# Bond Concepts 

Craig Hill, Managing Principal, NHA Advisors, LLC

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- Introduction to Bonds
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- Basic Bond Math



## Purpose of Municipal Bonds



- Spread out the cost of constructing the asset over the life of the asset
- Ensures the benefits are paid for by those who enjoy them


## Ways to Fund Projects



Grants or Loans

## Common Objectives

## Project <br> Financing

- Capital improvement projects
- Infrastructure development


## Refinancing

- Lower Interest rates
- Consolidate debt and facilitate budget predictability


## Cash Flow

- Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRAN)
- Bond

Anticipation Notes (BAN)

## What Is A Bond?

- Issuer: Entity that issues the bonds
- Borrows the money
- Bondholder: Owner of the bonds
- Receives the bonds (lends money)
- Financing mechanism where the borrower receives a payment upfront from a lender in exchange for future repayments made to the lender
- Simply put: "a loan"
- Can be thought of as an IOU between lender and borrower



## Elements Of A Bond

## Maturity Schedule



## Sources and Uses

## Sources Of Funds

Par Amount of Bonds
\$5,000,000

Total Sources
\$5,000,000

Uses Of Funds
Costs of Issuance \$200,000
Project Fund
\$4,800,000

Total Uses
\$5,000,000

## Tax-Exempt Nature of Municipal Bonds

- Majority of Municipal Bonds are issued for public use projects and so are Tax-Exempt
- IRS requires that bonds issued for private purposes must be issued on a taxable basis
- Issuers are not allowed to earn more on the bond proceeds than the calculated yield ("arbitrage")



## Bond Structures



## Voter Approval



School District Bonds


State Bonds


## Thank YOU Proposition 13...

## Voter Approval Exceptions



Obligations Imposed by Law


# Developing the Financing Plan 

## Identify Project Needs

## Quantify Available Cash

Repayment Sources

Develop Financial Model

## Debt Policy Considerations



## Assembling the Financing Team

 (Public Offering)Issuer


Underwriter


Municipal Advisor



Trustee/Paying Agent

Bond/Disclosure Counsel


Rating Agency

A+

## Debt Structures

$\$ 400,000$
Level Debt Service


## Debt Structures



## Debt Structures

Ascending Debt Service


## Debt Structures



## Capital Appreciation Bonds (CABs)

Current Interest Bond


Maturity
Full Value


Capital Appreciation Bond

## Methods of a Bond Sale

## Competitive

## Negotiated

- Structured without UW
- UW services bid completely
- Traditional bonds or high rating
- UW selected by issuer before sale
- Structured with UW
- Unique

Transactions


MATURITY SCHEDULE

## Official Statement

$\$ 30,000,000$
CITY OF CAMPBELL
CITY OF CAMPBELL
ELECTION OF 2018 GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS,
SERIES 2022
(Base CUSIPt: 134105)

| Maturity Date (September 1) | Principal Amount | Interest Rate | Yield | Price | CUSIP ${ }^{+}$No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2022 | \$2,000,000 | 5.000\% | 1.600\% | 100.644 | JF3 |
| 2023 | 1,710,000 | 5.000 | 1.900 | 103.632 | JG1 |
| 2024 | 1,010,000 | 5.000 | 2.150 | 106.066 | JH9 |
| 2025 | 495,000 | 5.000 | 2.310 | 108.227 | JJ5 |
| 2026 | 520,000 | 5.000 | 2.380 | 110.389 | JK2 |
| 2027 | 545,000 | 5.000 | 2.470 | 112.253 | JLO |
| 2028 | 575,000 | 5.000 | 2.580 | 113.762 | JM8 |
| 2029 | 605,000 | 5.000 | 2.710 | 114.868 | JN6 |
| 2030 | 635,000 | 5.000 | 2.780 | 116.159 | JP1 |
| 2031 | 665,000 | 5.000 | 2.860 | $115.525^{\text {C }}$ | JQ9 |
| 2032 | 700,000 | 5.000 | 2.910 | $115.131^{\text {c }}$ | JR7 |
| 2033 | 730,000 | 5.000 | 3.020 | $114.269^{\text {c }}$ | JS5 |
| 2034 | 770,000 | 5.000 | 3.090 | $113.725^{\text {c }}$ | JT3 |
| 2035 | 805,000 | 5.000 | 3.180 | $113.030^{\text {c }}$ | JU0 |
| 2036 | 850,000 | 5.000 | 3.250 | $112.492{ }^{\text {c }}$ | JV8 |
| 2037 | 890,000 | 5.000 | 3.300 | $112.110^{\text {c }}$ | JW6 |
| 2038 | 935,000 | 5.000 | 3.350 | $111.730^{\text {c }}$ | JX4 |
| 2039 | 980,000 | 5.000 | 3.400 | $111.351^{\text {c }}$ | JY2 |
| 2040 | 1,030,000 | 5.000 | 3.460 | $110.898{ }^{\text {c }}$ | JZ9 |
| 2041 | 1,080,000 | 5.000 | 3.500 | $110.597{ }^{\text {c }}$ | KA2 |
| 2042 | 1,135,000 | 5.000 | 3.520 | $110.448^{\text {c }}$ | KB0 |

\$6,585,000-5.000\% Term Bonds maturing September 1, 2047; Yield: 3.550\%; Price: $110.223^{\text {c }}$; CUSIPT: KC8
\$4,750,000-4.000\% Term Bonds maturing September 1, 2050; Yield: 4.050\%; Price: 99.159; CUSIP ${ }^{\dagger}$ : KD6

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## Negotiated Underwriting Flow of Funds



Bondholders


## Municipal Market Data (MMD) Yield Curve

- Thomson Reuters Index
- Benchmark for "AAA" rated General Obligation Bonds



## Municipal Market Data (MMD) Yield Curve

- Thomson Reuters Index
- Benchmark for "AAA" rated General Obligation Bonds



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## What's the Credit Rating?



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CALIFORNIA REPUBLIC

## Credit Enhancements



## Bond Pricing \& Yield

- Prices and yields are inversely correlated

Par

## Price

Coupon
Yields

## Bond Pricing \& Yield

- Prices and yields are inversely correlated

Premium


## Bond Pricing \& Yield

- Prices and yields are inversely correlated

Discount

## Yields

Price
Coupon


## Pricing the Bonds

|  | Maturity | Market |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Date | Coupon | Yield | Price |
|  | 12/1/2023 | 5.00\% | 4.50\% | 102.195 |
| Par | 12/1/2024 | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 100.000 |
|  | 12/1/2025 | 5.00\% | 5.50\% | 97.865 |

## Pricing the Bonds



## Pricing the Bonds



## Investor Preferences



## Continuing Disclosure

- Issuers have the obligation to repay the bonds AND provide periodic reporting to investors
- Annual reporting and significant events reporting
- Will be discussed in more detail on Day 3


## Basic Bond Math

## Bond Price

- Bond Price: Price at which the bond is sold to investors
- Equation:

Bond Price $=\frac{C}{(1+i)}+\frac{C}{(1+i)^{2}}+\ldots+\frac{C}{(1+i)^{n}}+\frac{M}{(1+i)^{n}}$

- $\mathbf{C}=$ Coupon payment
- $\mathbf{i}=$ Interest rate (required yield)
- $\mathbf{M}=$ Value at maturity
- $\mathbf{n}=$ Number of payments
- Excel 'PRICE’ Function:

Inputs
Values
Delivery Date (settlement) 9/1/2022
Maturity Date 9/1/2032
Coupon (rate) $5.00 \%$
Yield 4.50\%
Maturity Value (redemption) \$100
Coupon Payments/Year 2
Day Count Basis 0
PRICE function
\$103.99

- =PRICE(delivery date, maturity date, coupon, yield, value at maturity, frequency of coupons, day count basis)


## Yield to Maturity

- Yield to Maturity (YTM): Total return anticipated on a bond if held until maturity
- Equation:

Bond Price $=\frac{\text { Cashflow } 1}{(1+\text { yield })^{1}}+\frac{\text { Cashflow } 2}{(1+\text { yield })^{2}}+\ldots+\frac{\text { Last Cashflow }}{(1+\text { yield })^{n}}$

- Back-solves bond price equation to determine yield, given bond price and coupon:
- Excel 'YIELD' Function:
$=$ YIELD(delivery date, maturity date, coupon, price, value at maturity, coupon payments per year, day count basis)


## Inputs <br> Values

Delivery Date (settlement) 9/1/2022
Maturity Date
Coupon (rate) 9/1/2032 5.00\%

Purchase Price $\$ 110$
Maturity Value (redemption) \$100
Coupon Payments/Year 2
Day Count Basis 0
YIELD function 3.79\%

## True Interest Cost

- True Interest Cost (TIC): Rate necessary to discount the amounts payable on the bond to the purchase price received
- Effective borrowing rate on Bond inclusive of P\&I and all costs associated with Bond issuance
- Proxied by internal rate of return (IRR)
- Excel ‘IRR’ function:
=IRR(values, guess)
- Values: Series of payments (first cash inflow must have negative value)
- Guess: Gives Excel a place to start solving

Principal and Interest Payment Date

| Issue Bonds | $\$(10,000,000)$ |
| :---: | ---: |
| $12 / 1 / 2023$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2024$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2025$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2026$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2027$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2028$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2029$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2030$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2031$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| $12 / 1 / 2032$ | $\$ 1,500,000$ |
| IRR Function (T\|C) | $\mathbf{8 . 1 4 \%}$ |

## Annual Debt Service Amount

 $\$(10,000,000)$ \$1,500,000
## Debt Service Payments

- If public agency needs to issue Bonds to pay for a police station, knowing the expected cost of the station, how can you approximate the yearly debt service?
- Excel Function
=PMT(Interest rate, Number of Periods, Present Value, Future Value, Payment Due Period)

| Inputs | Values |
| :--- | ---: |
| Coupon (rate) | $5.00 \%$ |
| Years to Maturity (nper) | 30 |
| Present Value (PV) | $\$ 30,000,000$ |
| Face Value (FV) | $\$ 0$ |
| Payment Due period | 0 |
| PMT Function (Annual DS) | $(\$ 1,951,543)$ |

- "PMT" value returned is negative to show cash payments going out

Case Study

## Campbell - Session 2

Fun Stats

## California County Ratings



15 AAA Rated Counties in California

20 AA Rated Counties in California
*The state of California has a AA- rating

Source: S\&P Global Ratings as of September 2022

## California City Ratings



62 AAA Rated Municipalities in California

Roughly 130 AA Rated Municipalities in California
*The state of California has a AA- rating

Source: S\&P Global Ratings as of September 2022



## Types of Transactions



## Types of Transactions



## 2020

## Types of Transactions



## Issuer Type-2018

Transactions


■ K-14 Schools

- State of California
- All Others

Volume


- K-14 Schools

■ Cities

- Special Districts
- State of California


## Issuer Type - 2019



## Issuer Type - 2020

Transactions


## Issuer Type - 2021

Transactions





[^0]:    C Priced to the first optional redemption date of September 1, 2030.
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