



STATE OF CALIFORNIA

CALIFORNIA DEBT LIMIT ALLOCATION COMMITTEE

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Background

Localities and certain state agencies can apply to the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee (CDLAC) for authority to issue Mortgage Credit Certificates (MCC) to low- and moderate-income first-time homebuyers, or to low- and moderate-income families purchasing a home in a federally-defined target area (Qualified Census Tract).

What is a Mortgage Credit Certificate?

An MCC provides eligible borrowers with a federal income tax credit based on a specified percentage of the mortgage interest paid each year. The tax credit is a dollar-for-dollar reduction in the homebuyer's federal tax liability that increases the household income available to qualify for a mortgage loan and to make monthly mortgage payments. MCCs can be used with many fixed- or adjustable-rate mortgages, but cannot be used with tax-exempt bond financed programs.

Who is eligible to receive a Mortgage Credit Certificate?

- Occupancy: Home must be owner-occupied for the life of the MCC.
- Income Limits: Household income cannot exceed 115% of the Area Median Income, unless the household is purchasing a home in a federally-defined target area or high cost area.
- Purchase Price Limits: Home price cannot exceed 90% of the average area purchase price over the past 12 months, unless the home is located in a federally-defined target area.
- First-Time Homebuyer: Household must not have owned a home for three years prior to application, unless the household is purchasing a home in a federally-defined target area.

How do Mortgage Credit Certificates work?

Most often, the participating lender or broker originating the loan that the MCC is attached to submits eligibility information to the locality for approval when the mortgage loan is packaged for credit review. The MCC benefit can equal 15% - 20% of mortgage interest as determined by the locality for their program. It can be redeemed annually on the homebuyer's federal taxes or proportionately each month on their paycheck by increasing their withholdings. Since the amount of interest paid declines as the amount of principal paid increases, the MCC benefit declines each year; however, the remaining 80% - 85% of the interest is still eligible for the standard mortgage interest tax deduction.

For example, a 15% tax credit on a \$360,000 home loan with a 30-year term will yield a total tax savings of \$54,000 in addition to most of the standard deductions, as demonstrated below.

30-Year Tax Savings from MCC

Purchase Price	\$400,000	Year 1 Tax Credit Value	\$2,955
Minus 10% Down Payment	\$40,000	Year 10 Tax Credit Value	\$2,420
		=	
Multiplied by Interest Rate	5.50%	Year 20 Tax Credit Value	\$1,499
		=	
Multiplied by Tax Credit Percentage	15%	=	
		=	