

SESSION TWO

Duration and Asset/Liability Management (ALM): Practical Approach, Theory, and Case Study



JASON KLINGHOFFER, CFA
Director, DCM, Mischler Financial Group
Principal, MaxQ Analytics

HUBIE WHITE, CFA, CTP
Chief Investment Officer
Office of the Treasurer & Tax Collector
City & County of San Francisco



When investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, the **primary objective** of a trustee shall be to **safeguard the principal of the funds** under its control.

The **secondary objective** shall be to meet the **liquidity needs** of the depositor.

The **third objective** shall be to **achieve a return** on the funds under its control.

Suitability – Building a Plan with Purposeful Evaluation

In a room full of public fund managers, when asked the question, “In importance, how do you rank the objectives of safety, liquidity and income in the performance of your job?” most of the respondents would rank safety and liquidity combined at 80 percent to 90 percent. In light of the above example, why then would the typical performance evaluation be based on a portfolio’s total return – or even a peer group comparison – given that, of the three policy objectives, return receives the lowest priority?

- 1) Performance Evaluation involves both qualitative and quantitative components to form the basis for reporting how well a manager is doing in meeting investment objectives.
- 2) Suitability is the one standard that can “specify performance measures as are appropriate for the nature and size of the public funds within the custody or the unit of local government”
- 3) The five “we’s” of suitability sets a baseline for questions to be answered while developing a strategy.

Five Points of Suitability

- Questions you should ask yourself to evaluate performance.

1

Liquidity

Is there adequate liquidity to meet operating expenses without the need to sell bonds before maturity?

2

Duration

Is the portfolio exposed to an appropriate level of interest rate risk (duration) in the portfolio?

3

Allocation

Does the portfolio have a diversified asset allocation along type, structure and maturity timeframes?

4

Legal

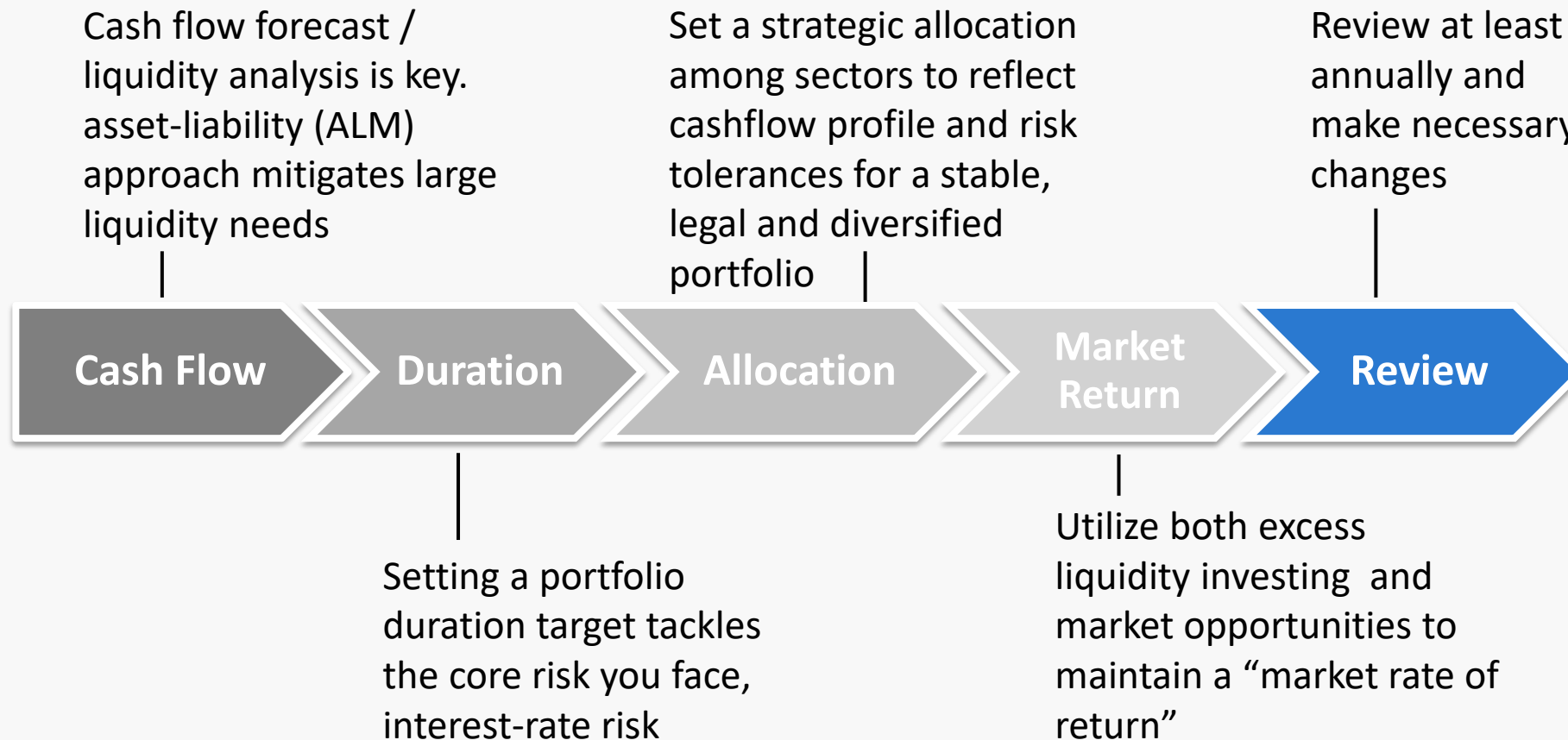
Does the portfolio meet compliance and policy/statute constraints?

5

Earnings

Is the portfolio earning a “market rate of return” through budgetary and economic cycles?

Strategy Development Steps for Public Investors



“Don’t Beat the Market, Be the Market”

Harvard Endowment: Had 230 employees until 2017, Top 6 executives took home over \$40MM in compensation.

Lost to S&P index by over 100bp over last 20 years and almost 500Bp over past 10 years.

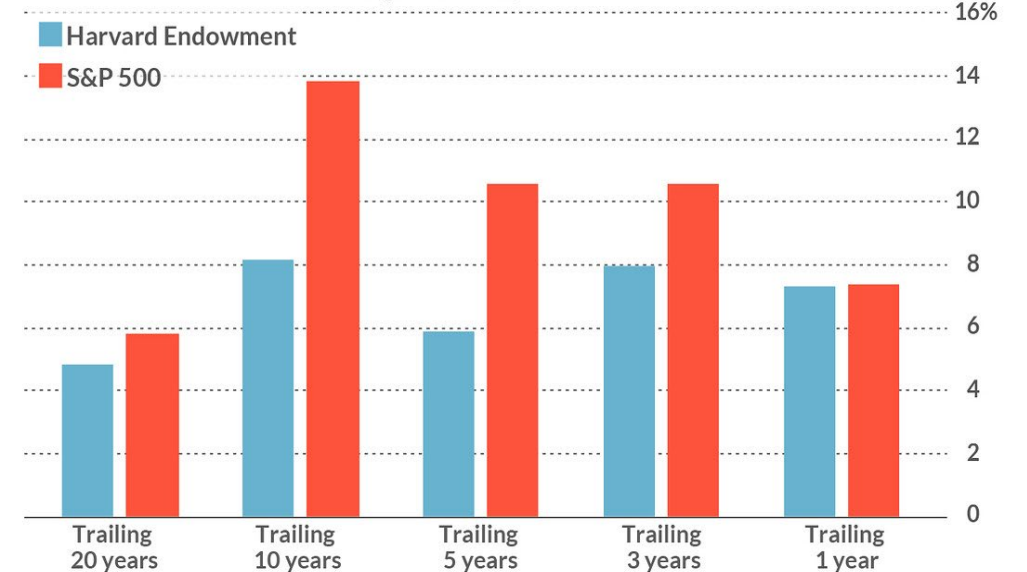
Lost to the S&P annually for the last 12 years straight.

5 Takeaway’s:

- Performance Persistence is Rare:
 - Harvard’s few moments of glory have been dwarfed by it’s failures.
- Overconfidence is an obstacle:
 - Those who have seen success get complacent and assume they are smarter than they really are.
- Reversion to the mean is powerful:
 - Sector outperformance comes and goes and is hard to predict.
- Many years of skill required to beat luck:
 - Statistically speaking, you would need many decades to understand if manager is superior.
- Indexes are hard to beat:
 - Harvard would have even lost out to a blended portfolio of 60% stocks, 40% US Bonds over last 20 years.

The best and brightest

Annualized total return through June 30, 2020



Source: Harvard Management Company; The Harvard Crimson; www.HulbertRatings.com

“Don’t Beat the Market, Be the Market”

What Does Nevada’s \$35 Billion Fund Manager Do All Day? Nothing

Nevada goes passive to beat peers; BLT or tuna

By [Timothy W. Martin](#) [Follow](#)

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Steve Edmundson, chief investment officer of the Nevada Public Employees' Retirement System, works alone in his Carson City office. PHOTO: JAMIE KINGHAM FOR THE WALL STREET JOURNAL

Interest Rate Speculation

Rates: Aug 1986 to Dec 2024
\$100MM Portfolio

The Truth About Flat Yield Curves

	Speculate Holding 3Mo Tbill in Lieu of Longer Bond										
	Dates Reviewed: 08/31/1986 To 12/31/2024										
	Buy 3MoTBill				Start Date		08/31/1986		Portfolio Size		\$100,000,000.00
				End Date		12/31/2024					
3Mo TBill vs.	Observations in Months	Observations in Years	Number of Times Shorter Bond Wins	% of Wins	Number of Times Shorter Bond Loses	% of Losses	Average Annual Basis Point Win	Average Annual Basis Point Loss	Average Performance of Staying in Short Bond Over Period in Basis Points Annually	Average Performance of Staying in Short Bond Over Holding Period in Dollars	Average Spread of Shorter Bond to Buy Bond at Decision Time
Buy 2YrTsy	461	38.42	109	23.64%	352	76.36%	66.97	(112.26)	(69.88)	(\$1,397,624.73)	(62.28)
Buy 5YrTsy	461	38.42	27	5.86%	434	94.14%	32.01	(199.15)	(185.61)	(\$9,280,629.07)	(129.16)

	Speculate Holding 3Mo Tbill in Lieu of Longer Bond Dates Reviewed: 08/31/1986 To 12/31/2024										
	Buy 3MoTbill		Start Date		08/31/1986		Portfolio Size		\$100,000,000.00		
			End Date		12/31/2024		3Mo Spread at Decision		0		
3Mo TBill vs.	Observations in Months	Observations in Years	Number of Times Shorter Bond Wins	% of Wins	Number of Times Shorter Bond Loses	% of Losses	Average Annual Basis Point Win	Average Annual Basis Point Loss	Average Performance of Staying in Short Bond Over Period in Basis Points Annually	Average Performance of Staying in Short Bond Over Holding Period in Dollars	Average Spread of Shorter Bond to Buy Bond at Decision Time
Buy 2YrTsy	43	3.58	3	6.98%	40	93.02%	45.17	(156.17)	(142.12)	(\$2,842,441.86)	21.12
Buy 5YrTsy	34	2.83	5	14.71%	29	85.29%	62.85	(273.56)	(224.09)	(\$11,204,264.71)	29.44

Can't Beat the Market, So Now What?

- Public entities generally exhibit predictive cash flows in both magnitude and timing.
- This allows public funds to create duration optimized (interest rate risk centric) allocations.
- Allocations should reflect the legal guidance of the investment policy and the desired weights of allowable sectors based on risk/reward and ALM preferences.
- Portfolio construction: Safety (IR Risk, credit), liquidity, diversified, legal, market rate of return.



Duration, Duration, Duration!

Being invested is more important than the allocation decision!

Moving from Cash to two duration in Treasuries:


Pickup approx 30Bp Avg Yield

Moving from two duration in Treasuries to two duration in Agency Bullets

Pickup approx 7Bp Avg Yield

Moving from two duration in Agency Bullets to maturity matched Agency Callables:

Pickup approx 12Bp in Avg Yield



Custom Model Stats

Analysis Dates: Dec 31, 2014 - Dec 31, 2024

MODEL WEIGHTING		Cash Proxy	Treasury	Agency Bullet	Agency Callable
L0US	OVERNIGHT CASH	100.00%			
G0QA	Treasury 0-1Yr		34.00%		
H541	Agy Composite 0-1Yr			32.00%	32.00%
G1O2	Treasury 1-3Yr		36.00%		
G1PB	Agy Bullet 1-3Yr			37.00%	
G1PC	Agy Callable 1-3Yr				37.00%
G2O2	Treasury 3-5Yr		30.00%		
G2PB	Agy Bullet 3-5Yr			31.00%	
G2PC	Agy Callable 3-5Yr				31.00%

MODEL STATS	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Std Dev Yld	Avg Eff Dur
Cash Proxy	1.760%	0.000%	1.760%	0.553%	1.725%	1.886%	0.003
Treasury	1.506%	(0.369%)	1.819%	1.641%	2.018%	1.595%	1.982
Agency Bullet	1.631%	(0.558%)	2.092%	1.575%	2.083%	1.592%	1.981
Agency Callable	1.339%	(0.295%)	1.594%	1.407%	2.202%	1.658%	1.427

Anatomy of Duration

MACAULAY DURATION

Economist Frederick Macaulay proposed simple formula (1938) to measure the **time** required to recover the initial cost of the bond (present value).

Weights are given to the present value of each cash flow (coupon payment) at the applicable interest rate for the life of the bond (YTM) then divided by the market price.

$$[PV(CF1)*p1+PV(CF2)*p2...PV(CFn)*Pn] / \text{Market Price of Bond}$$

Thus, Macaulay Duration states the time period within which the present value of the bond will be realized.

e.g. Current 5 Year Treasury has duration of 4.805.

The duration of a bond will always be less than its maturity period.

MODIFIED DURATION

Macaulay Duration was a good tool when it was conceived to compare bonds on a relative basis as to when an investor could expect to receive the cost of their investment back. The shorter the Macaulay Duration, the “less risk” was perceived by the investor since the PV of the bond would be received sooner.

However, Macaulay Duration’s shortfall was its inability to measure risk associated with holding the bond during its existence. Macaulay Duration lacks the ability to measure changes in value as interest rates fluctuate.

To correct for this, the simple division of the Macaulay Duration by (1+YTM) will convert the Mac Duration from a **time-based** receipt of cash flows to the **approximate change** in price given a 100bp move in rates.

EFFECTIVE DURATION

Same as Modified Duration but accounts for prepayment risk in callables and amortizing product. Requires additional sophistication (OAS Model) to obtain.

Effective Duration ***SHOULD ALWAYS*** be used when a portfolio invests in callable or MBS type securities.

Why Do We Care?

- We know modified duration measures the approximate change in value for a 100bp change in interest rates.
- Because Modified Duration has Macaulay Duration as an input, we know that TVM (time value of money) principles apply.
- Thus, we can show that in normal markets over long periods of time, the more duration we take on (risk), the more return we can achieve.
- Since earning a Market Rate of Return is a core objective (albeit a lower priority one), maximizing duration given safety and liquidity are taken care of is important. It will be the **core** determinant of how much income/return can be derived from the portfolio.
- Sector and structure profile is of secondary importance to duration.



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Market Based – Curve(s)


- Manager uses a single or set of interest rate curves and measures risk/reward profile to establish duration.
- Example: A Treasury curve is used to remove credit risk and determine optimal spot on the curve over some period of time.
- Manager could also use a set of curves and based on sector and structure preference could weight each curve accordingly to get blended duration.



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Market Based Approach

Single or Multiple Curve Analysis

<div>  <div> Interest Rate Risk Analysis Analysis Dates: Jul 31, 2006 - Jul 31, 2021 </div> <div> RISK SELECTION Select 1.00Yr Tsy </div> </div>																
	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Annualized Std Dev Price Return	Annualized Std Dev Income Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Avg Eff Dur	TR Sharpe Ratio	Yld Sharpe Ratio	Income Return Ratio	Price Return Ratio	Main Street Ratio	Yield/Edur % of 30Yr	TR/Std Dev % of 30Yr	Weighted Rank
3Mo Tsy	1.055%	1.055%		0.454%	0.454%	0.000%	0.946%	0.235						28.6% / 1.2%	15.2% / 3.1%	
6Mo Tsy	1.355%	1.355%		0.539%	0.539%	0.000%	1.040%	0.484	0.556	0.065		0.556	0.193	31.5% / 2.5%	19.5% / 3.6%	9
9Mo Tsy	1.466%	0.684%	0.783%	0.629%	0.533%	0.211%	1.101%	0.735	0.641	0.110	0.355	0.278	0.206	33.3% / 3.8%	21.1% / 4.2%	3
1.00Yr Tsy	1.576%	0.013%	1.566%	0.719%	0.528%	0.422%	1.162%	0.986	0.725	0.155	0.711		0.219	35.2% / 5.1%	22.7% / 4.9%	1
1.25Yr Tsy	1.718%	0.217%	1.539%	0.873%	0.701%	0.411%	1.193%	1.225	0.747	0.182	0.608	0.000	0.208	36.1% / 6.3%	24.7% / 5.9%	2
1.50Yr Tsy	1.860%	0.422%	1.512%	1.028%	0.874%	0.400%	1.225%	1.463	0.770	0.210	0.506	0.000	0.197	37.1% / 7.5%	26.8% / 6.9%	7
1.75Yr Tsy	2.002%	0.626%	1.486%	1.183%	1.047%	0.389%	1.256%	1.701	0.792	0.238	0.404	0.000	0.187	38.0% / 8.7%	28.8% / 8.0%	13
2.00Yr Tsy	2.144%	0.830%	1.459%	1.338%	1.221%	0.377%	1.287%	1.939	0.814	0.265	0.302		0.176	39.0% / 10.0%	30.9% / 9.0%	20
2.25Yr Tsy	2.305%	0.910%	1.565%	1.515%	1.400%	0.384%	1.334%	2.171	0.822	0.308	0.328	0.012	0.178	40.4% / 11.1%	33.2% / 10.2%	19
2.50Yr Tsy	2.466%	0.990%	1.672%	1.691%	1.580%	0.391%	1.381%	2.403	0.831	0.351	0.354	0.023	0.180	41.8% / 12.3%	35.5% / 11.4%	18
2.75Yr Tsy	2.626%	1.070%	1.778%	1.867%	1.760%	0.397%	1.427%	2.635	0.839	0.394	0.380	0.035	0.182	43.2% / 13.5%	37.8% / 12.6%	17
3.00Yr Tsy	2.787%	1.151%	1.884%	2.044%	1.940%	0.404%	1.474%	2.866	0.847	0.437	0.406	0.047	0.184	44.6% / 14.7%	40.1% / 13.8%	16
3.25Yr Tsy	2.929%	1.251%	1.959%	2.258%	2.158%	0.394%	1.528%	3.101	0.837	0.491	0.402	0.071	0.186	46.3% / 15.9%	42.2% / 15.3%	14
3.50Yr Tsy	3.071%	1.351%	2.034%	2.473%	2.377%	0.384%	1.582%	3.336	0.826	0.544	0.399	0.095	0.189	47.9% / 17.1%	44.2% / 16.7%	12
3.75Yr Tsy	3.213%	1.452%	2.108%	2.687%	2.595%	0.374%	1.636%	3.570	0.816	0.598	0.396	0.119	0.191	49.5% / 18.3%	46.3% / 18.2%	11
4.00Yr Tsy	3.355%	1.552%	2.183%	2.902%	2.814%	0.364%	1.690%	3.805	0.805	0.652	0.393	0.143	0.193	51.2% / 19.5%	48.3% / 19.6%	10
4.25Yr Tsy	3.497%	1.652%	2.258%	3.117%	3.033%	0.354%	1.744%	4.040	0.794	0.705	0.389	0.167	0.196	52.8% / 20.7%	50.4% / 21.1%	8
4.50Yr Tsy	3.639%	1.753%	2.332%	3.331%	3.251%	0.344%	1.798%	4.274	0.784	0.759	0.386	0.191	0.198	54.4% / 21.9%	52.4% / 22.5%	6
4.75Yr Tsy	3.781%	1.853%	2.407%	3.546%	3.470%	0.334%	1.852%	4.509	0.773	0.813	0.383	0.215	0.200	56.1% / 23.1%	54.4% / 24.0%	5
5.00Yr Tsy	3.923%	1.954%	2.482%	3.760%	3.689%	0.324%	1.906%	4.744	0.763	0.867	0.379	0.239	0.202	57.7% / 24.4%	56.5% / 25.4%	4
10.00Yr Tsy	4.761%	2.090%	3.375%	7.020%	6.968%	0.293%	2.594%	8.846	0.528	1.623	0.330	0.147	0.186	78.5% / 45.4%	68.6% / 47.4%	15
30.00Yr Tsy	6.945%	3.482%	4.960%	14.802%	14.766%	0.265%	3.303%	19.478	0.398	2.514	0.264	0.164	0.121			21

INDEX DATES
 Start Date **7/31/06**
 End Date **7/31/21**

RISK/REWARD WEIGHTING
 TR Sharpe Ratio **0.00%**
 Yld Sharpe Ratio **0.00%**
 Income Return Ratio **0.00%**
 Price Return Ratio **0.00%**
 Main Street Ratio **100.00%**

Market Based Approach

Single or Multiple Curve Analysis

- Uses simple methodology by utilizing a single or multiple curves that are easily accessible.
- Risk/Reward is measured through principles like the Sharpe Ratio or a duration modified Sharpe Ratio and are relatively simple calculations.
- Does not capture true portfolio exposure (single curve used to measure duration, but portfolio is allocated across different sectors).
- Multiple curve approach requires sector allocation desires before duration established (chicken vs. egg).
- Mean-Variance Analysis possible, but requires sophistication and still optimizes market-based volatility to expected returns.
- **Does not** account for liabilities or cash flow needs of portfolio.

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Market Based – Index Sets

- Manager uses a set of indices and measures risk/reward profiles accordingly (ICE/BAML, Lehman/Bloomberg, etc..).
- Like multiple curves, the manager could weight their preference of sectors and structures and determine the optimal blended duration for the portfolio.



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration


Market Based Approach

Single or Multiple Index Analysis

0 – 1Yr Agy Composite = .53

1 – 3Yr A-AAA Corporate = 1.93

Blended 50/50 Duration= 1.23



Static Index Stats
Analysis Dates: Nov 30, 2007 - Nov 30, 2019

INDEX DATES

Start Date

11/30/07

End Date

11/30/19

INDEX STATS 0-1	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Std Dev Yld	Avg Eff Dur	TR Sharpe Ratio	Yld Sharpe Ratio	Main Street Ratio	Weighted Rank
0-1 Treasury	0.925%	(1.137%)	1.843%	0.375%	0.767%	0.844%	0.515	0.644	0.180	0.296	4.0
0-1 Agy Composite	1.105%	(1.385%)	2.178%	0.469%	0.915%	0.965%	0.530	0.899	0.310	0.565	3.0
0-1 Supranational	1.395%	(1.565%)	2.553%	0.413%	1.315%	0.941%	0.539	1.724	0.743	1.298	2.0
0-1 A-AAA Corp	1.848%	(2.162%)	3.300%	0.841%	1.782%	1.508%	0.525	1.385	0.773	2.221	1.0

INDEX STATS 1-3	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Std Dev Yld	Avg Eff Dur	TR Sharpe Ratio	Yld Sharpe Ratio	Main Street Ratio	Weighted Rank
1-3 Treasury	1.629%	(0.396%)	1.948%	1.125%	1.051%	0.784%	1.865	0.841	0.556	0.234	6.0
1-3 Agency Blt	1.993%	(0.587%)	2.440%	1.251%	1.233%	0.886%	1.835	1.047	0.697	0.337	4.0
1-3 Agency Clb	1.515%	0.052%	1.471%	0.662%	1.279%	0.895%	1.169	1.257	0.742	0.568	2.0
1-3 Municipal	1.902%	(2.674%)	3.614%	1.115%	1.159%	0.649%	1.805	1.093	0.838	0.301	5.0
1-3 Supranational	2.329%	(0.411%)	2.636%	1.166%	1.576%	0.801%	1.935	1.412	1.200	0.497	3.0
1-3 A-AAA Corp	2.682%	(1.089%)	3.419%	2.570%	2.318%	1.592%	1.930	0.778	1.070	0.882	1.0

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

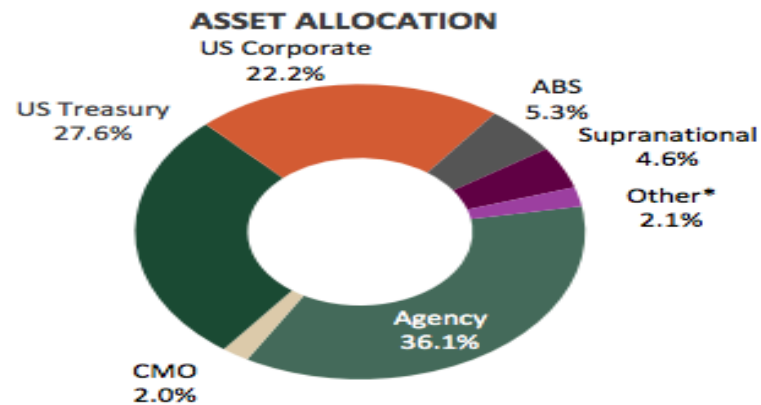
Market Based Approach

Single or Multiple Index Analysis (cont. 2 of 3)

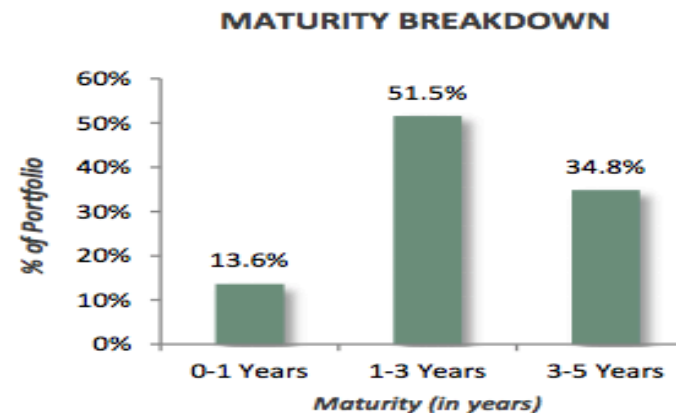
CHARACTERISTICS		ICE BAML 1-5 Year US Treasury & Agency Index
Average Maturity	2.53	2.67
Average Duration	2.31	2.54
Yield-to-Maturity	2.71%	2.52%
Average Quality*	AA	AAA
Average Coupon	1.99%	2.18%

*Composite quality based on S&P ratings. Index quality reflects S&P equivalent of composite/average of S&P, Moody's and Fitch ratings. Composite characteristics are supplemental information under GIPS and supplement the composite presentation herein.

Treasuries represent 96.5% of this index as of Aug 31, 2021



*Other includes Cash, Commercial Paper, Foreign Corporate, Municipal Bonds and Negotiable CD.



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Market Based – Index Sets

Single or Multiple Index Analysis (cont. 3 of 3)

- Uses simple methodology by utilizing a single or multiple indices that are easily accessible.
- Risk/Reward is measured through principles like the Sharpe Ratio or a duration modified Sharpe Ratio and are relatively simple calculations.
- Single Indices like the ICE BofAML 1-5 Tsy / Agy can be heavily weighted in one sector.
- Does not capture liquidity needs or actual allocation exposure of your portfolio (unless several indices are used with actual exposure weights).
- Multiple index approach requires sector allocation desires before duration established (chicken vs. egg)
- **Does** not account for liabilities or cash flow needs of portfolio.

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based - ALM

- Utilizes cash flow analysis to measure the timing and magnitude of liabilities.
- Uses immunization techniques utilized in the insurance and pension world to measure individual liability streams.
- These liability streams are combined and weighted to derive a total portfolio duration that will suffice to match the liability needs.



CA Investment Primer – Portfolio Structuring

“One of the most important objectives in the investment of public funds is ensuring that funds are available to fund an organization’s cashflow needs. Investment officials **must** identify periods when cash will be needed from the portfolio and **invest funds to mature on those dates.**

Furthermore, most investment officials will want to provide a cushion of cash to meet unexpected cash outlays. This cushion may be maintained in short-term investments, money market funds, or in LAIF.”

“In developing a portfolio structuring strategy, it is the investor’s primary goal to balance the portfolio’s safety and liquidity with the **secondary** goal of yield. Safety is achieved through careful selection and monitoring of high credit quality investments and **matching maturities of investments to cash needs.**”



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

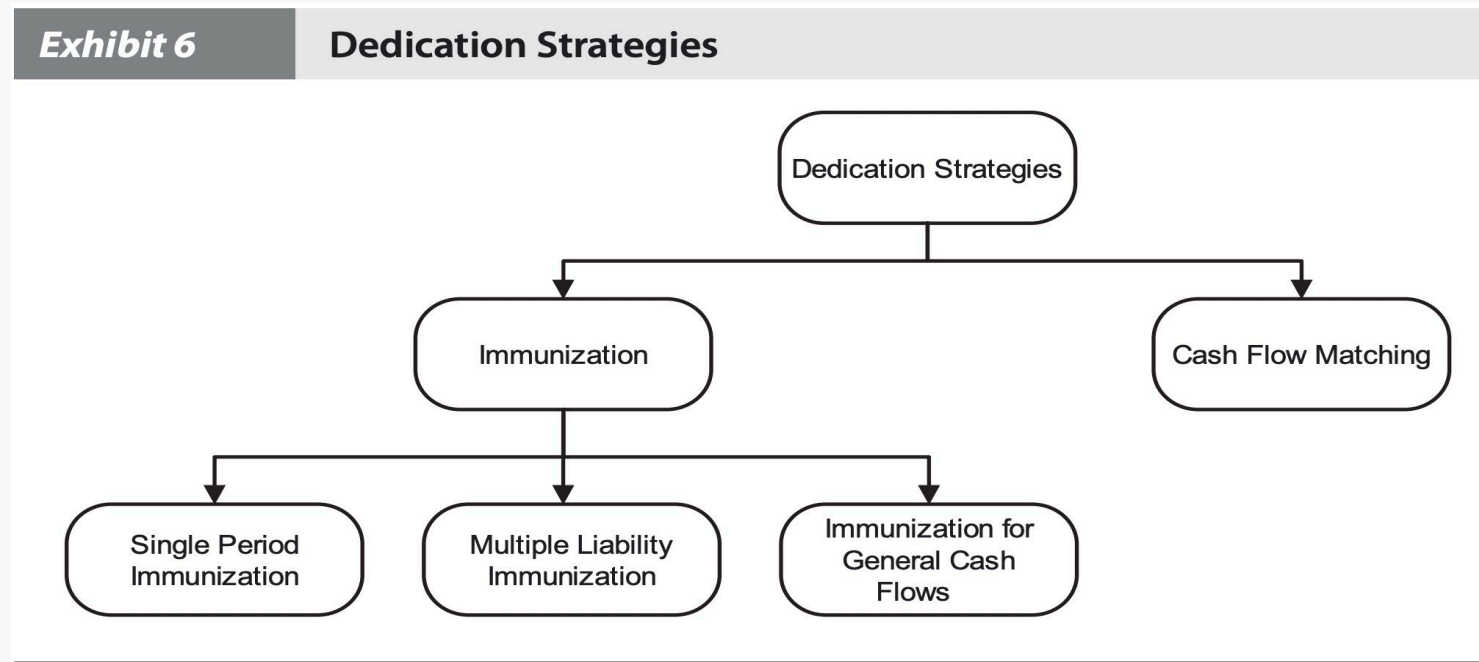
Cash Flow Based Approach

ALM Analysis

Dedication Strategy: Specialized fixed-income strategy designed to accommodate specific funding needs of the investor. They generally are classified as passive in nature, although it is possible to add some active management elements to them.

Exhibit 6

Dedication Strategies



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 2 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Immunization: Aims to construct a portfolio that, over a specified horizon, will earn a predetermined return regardless of interest rate changes (duration focused). An increase in rates and the corresponding drop in investment value partially offset by an increase in re-investment rates (and vice-versa).

Cash Flow Matching: Provides the future funding of a liability stream from the coupon and matured principal payments of the portfolio (not duration focused). A simple accumulation of the coupon, reinvestment return and value at horizon will offset liability in full.

Neither strategy perfectly fits public treasury as public entities must focus on Duration as a primary risk metric and typically spend coupons as anticipated by their budget.

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 3 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Combination Matching (also called horizon matching): Popular variation of multiple immunization and cash flow matching to fund liabilities by combining the two strategies. A portfolio is created that is duration-matched with the added constraint that it be cash flow-matched in the first few years, usually the first five years.

Since most public entities are policy constrained to five years and in, we can combine the strategies for the entire legal timeframe of the portfolio.

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach


(cont. 4 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 1 – Liquidity Profile

Enter Receipts and Disbursements for 36 months (or desired length) to calculate Net Cash Flow per month over the last three years.

If data is difficult to obtain, a portfolio proxy can be used by utilizing the month over month change in book value of the portfolio as the net cash flow.

		Cash Flow Entry Sample City <input type="button" value="Update Data"/>		
	Date	Receipts	Expenditures	Net Flow
1	08/31/2018	\$24,471,632.81	\$26,953,467.16	(\$2,481,834.35)
2	09/30/2018	\$23,559,974.56	\$25,279,925.18	(\$1,719,950.62)
3	10/31/2018	\$30,230,063.91	\$32,487,689.44	(\$2,257,625.53)
4	11/30/2018	\$51,936,945.68	\$29,593,564.84	\$22,343,380.84
5	12/31/2018	\$24,127,233.19	\$36,589,847.89	(\$12,462,614.70)
6	01/31/2019	\$24,918,896.36	\$38,186,973.19	(\$13,268,076.83)
7	02/28/2019	\$25,734,823.79	\$29,043,844.20	(\$3,309,020.41)
8	03/31/2019	\$16,548,385.34	\$27,337,583.28	(\$10,789,197.94)
9	04/30/2019	\$20,508,348.59	\$29,534,947.01	(\$9,026,598.42)
10	05/31/2019	\$89,102,085.61	\$36,728,474.91	\$52,373,610.70
11	06/30/2019	\$45,733,196.26	\$41,057,162.97	\$4,676,033.29
12	07/31/2019	\$28,962,367.65	\$32,115,824.92	(\$3,153,457.27)
13	08/31/2019	\$27,149,309.89	\$30,267,442.20	(\$3,118,132.31)
14	09/30/2019	\$20,715,835.31	\$26,719,598.11	(\$6,003,762.80)
15	10/31/2019	\$26,003,560.74	\$32,235,031.27	(\$6,231,470.53)
16	11/30/2019	\$62,252,076.52	\$37,799,795.37	\$24,452,281.15
17	12/31/2019	\$29,319,020.67	\$40,322,210.03	(\$11,003,189.36)
18	01/31/2020	\$28,241,721.32	\$43,668,419.60	(\$15,426,698.28)
19	02/29/2020	\$31,291,231.95	\$34,078,791.63	(\$2,787,559.68)
20	03/31/2020	\$19,500,350.84	\$37,131,753.46	(\$17,631,402.62)
21	04/30/2020	\$16,677,064.70	\$26,304,041.58	(\$9,626,976.88)
22	05/31/2020	\$88,324,955.64	\$48,333,158.15	\$39,991,797.49
23	06/30/2020	\$52,111,610.18	\$46,363,012.78	\$5,748,597.40
24	07/31/2020	\$33,638,613.02	\$34,979,405.09	(\$1,340,792.07)
25	08/31/2020	\$28,346,100.41	\$31,194,182.34	(\$2,848,081.93)
26	09/30/2020	\$22,215,127.23	\$32,450,056.41	(\$10,234,929.18)
27	10/31/2020	\$20,081,784.50	\$35,741,768.07	(\$15,659,983.57)
28	11/30/2020	\$62,542,916.58	\$36,943,063.72	\$25,599,852.86
29	12/31/2020	\$30,429,996.34	\$42,419,717.79	(\$11,989,721.45)
30	01/31/2021	\$30,074,891.47	\$43,632,363.40	(\$13,557,471.93)
31	02/28/2021	\$31,592,189.05	\$34,700,203.72	(\$3,108,014.67)
32	03/31/2021	\$20,648,902.89	\$34,525,669.42	(\$13,876,766.53)
33	04/30/2021	\$30,150,467.58	\$37,415,760.79	(\$7,265,293.21)
34	05/31/2021	\$99,478,439.49	\$48,720,733.83	\$50,757,705.66
35	06/30/2021	\$44,395,717.46	\$43,679,333.78	\$716,383.68
36	07/31/2021	\$37,275,538.69	\$34,980,269.97	\$2,295,268.72

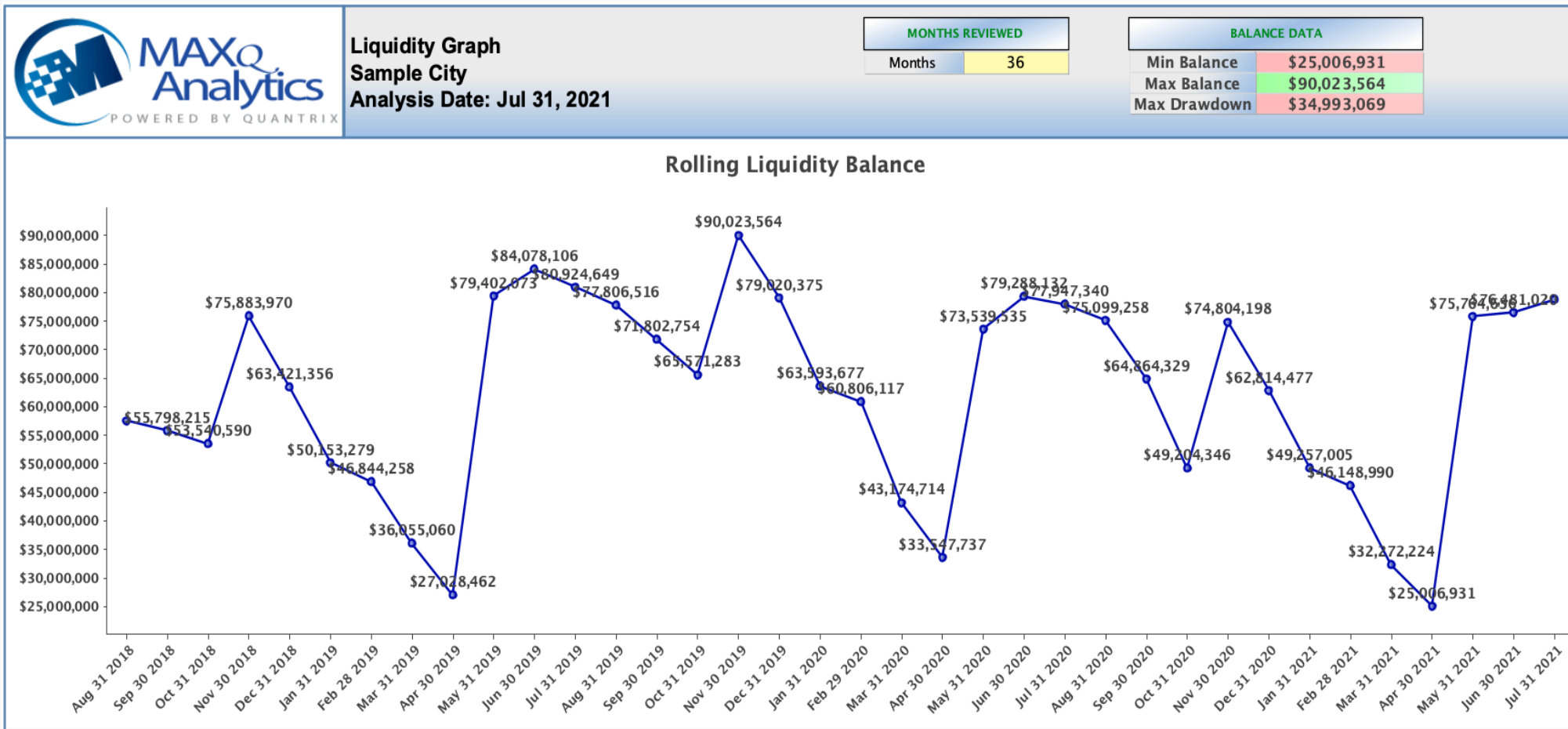
Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 5 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 1 – Liquidity Profile

Institution Name	Sample City
Portfolio Balance	\$300,000,000.00
Primary Liquidity	\$60,000,000.00
Analysis Date	07/31/2021



Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 6 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 1 – Liquidity Profile

Liquidity Buffer	1.50
Liquidity %	17.50%

Rolling Liquidity Evaluation	36	
	Value	Date
Minimum Balance	\$25,006,930.66	
Maximum Balance	\$90,023,564.27	
Maximum Drawdown	(\$34,993,069.34)	4/30/21
Required Liquidity		Multiplier
Strategic Primary Liquidity	\$34,993,069.34	1.00x / 11.7%
Strategic Book Liquidity	\$34,993,069.34	1.00x / 11.7%
Strategic Total Liquidity	\$69,986,138.68	2.00x / 23.3%
Actual Liquidity		Multiplier
Actual Primary Liquidity	\$60,000,000.00	1.71x / 20.0%
Actual Book Liquidity	\$0.00	0.00x / 0.0%
Actual Total Liquidity	\$60,000,000.00	1.71x / 20.0%
Investable Liquidity		% Change
Investable Primary Liquidity	\$25,006,930.66	41.68%
Investable Book Liquidity	(\$34,993,069.34)	N/A
Total Investable Liquidity	(\$9,986,138.68)	N/A

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach

(cont. 7 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 2 – Projected Cash Flows

Using your own assumptions or average/worst case cash flow projections, we can establish a liability ladder to measure against.

These projections are the net inflow and outflow expectations laddered over the policy limited timeframe of the portfolio.

Projected Net Cash Flows by Year		Worst Outflow	Average Outflow	User Outflow
1	August	(\$3,118,132.31)	(\$2,816,016.20)	
	September	(\$10,234,929.18)	(\$5,986,214.20)	
	October	(\$15,659,983.57)	(\$8,049,693.21)	
	November	\$22,343,380.84	\$24,131,838.28	
	December	(\$12,462,614.70)	(\$11,818,508.50)	
	January	(\$15,426,698.28)	(\$14,084,082.35)	
	February	(\$3,309,020.41)	(\$3,068,198.25)	
	March	(\$17,631,402.62)	(\$14,099,122.36)	
	April	(\$9,626,976.88)	(\$8,639,622.84)	
	May	\$39,991,797.49	\$47,707,704.62	
	June	\$716,383.68	\$3,713,671.46	
	July	(\$3,153,457.27)	(\$732,993.54)	
2	August	(\$3,118,132.31)	(\$2,816,016.20)	
	September	(\$10,234,929.18)	(\$5,986,214.20)	
	October	(\$15,659,983.57)	(\$8,049,693.21)	
	November	\$22,343,380.84	\$24,131,838.28	
	December	(\$12,462,614.70)	(\$11,818,508.50)	
	January	(\$15,426,698.28)	(\$14,084,082.35)	
	February	(\$3,309,020.41)	(\$3,068,198.25)	
	March	(\$17,631,402.62)	(\$14,099,122.36)	
	April	(\$9,626,976.88)	(\$8,639,622.84)	
	May	\$39,991,797.49	\$47,707,704.62	
	June	\$716,383.68	\$3,713,671.46	
	July	(\$3,153,457.27)	(\$732,993.54)	
3	August	(\$3,118,132.31)	(\$2,816,016.20)	
	September	(\$10,234,929.18)	(\$5,986,214.20)	
	October	(\$15,659,983.57)	(\$8,049,693.21)	
	November	\$22,343,380.84	\$24,131,838.28	
	December	(\$12,462,614.70)	(\$11,818,508.50)	
	January	(\$15,426,698.28)	(\$14,084,082.35)	
	February	(\$3,309,020.41)	(\$3,068,198.25)	
	March	(\$17,631,402.62)	(\$14,099,122.36)	
	April	(\$9,626,976.88)	(\$8,639,622.84)	
	May	\$39,991,797.49	\$47,707,704.62	
	June	\$716,383.68	\$3,713,671.46	
	July	(\$3,153,457.27)	(\$732,993.54)	

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 8 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Year 1 Modified Monthly Duration = $5.815 / (1 + (\text{Wtd Avg Tsy yield} / 12)) = 5.810$

Year 1 Annualized Modified Duration = $5.810 / 12 = .484$

Duration Optimization Calcs		NetFlow	NegNetFlow	Hedge Security	PV Rate	Period	PV NegFlow	PV Factor	Weight	PeriodWt
1	August	(\$2,816,016.20)	(\$2,816,016.20)	3Mo Tsy	0.946%	1	\$2,813,797.84	0.999	4.08%	0.041
	September	(\$5,986,214.20)	(\$5,986,214.20)	3Mo Tsy	0.946%	2	\$5,976,786.48	0.998	8.67%	0.173
	October	(\$8,049,693.21)	(\$8,049,693.21)	3Mo Tsy	0.946%	3	\$8,030,684.44	0.998	11.65%	0.349
	November	\$24,131,838.28								
	December	(\$11,818,508.50)	(\$11,818,508.50)	6Mo Tsy	1.040%	5	\$11,767,443.55	0.996	17.07%	0.853
	January	(\$14,084,082.35)	(\$14,084,082.35)	6Mo Tsy	1.040%	6	\$14,011,089.19	0.995	20.32%	1.219
	February	(\$3,068,198.25)	(\$3,068,198.25)	9Mo Tsy	1.101%	7	\$3,048,568.85	0.994	4.42%	0.310
	March	(\$14,099,122.36)	(\$14,099,122.36)	9Mo Tsy	1.101%	8	\$13,996,081.63	0.993	20.30%	1.624
	April	(\$8,639,622.84)	(\$8,639,622.84)	9Mo Tsy	1.101%	9	\$8,568,621.70	0.992	12.43%	1.119
	May	\$47,707,704.62								
	June	\$3,713,671.46								
	July	(\$732,993.54)	(\$732,993.54)	1.00Yr Tsy	1.162%	12	\$724,530.44	0.988	1.05%	0.126
2	August	(\$2,816,016.20)	(\$2,816,016.20)	1.25Yr Tsy	1.193%	13	\$2,779,866.49	0.987	4.09%	0.531
	September	(\$5,986,214.20)	(\$5,986,214.20)	1.25Yr Tsy	1.193%	14	\$5,903,497.88	0.986	8.68%	1.215
	October	(\$8,049,693.21)	(\$8,049,693.21)	1.25Yr Tsy	1.193%	15	\$7,930,578.28	0.985	11.66%	1.748
	November	\$24,131,838.28								
	December	(\$11,818,508.50)	(\$11,818,508.50)	1.50Yr Tsy	1.225%	17	\$11,615,346.67	0.983	17.07%	2.902
	January	(\$14,084,082.35)	(\$14,084,082.35)	1.50Yr Tsy	1.225%	18	\$13,827,863.69	0.982	20.32%	3.658
	February	(\$3,068,198.25)	(\$3,068,198.25)	1.75Yr Tsy	1.256%	19	\$3,007,817.97	0.980	4.42%	0.840
	March	(\$14,099,122.36)	(\$14,099,122.36)	1.75Yr Tsy	1.256%	20	\$13,807,209.12	0.979	20.29%	4.059
	April	(\$8,639,622.84)	(\$8,639,622.84)	1.75Yr Tsy	1.256%	21	\$8,451,898.98	0.978	12.42%	2.609
	May	\$47,707,704.62								
	June	\$3,713,671.46								
	July	(\$732,993.54)	(\$732,993.54)	2.00Yr Tsy	1.287%	24	\$714,372.32	0.975	1.05%	0.252

Macaulay Dur = Sum
PeriodWt = 5.815

Macaulay Dur = Sum
PeriodWt = 17.814

Year 2 Modified Monthly Duration = $17.814 / (1 + (\text{Wtd Avg Tsy yield} / 12)) = 17.795$

Year 2 Annualized Mod Duration = $17.795 / 12 = 1.483$

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 9 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Once the annualized duration's are calculated, we now weight each year based on our preference of coverage of each year's total liabilities.

Duration Optimization Values by Year		
1	<i>Annualized Duration</i>	0.484
2	<i>Annualized Duration</i>	1.483
3	<i>Annualized Duration</i>	2.481
4	<i>Annualized Duration</i>	3.480
5	<i>Annualized Duration</i>	4.477

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 10 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Portfolio Size	\$300,000,000.00
Immunized Portfolio	\$299,992,155.11
Percent Immunized	100.00%

Immunization Weight	
Year 1	90.00%
Year 2	70.50%
Year 3	70.00%
Year 4	70.00%
Year 5	70.00%

The total immunization weights for each year should create a portfolio that is 100% immunized relative to the portfolio size.

Duration Optimization Values by Year		
1	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$68,937,604.13
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$62,043,843.72
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	20.681%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$6,893,760.41
	Annualized Duration	0.484
	Weighted Duration	0.100
2	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$68,038,451.40
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$47,967,108.24
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	15.989%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$20,071,343.16
	Annualized Duration	1.483
	Weighted Duration	0.237
3	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$66,942,361.12
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$46,859,652.79
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	15.620%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$20,082,708.34
	Annualized Duration	2.481
	Weighted Duration	0.388

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 11 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Duration Estimation and Allocation Bucket Approximation	
Starting Liquidity	\$52,500,000.00
1Yr Min Liquidity	\$47,360,819.51
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	1.92
Cash (Liquidity Profile)	17.50%
0-1Yr	20.68%
1-3Yr	31.61%
3-5Yr	30.21%

Sum of Weighted Durations
(4 & 5 Year Not Shown)

Duration Optimization Values by Year		
1	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$68,937,604.13
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$62,043,843.72
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	20.681%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$6,893,760.41
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3	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$66,942,361.12
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$46,859,652.79
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	15.620%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$20,082,708.34
	Annualized Duration	2.481
	Weighted Duration	0.388

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 12 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Duration Estimation and Allocation Bucket Approximation	
Starting Liquidity	\$52,500,000.00
1Yr Min Liquidity	\$47,360,819.51
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	1.92
Cash (Liquidity Profile)	17.50%
0-1Yr	20.68%
1-3Yr	31.61%
3-5Yr	30.21%

Sum of Asset Matched Weights
(4 & 5 Year Not Shown)

Duration Optimization Values by Year		
1	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$68,937,604.13
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$62,043,843.72
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	20.681%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$6,893,760.41
	Annualized Duration	0.484
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	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$20,071,343.16
	Annualized Duration	1.483
	Weighted Duration	0.237
3	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$66,942,361.12
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$46,859,652.79
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	15.620%
	Annual Total Liquidity Coverage Required	\$20,082,708.34
	Annualized Duration	2.481
	Weighted Duration	0.388

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 13 of 15)

ALM Analysis

Step 3 – DCF/Duration Analysis of Cash Flows

Duration Estimation and Allocation Bucket Approximation	
Starting Liquidity	\$52,500,000.00
1Yr Min Liquidity	\$47,360,819.51
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	1.92
Cash (Liquidity Profile)	17.50%
0-1Yr	20.68%
1-3Yr	31.61%
3-5Yr	30.21%

Duration Optimization Values by Year		
1	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$62,043,843.72
	Weighted Duration	0.100
2	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$47,967,108.24
	Weighted Duration	0.237
3	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$46,859,652.79
	Weighted Duration	0.388
4	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$45,889,528.29
	Weighted Duration	0.532
5	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$44,732,022.07
	Weighted Duration	0.668

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 14 of 15)

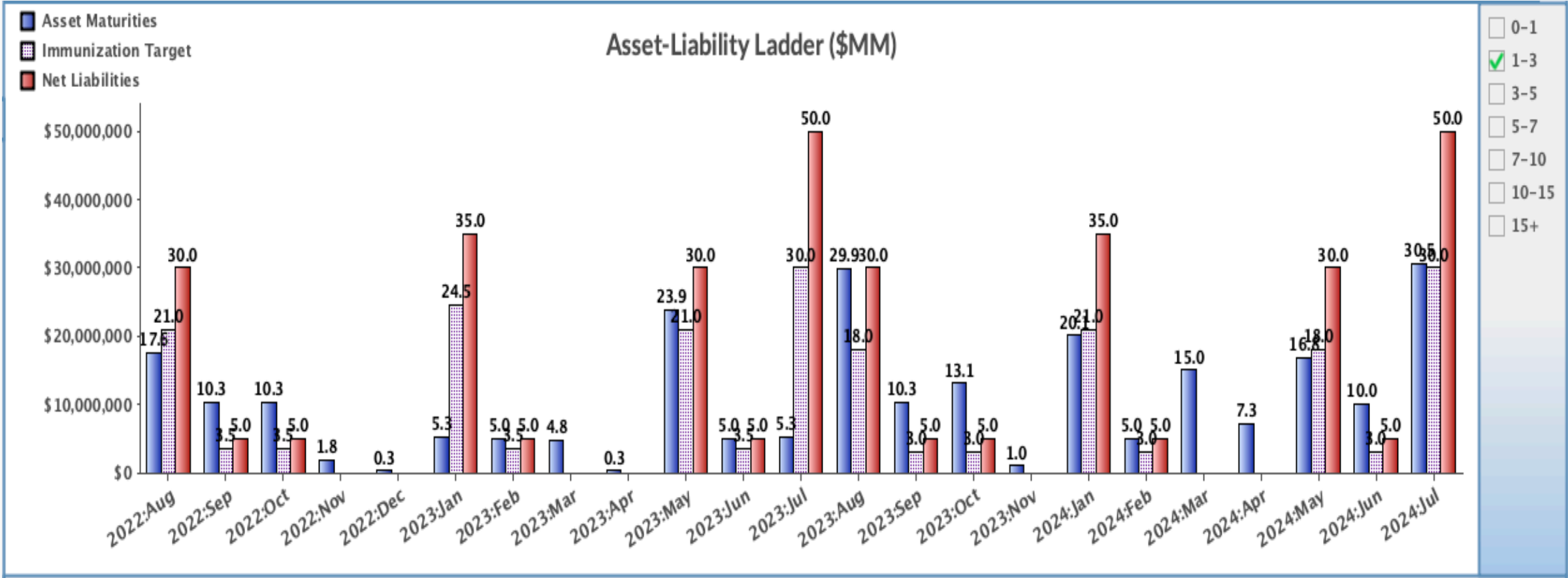
ALM Analysis

		NetFlow	PV NegFlow	Assets Needed	1Yr Liquidity Change	1Yr Liquidity Rolling Balance
1	August	(\$2,816,016.20)	\$2,813,797.84	\$2,532,418	(\$281,380)	\$52,218,620
	September	(\$5,986,214.20)	\$5,976,786.48	\$5,379,108	(\$597,679)	\$51,620,942
	October	(\$8,049,693.21)	\$8,030,684.44	\$7,227,616	(\$803,068)	\$50,817,873
	November	\$24,131,838.28			\$1,682,127	\$52,500,000
	December	(\$11,818,508.50)	\$11,767,443.55	\$10,590,699	(\$1,176,744)	\$51,323,256
	January	(\$14,084,082.35)	\$14,011,089.19	\$12,609,980	(\$1,401,109)	\$49,922,147
	February	(\$3,068,198.25)	\$3,048,568.85	\$2,743,712	(\$304,857)	\$49,617,290
	March	(\$14,099,122.36)	\$13,996,081.63	\$12,596,473	(\$1,399,608)	\$48,217,682
	April	(\$8,639,622.84)	\$8,568,621.70	\$7,711,760	(\$856,862)	\$47,360,820
	May	\$47,707,704.62			\$5,139,180	\$52,500,000
	June	\$3,713,671.46				\$52,500,000
	July	(\$732,993.54)	\$724,530.44	\$652,077	(\$72,453)	\$52,427,547
2	August	(\$2,816,016.20)	\$2,779,866.49	\$1,959,806		
	September	(\$5,986,214.20)	\$5,903,497.88	\$4,161,966		
	October	(\$8,049,693.21)	\$7,930,578.28	\$5,591,058		
	November	\$24,131,838.28				
	December	(\$11,818,508.50)	\$11,615,346.67	\$8,188,819		
	January	(\$14,084,082.35)	\$13,827,863.69	\$9,748,644		
	February	(\$3,068,198.25)	\$3,007,817.97	\$2,120,512		
	March	(\$14,099,122.36)	\$13,807,209.12	\$9,734,082		
	April	(\$8,639,622.84)	\$8,451,898.98	\$5,958,589		
	May	\$47,707,704.62				
	June	\$3,713,671.46				
	July	(\$732,993.54)	\$714,372.32	\$503,632		
3	August	(\$2,816,016.20)	\$2,738,872.78	\$1,917,211		
	September	(\$5,986,214.20)	\$5,815,759.42	\$4,071,032		
	October	(\$8,049,693.21)	\$7,811,797.51	\$5,468,258		
	November	\$24,131,838.28				
	December	(\$11,818,508.50)	\$11,430,879.00	\$8,001,615		
	January	(\$14,084,082.35)	\$13,606,489.65	\$9,524,543		
	February	(\$3,068,198.25)	\$2,957,182.76	\$2,070,028		
	March	(\$14,099,122.36)	\$13,572,833.72	\$9,500,984		
	April	(\$8,639,622.84)	\$8,307,243.38	\$5,815,070		
	May	\$47,707,704.62				
	June	\$3,713,671.46				
	July	(\$732,993.54)	\$701,302.90	\$490,912		

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 15 of 15)

ALM Analysis



CCSF Investment Pool

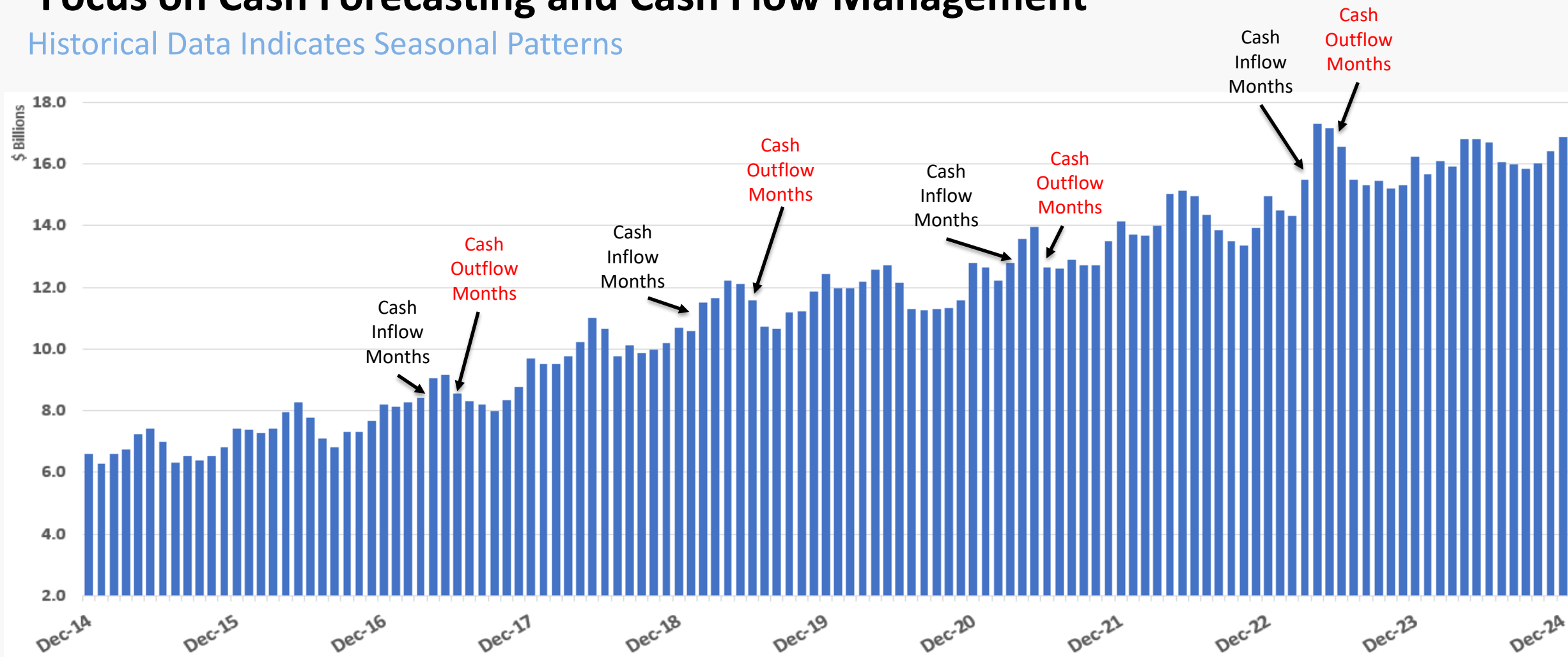
- CCSF Investment Pool currently is \$16.0 billion
- Many different participants both discretionary and non-discretionary with 13 major participants
- Monthly apportionment to each participant
- Consists of operating reserves and bond issuance proceeds

Investment Strategy

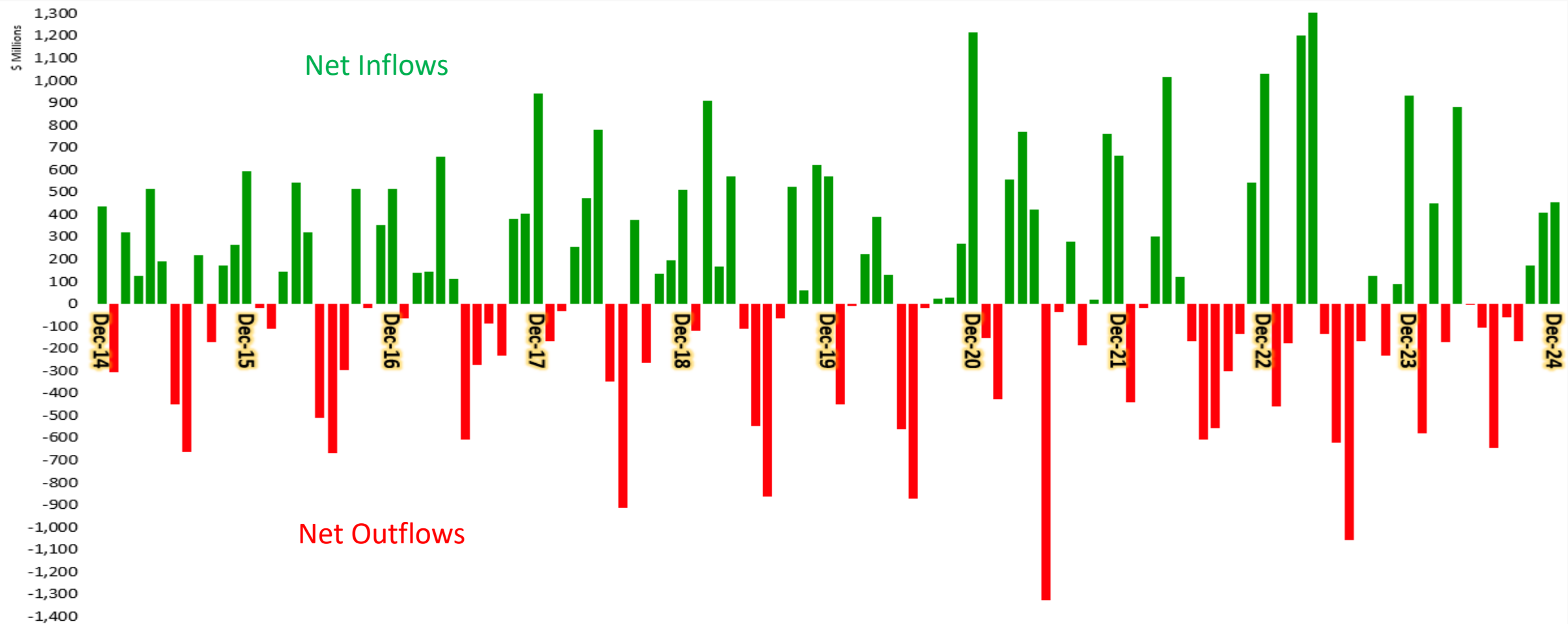
- Focus is on **Safety of Principal** and **Liquidity** – **return** is considered after the first two mandates are satisfied
- Emphasis on Asset/Liability Management – matching asset maturities with cash outflows
- Maintaining a consistent average maturity consistent with cashflow profile – not market timing
- Income generation is key – not total return

Focus on Cash Forecasting and Cash Flow Management


Historical Data Indicates Seasonal Patterns



Historic Monthly Net Cash Flows



Historic Monthly Net Cash Flows By Year

 Flow Selection Type			
Historical Net Cash Flow by Year	2022	2023	2024
January	(\$439,872,611.00)	(\$458,300,095.42)	(\$578,173,942.23)
February	(\$16,209,979.34)	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$448,920,642.27
March	\$302,531,367.33	\$1,199,815,397.87	(\$172,783,085.66)
April	\$1,016,711,651.48	\$1,794,556,009.34	\$882,388,597.46
May	\$120,346,417.41	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$2,593,056.93)
June	(\$167,005,356.90)	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$104,551,113.68)
July	(\$605,180,069.90)	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$646,609,328.27)
August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$165,758,497.24)	(\$58,834,843.17)
September	(\$299,599,809.30)	\$124,100,271.43	(\$167,079,177.05)
October	(\$134,221,025.12)	(\$230,792,042.69)	\$173,721,190.05
November	\$543,970,916.97	\$86,464,242.78	\$408,359,971.65
December	\$1,028,851,841.11	\$931,058,986.32	\$454,705,371.20


Case Study: City and County of San Francisco (cont. 6 of 13)

Projected Cash Flows

Projected Net Cash Flows by Year		Worst Outflow	Average Outflow	User Outflow
1	January	(\$578,173,942.23)	(\$492,115,549.55)	
	February	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$85,715,461.33	
	March	(\$172,783,085.66)	\$443,187,893.18	
	April	\$882,388,597.46	\$1,231,218,752.76	
	May	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$5,980,113.52)	
	June	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$297,577,889.16)	
	July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$769,458,939.21)	
	August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$261,050,579.11)	
	September	(\$299,599,809.30)	(\$114,192,904.97)	
	October	(\$230,792,042.69)	(\$63,763,959.25)	
	November	\$86,464,242.78	\$346,265,043.80	
	December	\$454,705,371.20	\$804,872,066.21	
2	January	(\$578,173,942.23)	(\$492,115,549.55)	
	February	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$85,715,461.33	
	March	(\$172,783,085.66)	\$443,187,893.18	
	April	\$882,388,597.46	\$1,231,218,752.76	
	May	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$5,980,113.52)	
	June	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$297,577,889.16)	
	July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$769,458,939.21)	
	August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$261,050,579.11)	
	September	(\$299,599,809.30)	(\$114,192,904.97)	
	October	(\$230,792,042.69)	(\$63,763,959.25)	
	November	\$86,464,242.78	\$346,265,043.80	
	December	\$454,705,371.20	\$804,872,066.21	
3	January	(\$578,173,942.23)	(\$492,115,549.55)	
	February	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$85,715,461.33	
	March	(\$172,783,085.66)	\$443,187,893.18	
	April	\$882,388,597.46	\$1,231,218,752.76	
	May	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$5,980,113.52)	
	June	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$297,577,889.16)	
	July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$769,458,939.21)	
	August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$261,050,579.11)	
	September	(\$299,599,809.30)	(\$114,192,904.97)	
	October	(\$230,792,042.69)	(\$63,763,959.25)	
	November	\$86,464,242.78	\$346,265,043.80	
	December	\$454,705,371.20	\$804,872,066.21	

Projected Net Cash Flows by Year		Worst Outflow	Average Outflow	User Outflow
4	January	(\$578,173,942.23)	(\$492,115,549.55)	
	February	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$85,715,461.33	
	March	(\$172,783,085.66)	\$443,187,893.18	
	April	\$882,388,597.46	\$1,231,218,752.76	
	May	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$5,980,113.52)	
	June	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$297,577,889.16)	
	July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$769,458,939.21)	
	August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$261,050,579.11)	
	September	(\$299,599,809.30)	(\$114,192,904.97)	
	October	(\$230,792,042.69)	(\$63,763,959.25)	
	November	\$86,464,242.78	\$346,265,043.80	
	December	\$454,705,371.20	\$804,872,066.21	
5	January	(\$578,173,942.23)	(\$492,115,549.55)	
	February	(\$175,564,278.95)	\$85,715,461.33	
	March	(\$172,783,085.66)	\$443,187,893.18	
	April	\$882,388,597.46	\$1,231,218,752.76	
	May	(\$135,693,701.05)	(\$5,980,113.52)	
	June	(\$621,177,196.91)	(\$297,577,889.16)	
	July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	(\$769,458,939.21)	
	August	(\$558,558,396.91)	(\$261,050,579.11)	
	September	(\$299,599,809.30)	(\$114,192,904.97)	
	October	(\$230,792,042.69)	(\$63,763,959.25)	
	November	\$86,464,242.78	\$346,265,043.80	
	December	\$454,705,371.20	\$804,872,066.21	

Worst Outflow Scenario



Duration Optimization


Duration Estimation and Allocation Bucket Approximation				
Portfolio Size	\$16,890,243,867.88	▲	3Mo Tsy	0.232 ▲
Immunized Portfolio	\$16,889,935,702.81		6Mo Tsy	0.477
Percent Immunized	100.00%		9Mo Tsy	0.724
Starting Liquidity	\$1,351,219,509.43		1.00Yr Tsy	0.970
1Yr Min Liquidity	\$1,351,219,509.43		1.25Yr Tsy	1.202
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	2.04		1.50Yr Tsy	1.434
Cash (Liquidity Profile)	8.00%		1.75Yr Tsy	1.666
0-1Yr	22.20%		2.00Yr Tsy	1.898
1-3Yr	41.88%		2.25Yr Tsy	2.114
3-5Yr	27.92%	▼	2.50Yr Tsy	2.330
			2.75Yr Tsy	2.546
			3.00Yr Tsy	2.762
			3.25Yr Tsy	2.977 ▼

INDEX DATES	
Start Date	1/31/22
End Date	12/31/24
Outflow Selection	
OutFlow Selection	Worst Outflow
Maximum Maturity (Yrs)	5.00
Immunization Weight	
Year 1	100.00% ▲
Year 2	100.00%
Year 3	100.00%
Year 4	75.00%
Year 5	68.20% ▼

Worst Outflow Scenario

Duration Optimization Values by Year					
1	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$3,749,836,286.83	4	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$3,348,695,612.97
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$3,749,836,286.83		Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$2,511,521,709.73
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	22.201%		Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	14.870%
	Annualized Duration	0.491		Annualized Duration	3.481
	Weighted Duration	0.109		Weighted Duration	0.518
2	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$3,601,097,818.14	5	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$3,232,395,622.16
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$3,601,097,818.14		Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$2,204,493,814.31
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	21.321%		Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	13.052%
	Annualized Duration	1.487		Annualized Duration	4.479
	Weighted Duration	0.317		Weighted Duration	0.585
3	Sum Present Value of Outflows	\$3,471,766,564.37			
	Sum of Asset Matched Present Values	\$3,471,766,564.37			
	Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	20.555%			
	Annualized Duration	2.484			
	Weighted Duration	0.511			

Worst Outflow Scenario

		City and County of San Francisco	
Month	Net Flow Expectation	Treasury	Rate
January	(\$578,173,942.23)	1YR	4.28%
February	(\$175,564,278.95)	2YR	4.37%
March	(\$172,783,085.66)	3YR	4.48%
April	\$882,388,597.46	4YR	4.57%
May	(\$135,693,701.05)	5YR	4.60%
June	(\$621,177,196.91)		
July	(\$1,056,587,419.46)	Portfolio Inputs	Value
August	(\$558,558,396.91)	Portfolio Size	\$16,890,243,867.88
September	(\$299,599,809.30)	Starting Liquidity	\$1,351,219,509.43
October	(\$230,792,042.69)		
November	\$86,464,242.78		
December	\$454,705,371.20		

CF Duration & Maturity Buckets	Values
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	2.04
Cash	8.004%
0-1Yr	22.197%
1-3Yr	41.518%
3-5Yr	28.282%

Immunization Timeframe	Weight
0-1Yr	100.00%
1-2Yr	100.00%
2-3Yr	100.00%
3-4Yr	81.00%
4-5Yr	68.45%
Percent Immunized	100.00%

Worst Outflow Scenario

Duration Optimization Year One	Values
Sum PV of Outflows	\$3,749,058,574.14
Sum PV Immunized Assets	\$3,749,058,574.14
Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	22.197%
Annual Liquidity Coverage Required	\$0.00
Annualized Duration	0.491
Weighted Duration	0.109

Duration Optimization Year Two	Values
Sum PV of Outflows	\$3,587,453,718.52
Sum PV Immunized Assets	\$3,587,453,718.52
Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	21.240%
Annual Liquidity Coverage Required	\$0.00
Annualized Duration	1.487
Weighted Duration	0.316

Duration Optimization Year Three	Values
Sum PV of Outflows	\$3,424,963,043.56
Sum PV Immunized Assets	\$3,424,963,043.56
Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	20.278%
Annual Liquidity Coverage Required	\$0.00
Annualized Duration	2.483
Weighted Duration	0.503

Duration Optimization Year Four	Values
Sum PV of Outflows	\$3,264,945,110.67
Sum PV Immunized Assets	\$2,644,605,539.64
Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	15.658%
Annual Liquidity Coverage Required	\$620,339,571.03
Annualized Duration	3.479
Weighted Duration	0.545

Duration Optimization Year Five	Values
Sum PV of Outflows	\$3,115,180,942.42
Sum PV Immunized Assets	\$2,132,341,355.09
Asset Matched Weight in Portfolio	12.625%
Annual Liquidity Coverage Required	\$982,839,587.33
Annualized Duration	4.475
Weighted Duration	0.565

Asset-Liability Ladder (\$MM)



Case Study: City and County of San Francisco (cont. 12 of 13)

Cash Flow Schedule




Projected EOD Bank Balance	\$8,057,655.44	CF Start Date	1/14/2025	Net Bank Balance Available	(\$1,942,344.56)	Min Liquidity	(\$21,481,248,715.61)
EC Bank Balance Target	\$10,000,000.00	CF End Date	1/31/2030	Portfolio Cash/MMKT Holdings	\$1,760,247,137.20	Max Liquidity	\$1,009,404,002.25
Net Bank Balance Available	(\$1,942,344.56)	Reporting Date	01/14/2025	Cash/MMKT Immunizations	(\$120,545,111.00)	Avg Liquidity	(\$8,963,200,201.92)
Portfolio Cash/MMKT Holdings	\$1,760,247,137.20	REAL Mode	Trade Date	Portfolio Cash/MMKT Actual	\$1,639,702,026.20	Immun Min Liquidity	(\$21,481,248,715.61)
Intra-Day Cash/MMKT Transactions		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include MMKT Holdings		Intra-Day Cash/MMKT Transactions		Immun Max Liquidity	\$502,123,597.37
Target Liquidity	(\$1,500,000,000.00)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Include Target Liquidity		Target Liquidity	(\$1,500,000,000.00)	Immun Avg Liquidity	(\$9,070,658,395.54)
Net Cash/MMKT Balance Available	\$260,247,137.20	Update CF Model		Net Cash/MMKT Balance Available	\$139,702,026.20	Negative Net Outflow Filter Amount	\$0.00
Spendable Cash Non-Immunized	\$258,304,792.64			Spendable Cash Immunized	\$137,759,681.64	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Activate Filter	

Cash Flow By Day			
		Total CF	Adjusted Liquidity
01/15/2025	4581X0CM8 : IADB 01/15/2025-47024	100,000,000.00	
	459058HT3 : IBRD 01/15/2025-57878	29,314,000.00	
	CCSF Payroll Tax 1	(47,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	82,314,000.00	340,618,792.64
01/17/2025	CCSF Payroll Tax 2	(11,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(11,000,000.00)	329,618,792.64
01/21/2025	62479LNM3 : MUFGBK 01/21/2025-58427	17,000,000.00	
	Total Cash Flow	17,000,000.00	346,618,792.64
01/23/2025	62479LNP6 : MUFGBK 01/23/2025-58032	15,000,000.00	
	Blue Shield CA Monthly ACH	(15,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	0.00	346,618,792.64
01/24/2025	89233GNQ5 : TOYCC 01/24/2025-57934	60,000,000.00	
	SFO Debt Service ACH	(52,603,083.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	7,396,917.00	354,015,709.64
01/27/2025	3130B0MZ9 : FHLB 01/27/2025-57886	115,000,000.00	
	Payroll Transfer to Bank	(122,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(7,000,000.00)	347,015,709.64
01/28/2025	78015JQ34 : RY 01/28/2025-57933	25,000,000.00	
	89233GNU6 : TOYCC 01/28/2025-58027	50,000,000.00	
	OCII Debt Service	(90,733,398.10)	
	Total Cash Flow	(15,733,398.10)	331,282,311.54
01/29/2025	62479LNV3 : MUFGBK 01/29/2025-57929	50,000,000.00	
	CCSF Payroll Tax 1	(47,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	3,000,000.00	334,282,311.54
01/30/2025	SF PUC Power Enterprise 2024 Spending Projection	(17,264,682.00)	
	SF PUC Wastewater 2024 Spending Projection	(67,226,819.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(84,491,501.00)	249,790,810.54
01/31/2025	SFO Operating Revenue Projections	131,271,440.00	
	Pension Payment Northern Trust Pmt	115,000,000.00	
	912828Z52 : T 01/31/2025-46989	50,000,000.00	
	912828Z52 : T 01/31/2025-47011	50,000,000.00	
	SFO Projected Capital Expenditures	(86,254,698.00)	
	Retiree Pension Payment	(115,000,000.00)	

Immunized Cash Flow By Day			
		Total CF	Adjusted Liquidity
05/21/2025	PPGQ38MB6 : FIVSTR 05/21/2025-58454	\$20,000,000.00	
	CCSF Payroll Tax 1	(\$47,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$27,000,000.00)	\$475,123,597.37
05/22/2025	SFO Debt Service ACH	(\$52,603,083.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$52,603,083.00)	\$422,520,514.37
05/23/2025	3133ENXE5 : FFCB 05/23/2025-47376	\$6,000,000.00	
	CCSF Payroll Tax 2	(\$11,000,000.00)	
	Blue Shield CA Monthly ACH	(\$15,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$20,000,000.00)	\$402,520,514.37
05/29/2025	SF PUC Wastewater 2024 Spending Projection	(\$84,943,451.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$84,943,451.00)	\$317,577,063.37
06/02/2025	Pension Payment Northern Trust Pmt	\$115,000,000.00	
	78015J5G8 : RY 06/02/2025-58461	\$100,000,000.00	
	13606DCU4 : CIBCNY 06/02/2025-58462	\$25,000,000.00	
	Payroll Transfer to Bank	(\$122,000,000.00)	
	Retiree Pension Payment	(\$115,000,000.00)	
	SF PUC West Recycle CWSRF Loan	(\$6,634,452.00)	
06/03/2025	Total Cash Flow	(\$3,634,452.00)	\$370,732,540.37
	Kaiser Health Premium	(\$46,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$46,000,000.00)	\$324,732,540.37
06/04/2025	CCSF Payroll Tax 1	(\$47,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$47,000,000.00)	\$277,732,540.37
06/06/2025	CCSF Payroll Tax 2	(\$11,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$11,000,000.00)	\$266,732,540.37
06/18/2025	3135G04Z3 : FNMA 06/17/2025-47239	\$10,000,000.00	
	3135G04Z3 : FNMA 06/17/2025-47241	\$4,655,000.00	
	CCSF Payroll Tax 1	(\$47,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$32,345,000.00)	\$240,662,041.25
06/20/2025	CCSF Payroll Tax 2	(\$11,000,000.00)	
	Total Cash Flow	(\$11,000,000.00)	\$229,662,041.25
06/23/2025	06367DNE1 : BMOCHG 06/23/2025-58483	\$50,000,000.00	
	SFO Debt Service ACH	(\$75,724,696.00)	
	Blue Shield CA Monthly ACH	(\$15,000,000.00)	

Case Study: City and County of San Francisco (cont. 13 of 13)

Immunization List



Bond Immunization Schedule

City and County of San Francisco

Last Run: 01/14/2025 7:53:05 AM Pacific

Last Reporting Date: 01/14/2025

Update Immunization Schedule

Excess Liquidity Amount

\$0.00

Bond has an immunization amount actively being applied

Immunization date has excess inflows over desired excess liquidity amount

Immunization amount applied is under total available bond proceeds

Immunization amount applied is equal to total available bond proceeds

Immunization amount applied exceeds total available bond proceeds

Bond Purposely Not Immunized

Bond Has Been Called

Portfolio Bond Immunization List

Bond Description	Amount	Redemption Date	First Immunization Date	First Immunization Amount	Second Immunization Date	Second Immunization Amount	Third Immunization Date	Third Immunization Amount	Not Immunized
4581X0CM8 : IADB 01/15/2025-47024	\$100,000,000.00	01/15/2025	01/15/2025	\$36,000,000.00	01/17/2025	\$11,000,000.00	01/31/2025	\$53,000,000.00	
459058HT3 : IBRD 01/15/2025-57878	\$29,314,000.00	01/15/2025	01/15/2025	\$11,000,000.00	01/27/2025	\$7,000,000.00	01/28/2025	\$11,314,000.00	
62479LNM3 : MUFGBK 01/21/2025-58427	\$17,000,000.00	01/21/2025	01/30/2025	\$17,000,000.00					
62479LNP6 : MUFGBK 01/23/2025-58032	\$15,000,000.00	01/23/2025	01/23/2025	\$15,000,000.00					
89233GNQ5 : TOYCC 01/24/2025-57934	\$60,000,000.00	01/24/2025	01/24/2025	\$53,000,000.00	01/28/2025	\$7,000,000.00			
3130B0MZ9 : FHLB 01/27/2025-57886	\$115,000,000.00	01/27/2025	01/27/2025	\$115,000,000.00					
78015JQ34 : RY 01/28/2025-57933	\$25,000,000.00	01/28/2025	01/28/2025	\$25,000,000.00					
89233GNU6 : TOYCC 01/28/2025-58027	\$50,000,000.00	01/28/2025	01/28/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
62479LNV3 : MUFGBK 01/29/2025-57929	\$50,000,000.00	01/29/2025	01/29/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
912828Z52 : T 01/31/2025-46989	\$50,000,000.00	01/31/2025	02/10/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
912828Z52 : T 01/31/2025-47011	\$50,000,000.00	01/31/2025	02/10/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
3133EPAG0 : FFCB 02/10/2025-57581	\$29,875,000.00	02/10/2025	02/10/2025	\$15,000,000.00	02/12/2025	\$11,000,000.00	02/14/2025	\$3,875,000.00	
3133EPAG0 : FFCB 02/10/2025-57582	\$10,000,000.00	02/10/2025	02/21/2025	\$10,000,000.00					
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-46422	\$15,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/26/2025	\$15,000,000.00					
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-46423	\$5,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/26/2025	\$5,000,000.00					
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-46424	\$5,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/26/2025	\$5,000,000.00					
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-46425	\$5,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/26/2025	\$5,000,000.00					
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-46426	\$50,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/20/2025	\$40,000,000.00	02/21/2025	\$4,000,000.00	02/26/2025	\$6,000,000.00	
3137EAP0 : FHLMC 02/12/2025-47022	\$53,532,000.00	02/12/2025	02/12/2025	\$36,000,000.00	02/14/2025	\$7,000,000.00	02/28/2025	\$10,532,000.00	
89233GPC4 : TOYCC 02/12/2025-58300	\$75,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/27/2025	\$75,000,000.00					
62479LPC3 : MUFGBK 02/12/2025-58440	\$16,000,000.00	02/12/2025	02/27/2025	\$16,000,000.00					
3130AUVZ4 : FHLB 02/13/2025-57585	\$50,000,000.00	02/13/2025	02/21/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
62479LPL3 : MUFGBK 02/20/2025-58398	\$60,000,000.00	02/20/2025	02/27/2025	\$60,000,000.00					
62479LPM1 : MUFGBK 02/21/2025-58107	\$8,000,000.00	02/21/2025	02/21/2025	\$8,000,000.00					
06367DL94 : BMOCHG 02/24/2025-58047	\$76,000,000.00	02/24/2025	02/24/2025	\$65,000,000.00	02/26/2025	\$11,000,000.00			
13606K5B8 : CIBCNV 02/24/2025-58048	\$50,000,000.00	02/24/2025	02/24/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
912828ZC7 : T 02/28/2025-46977	\$50,000,000.00	02/28/2025	03/10/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
912828ZC7 : T 02/28/2025-46994	\$50,000,000.00	02/28/2025	03/10/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
3130AV7L0 : FHLB 02/28/2025-57602	\$25,000,000.00	02/28/2025	03/24/2025	\$25,000,000.00					
3130AV7L0 : FHLB 02/28/2025-57603	\$35,000,000.00	02/28/2025	03/24/2025	\$35,000,000.00					
3133ELQY3 : FFCB 03/03/2025-46467	\$24,000,000.00	03/03/2025	03/12/2025	\$24,000,000.00					
3133ELQY3 : FFCB 03/03/2025-46468	\$16,000,000.00	03/03/2025	03/12/2025	\$16,000,000.00					
62479LQA6 : MUFGBK 03/10/2025-58108	\$25,000,000.00	03/10/2025	03/10/2025	\$15,000,000.00	03/12/2025	\$10,000,000.00			
06367DLL7 : BMOCHG 03/12/2025-58240	\$90,000,000.00	03/12/2025	03/27/2025	\$90,000,000.00					
PPGNJX1B4 : BKSANF 03/13/2025-58491	\$10,000,000.00	03/13/2025							Yes
62479LQE8 : MUFGBK 03/14/2025-58094	\$50,000,000.00	03/14/2025	03/15/2025	\$50,000,000.00					
62479LQE8 : MUFGBK 03/14/2025-58109	\$26,000,000.00	03/14/2025	03/14/2025	\$11,000,000.00	03/15/2025	\$15,000,000.00			
62479LQE8 : MUFGBK 03/14/2025-58441	\$70,000,000.00	03/14/2025	03/14/2025	\$70,000,000.00					

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach

ALM Analysis

Step 4 – Sector/Maturity Allocation

INDEX STATS	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Std Dev Yld	Avg Eff Dur	TR Sharpe Ratio	Yld Sharpe Ratio	Main Stree Ratio	Weighted Rank
1-3 A-AAA Corp	3.010%	(0.769%)	3.476%	2.427%	2.415%	1.750%	1.914	0.805	0.840	0.768	1.0
1-3 Agency Clb	1.827%	0.148%	1.711%	0.715%	1.537%	1.399%	1.143	1.080	0.423	0.517	2.0
1-3 Supranational	2.762%	(0.119%)	2.842%	1.213%	1.774%	1.276%	1.921	1.408	0.649	0.431	3.0
1-3 Agency Blt	2.418%	(0.253%)	2.593%	1.277%	1.468%	1.376%	1.832	1.067	0.379	0.285	4.0
1-3 Municipal	2.103%	(2.500%)	3.529%	1.111%	1.310%	0.962%	1.811	0.943	0.379	0.201	5.0
1-3 Treasury	2.133%	(0.061%)	2.178%	1.240%	1.291%	1.291%	1.856	0.869	0.267	0.186	6.0
3-5 A-AAA Corp	4.280%	0.312%	4.100%	3.698%	2.948%	1.515%	3.665	0.872	1.321	0.546	1.0
3-5 Agency Clb	2.361%	0.099%	2.289%	1.406%	1.932%	1.315%	2.048	0.929	0.750	0.482	2.0
3-5 Supranational	4.323%	0.999%	3.706%	2.495%	2.397%	1.191%	3.712	1.310	1.218	0.391	3.0
3-5 Agency Blt	3.983%	0.816%	3.466%	2.676%	1.936%	1.245%	3.685	1.094	0.795	0.269	4.0
3-5 Municipal	3.228%	(1.204%)	3.906%	2.388%	1.717%	0.905%	3.416	0.910	0.852	0.226	5.0
3-5 Treasury	3.602%	0.980%	2.933%	2.918%	1.714%	1.146%	3.793	0.873	0.670	0.203	6.0

Approaches for Determining Portfolio Duration

Cash Flow Based Approach

ALM Analysis

Step 4 – Sector/Maturity Allocation

MODEL WEIGHTING		Target Allocation	Agy and Credit	Agency Portfolio	Treasury Portfolio
L0US	OVERNIGHT CASH	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%	17.50%
G0QA	Treasury 0-1Yr				20.68%
H541	Agy Composite 0-1Yr	10.68%	10.68%	20.68%	
C01A	US Corp A-AAA 0-1Yr	10.00%	10.00%		
G1O2	Treasury 1-3Yr				31.61%
G1PB	Agy Bullet 1-3Yr	11.61%	21.61%	31.61%	
G1PC	Agy Callable 1-3Yr	10.00%			
C110	US Corp A-AAA 1-3Yr	10.00%	10.00%		
G2O2	Treasury 3-5Yr				30.21%
G2PB	Agy Bullet 3-5Yr	15.21%	25.21%	30.21%	
G2PC	Agy Callable 3-5Yr	10.00%			
C210	US Corp A-AAA 3-5Yr	5.00%	5.00%		

MODEL STATS	Annualized Total Return	Annualized Price Return	Annualized Income Return	Annualized Std Dev Total Return	Avg Yield to Worst	Std Dev Yld	Avg Eff Dur	TR Sharpe Ratio	Yld Sharpe Ratio	Main Street Ratio	Weighted Rank
Target Allocation	2.372%	(0.252%)	2.548%	1.091%	1.719%	1.417%	1.576	1.207	0.545	0.490	1
Agy and Credit	2.594%	(0.219%)	2.743%	1.275%	1.712%	1.410%	1.809	1.207	0.543	0.424	2
Agency Portfolio	2.452%	(0.076%)	2.506%	1.284%	1.491%	1.387%	1.802	1.087	0.393	0.302	3
Treasury Portfolio	2.218%	0.090%	2.151%	1.350%	1.337%	1.306%	1.839	0.861	0.300	0.213	4

Duration Estimation and Allocation Bucket Approximation	
Starting Liquidity	\$52,500,000.00
1Yr Min Liquidity	\$47,360,819.51
Weighted Average Cash Flow Duration	1.92
Cash (Liquidity Profile)	17.50%
0-1Yr	20.68%
1-3Yr	31.61%
3-5Yr	30.21%

Cash Flow Based Approach (cont. 2 of 2)

ALM Analysis

- Uses institution's actual cash flow data to measure future liabilities and derive duration needs
- Eliminates bias and idiosyncratic problems that public entities can have with market-based approaches (liquidity, sector and structure differences).
- Ensures each institution's duration is unique and not peer or market related.
- Places emphasis on timing and magnitude of investments relative to liabilities versus market-based optimizations for the masses.
- Does require more data and effort to establish the projected liability stream and involves calculations that may not be familiar.
- There are opportunity costs associated by limiting the investment universe to any particular timeframe, however it can be argued that maintaining a stable duration and limiting cash balances can more than offset any costs associated with security selection constraints (without this process, cash balances tend to be higher and more conservative securities are purchased due to uncertainty).

Disclosure

This presentation is for informational purposes only. All information is assumed to be correct, but the accuracy has not been confirmed and therefore is not guaranteed to be correct. Information is obtained from third party sources that may or may not be verified. The information presented should not be used in making any investment decisions and is not a recommendation to buy, sell, implement, or change any securities or investment strategy, function, or process.

Any financial and/or investment decision should be made only after considerable research, consideration, and involvement with an experienced professional engaged for the specific purpose. All comments and discussion presented are purely based on opinion and assumptions, not fact. These assumptions may or may not be correct based on foreseen and unforeseen events.

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QUESTIONS?



JASON KLINGHOFFER, CFA
Director, DCM, Mischler Financial Group
Principal, MaxQ Analytics

HUBIE WHITE, CFA, CTP
Chief Investment Officer
Office of the Treasurer & Tax Collector
City & County of San Francisco

