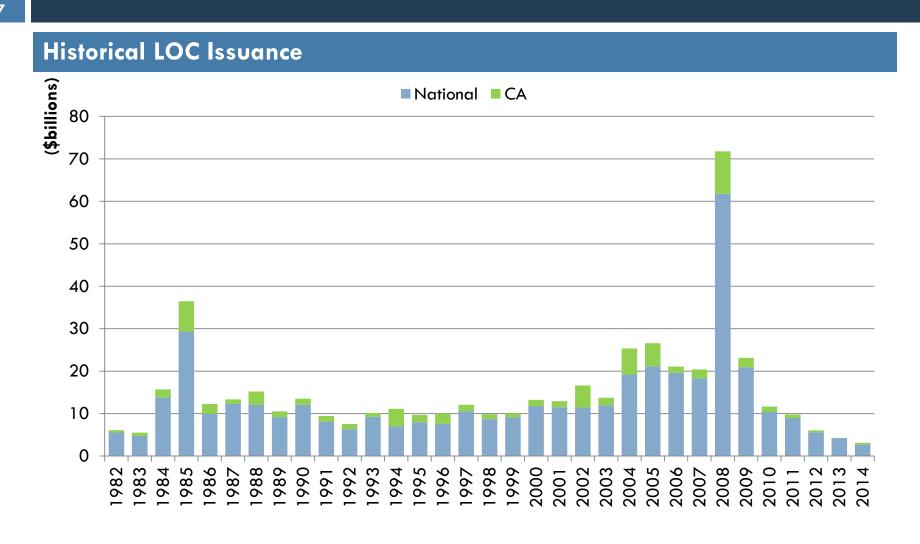


Source: Bloomberg; as of February 20, 2015

Why: Changes In The Letter Of Credit Industry

Top 20 LOC Banks in 1994		Top 20 LOC Banks in 2004			Top 20 LOC Banks in 2014							
Rank Bank	Principal Amount	Mkt. Share	National Flag	Rank Bank	Principal Amount	Mkt. Share	National Flag	Ran	k Bank	Principal Amount	Mkt. Share	National Flag
1 JPMorgan Chase Bank	7,974.0	12.02%		1 Bank of America NT&SA	2,509.7	16.80%		1	Bank of China	2,110.8	17.40%	*)
2 Union Bank of Switzerland	4,772.4	7.19%	+	2 Dexia Group	1,595.2	11.50%		2	Wells Fargo Bank	618.0	9.00%	
3 CS First Boston	4,343.3	6.55%		3 Depfa Bank	1,451.0	8.90%		3	JPMorgan Chase Bank	227.1	8.90%	
4 Bank of America	4,161.5	6.27%		4 JPMorgan Chase Bank	1,230.5	8.70%		4	US Bank NA	210.4	7.90%	
5 Societe Generale	4,132.5	6.23%		5 Citibank	1,192.2	7.50%		5	The Bank of New York Mellon	200.0	7.40%	
6 Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	4,000.6	6.03%	*	6 The Bank of New York Mellon	1,082.1	6.58%		6	MUFG Union Bank NA	180.0	6.70%	•
7 BNP Paribas SA	3,956.9	5.96%		7 LaSalle Bank	1,025.0	5.30%		7	RBC Capital Markets	145.0	6.70%	*
8 Westdeutsche Landesbank	3,945.0	5.95%		8 Wells Fargo Bank	998.0	5.00%		8	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	115.9	5.30%	
9 Toronto-Dominion	3,763.0	5.67%	*	9 BNP Paribas	940.0	4.70%		9	TD Bank NA	79.1	4.60%	
10 Citibank	3,758.5	5.66%		10 Suntrust Bank	776.5	4.50%		10	Bank of America	71.8	3.90%	

Changes In The Letter Of Credit Volume

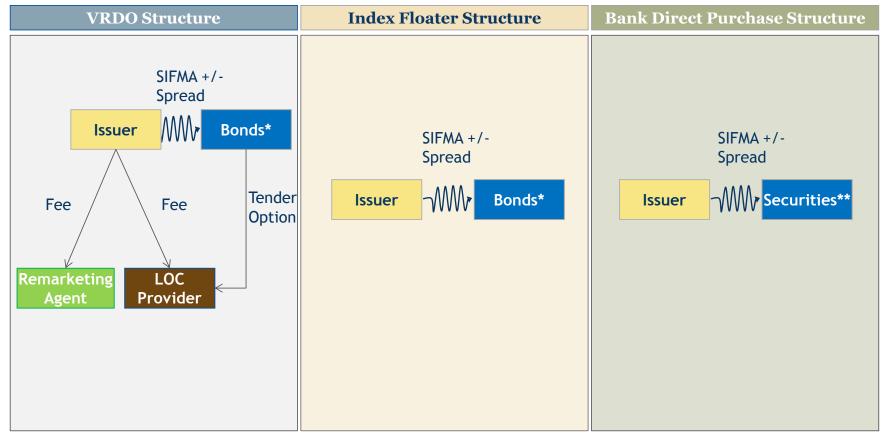


General Trends In Credit Enhancement

- Banks retaining capacity for existing clients
- Pricing remains competitive
- Greater attention to documentation
- Top three banks accounted for 35% of LOC volume¹
- Number of banks providing enhancement has declined since 2008¹
- Cost advantages for non domestic banks

But The Stats Are Misleading...

- While the decline in variable rate and LOC issuance is genuine,
 it is also vastly overstated
- Significant movement to on-balance sheet enhancement alternatives: <u>Direct Purchase by Banks</u>
- Different banks are doing the product differently and the generic term really describes multiple products
- Volume significant
 - Some banks buying as securities, some as loans
 - Some show up in market data, much does not

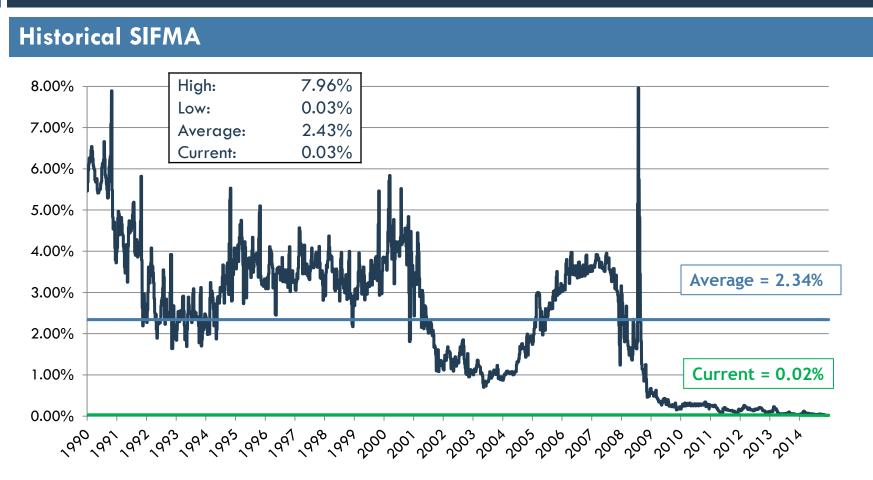


^{*} Bonds purchased by Investors

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^{**} Bonds purchased by Bank

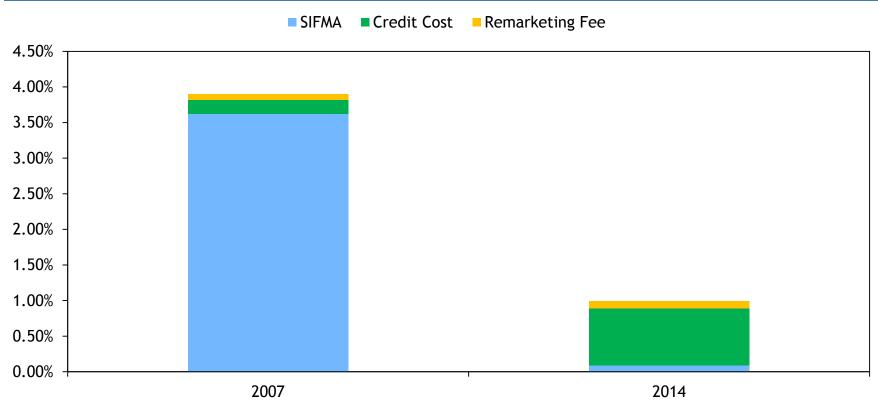
Trend 7: Low Variable Rates



An extended period of extraordinarily low interest rates

Result: Changing Borrowing Dynamics

Generic Variable Rate Cost Comparison (2007 vs. 2015)

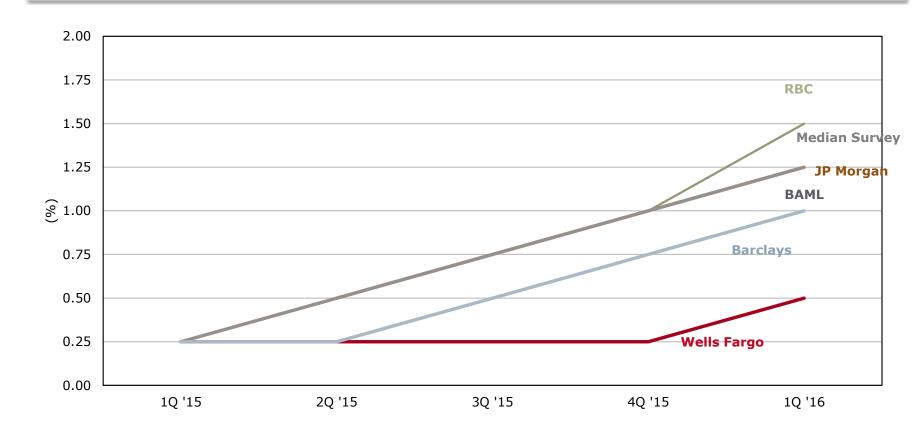


Assumptions: 2007 SIFMA average of 3.62%; 2014 SIFMA Average of 0.09%; 2007 Credit Costs of 0.20%; 2014 Credit Costs of 0.80%; 2007 Remarketing Fee of 0.08%; 2014 Remarketing Fee of 0.12%.

But Differing Market Views On Future Rates

Economist Outlook on the Federal Funds

(as of February 25, 2015)



Source: Bloomberg; as of February 25, 2015.

Trend 8: Regulatory Changes



- Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board
- Securities Exchange Commission
- Internal Revenue Service
- Disclosure and Continuing Disclosure

Questions And Follow Up



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