#### CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (Authority)

#### Update on the Activities of the CHFFA COVID-19 Task Force

#### February 25, 2021

The CEFA/CHFFA COVID-19 Task Force (Task Force) was convened on July 22, 2020 with the goal of prioritizing a list of COVID-19 financing program ideas, estimating the market for these programs, identifying statutory changes needed, and providing input on operational forms. Members on the Task Force include staff from the State Treasurer's Office, the Attorney General's Office, Cal-Mortgage, bond counsels, underwriters, financial advisors, and health facility associations. The Task Force met twice as a group to cut the original list of 15 potential solutions to a manageable number, and we worked individually with a number of the members to further develop the solution concepts. Eventually, with the Task Force input, this list was reduced to the below six:

- COVID-19 Equipment Loan Program issue tax-exempt notes with a maturity related to the useful life of the financed equipment. The loan would be collateralized by the equipment purchased. Eligible equipment would include telemedicine carts and kiosks, computers, digital cameras, computer networks, telemedicine software, etc. There also would be a potential to finance the reimbursement of previously purchased equipment under certain circumstances. CHFFA has the ability to create this new program under existing statutory authority.
- Refunding Bonds issue refunding bonds to refinance a prior issue of bonds at a lower rate for debt service savings, to release certain funds held under an indenture, or to modify or eliminate outdated covenants and restrictions. Currently, borrowers are only able to issue municipal refunding bonds at a tax-exempt rate in the form of a current refunding (must redeem bonds within 90 days of issuance of the refunding bonds); alternatively, municipal refunding bonds can be issued at a taxable rate as an advance refunding. CHFFA would offer two unique opportunities: 1) utilize its Municipal Advisor to find refunding opportunities for our CHFFA borrowers and 2) assist with the issuance of taxable municipal refunding bonds. Both opportunities provide savings to borrowers.
- Taxable Conduit Bonds issue taxable municipal bonds through CHFFA, which is already allowed under existing statutory authority. In this case, although a borrower's financing would not qualify for federal tax exemption, the borrower would benefit from state tax exemption and certain structuring features afforded by the municipal market. Our analyses have shown that the value of a municipal taxable bond over a corporate taxable bond can be up to a 0.50% lower interest rate.
- Private Placement Lending Program the borrower elects to participate in a program (with access to pre-selected banks and financing professionals) whereby a small group of lenders would provide the private funding for the bond rather than for it to be sold in the public market. Borrowers would benefit from standardized loan documents and due diligence procedures, ensuring faster, easier and less costly execution. Some socially-responsible investors have indicated that they may be willing to provide below market rates in order to invest in improved medical care that CHFFA would provide to borrowers through a new program.
- Pooled Bond Financing Program the financing needs of multiple borrowers are pooled into a single financing, with a potential lower overall cost of issuance and lower cost of borrowing for each borrower. This may be ideal for smaller or less frequent borrowers looking for the ease of a one-stop program. However, each borrower gives up some autonomy and timing flexibility. CHFFA would utilize an experienced team of financing professionals to manage the financing and seek to purchase credit enhancement to address differences in credit quality among the borrowers.

 Loan Loss Reserve Concept – this concept would fill the gap between our maximum \$1.5 million HELP II Loan Program and the minimum \$5 million that would make it economically reasonable to borrow through a bond issuance. In the loan loss reserve concept, CHFFA would fund the loan loss reserve (which exists to safeguard a private lender's other assets against any potential losses), and the borrower would obtain a loan through CHFFA from a private lender. The size of the loan program would be correlated to the size of the loan loss reserve. Currently, there is no statutory authority for CHFFA to fund a loan loss reserve for a private lender, so statutory authority would need to be sought through the legislative process.

Besides the above programmatic responses to the pandemic, CHFFA continues to work with the State Treasurer's Office to pursue the below state and federal legislative efforts that would assist borrowers with COVID-19 relief.

At the state level, association representatives also indicated their members were very interested in Working Capital Bonds. Under this concept, the proceeds of a tax-exempt bond would be used to pay "working capital expenditures" in limited circumstances. Working capital expenditures are described as any costs that are not capital expenditures, or expenditures that can be capitalized under federal income tax principles. Since hospitals have indicated that they have had some problems covering operating expenses, given reduced revenues as a result of COVID-19, this may be a potential benefit to these health facilities. However, the CHFFA Act imposes a requirement that working capital loans be limited to 15 months in maturity. There are no arbitrary limitations on the term of working capital loans for other State Treasurer's Office boards, commissions, or authorities, nor at the federal level. There are many examples of working capital expenses that are long-term and that would be paid off over many years. We attempted to see if CHFFA could pursue the elimination of this restriction through a Trailer Bill in the 2021-22 Governor's Budget but that was not an option, so we would like to try to get it changed through a standalone bill in the next legislative session as many health care facilities would utilize this program for their COVID-19 expenditures if the restriction was eliminated.

Lastly, the Treasurer continues to lobby at the federal level for two concepts that would provide relief to CHFFA's borrowers/health facilities during this COVID-19 pandemic. First, the Treasurer continues to lobby for the resumption of the ability of governments to issue tax-exempt advance refunding bonds. This would help borrowers/health facilities take advantage of low interest rates for their infrastructure projects, reducing borrowing costs for much needed projects. Second, the Treasurer continues to lobby for an increase in the small issuer federal exemption that allows banks to deduct 80% of the carrying cost of tax-exempt bonds if they are issued by a small issuer, for public purposes, and if the bonds are designated as qualified tax-exempt obligations. Increasing this exemption to \$30 million, pegging it to inflation, and making it apply to the borrower, not the issuer, would increase the demand for municipal debt from banks, thus reducing borrowing costs.

CHFFA has distributed a COVID-19 program survey, along with information sheets on the identified six programs (attached), to 16 health facility associations and requested that these associations provide responses to questions on the amount of COVID-19-related expenditures to date and expected in the future, relative program rankings, likelihood of use of each program, types of projects funded with each program type, expected interest rate for certain programs, expected maturity for certain programs, and timeframe for entering the market for certain programs. This information will be used to determine which programs/concepts to further explore as well as to attract potential sources of funding for the private placement lending and pooled bond financing programs and the loan loss reserve concept. The expertise of the Task Force will be used to develop these programs, including needed statutory changes, policy documents, and operational forms.

Attachment 1: CHFFA COVID-19 Financing Assistance Survey

**Attachment 2: COVID-19 Equipment Loan Program Information Sheet** 

**Attachment 3: Refunding Bonds Information Sheet** 

**Attachment 4: Taxable Conduit Bonds Information Sheet** 

**Attachment 5: Private Placement Lending Program Information Sheet** 

**Attachment 6: Pooled Bond Financing Program Information Sheet** 

**Attachment 7: Loan Loss Reserve Information Sheet** 

## CHFFA COVID-19 Financing Assistance Survey

The California Health Facilities Financing Authority (CHFFA or the Authority) has convened a Task Force that aims to expand your financing options through the Authority. This Task Force has come up with six programs/concepts, and we are seeking your input on the potential use of them. To aid you in your determination, we've provided links in each question to documents that describe these programs and their parameters. Please take the time to answer this survey, and we will make our best efforts to develop those programs/concepts that show the most demand.

1. Name of your Health Facility/Organization

2. What is the total amount of COVID-19-related expenditures that you have incurred to date?

Operating Expenditures	
(Working Capital)	
Capital Expenditures	

3. Would you like to finance any of these COVID-19-related expenditures?

🔿 Yes

🔿 No

4. How much additional COVID-19-related expenditures do you anticipate incurring in the future?

Operating Expenditures	
(Working Capital)	
Capital Expenditures	

5. Would you like to finance any of these <u>future</u> COVID-19-related expenditures?

🔿 Yes

🔿 No

6. What is the likelihood that you would use the following programs:

#### CHFFA COVID-19 Financing Assistance Survey

	Attachment 2	۱
Extremely Unlike	lv	

	Extremely Likely	Likely	Neutral	Unlikely	Attachment 7 Extremely Unlikely
<u>1. COVID-19</u> <u>Equipment</u> <u>Loan Program</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<u>2. Refunding</u> <u>Bonds</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<u>3. Taxable</u> <u>Conduit Bonds</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<u>4. Private</u> <u>Placement</u> <u>Lending</u> <u>Program</u>	0	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<u>5. Pooled Bond</u> <u>Financing</u> <u>Program</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
<u>6. Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u>	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$	$\bigcirc$
Other (please speci	ify)				

## 7. Program Ranking

COVID-19 Equipment Loan Program
Refunding Bonds
Taxable Conduit Bonds
Private Placement Lending Program
Pooled Bond Financing Program
Loan Loss Reserve Concept

## 8. What amount would you expect to finance?

<u>COVID-19</u> <u>Equipment Loan</u> <u>Program</u>	
<u>Refunding Bonds</u>	
<u>Taxable Conduit</u> <u>Bonds</u>	
<u>Private Placement</u> Lending Program	
<u>Pooled Bond</u> Financing Program	
<u>Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u>	

#### Attachment 1

## 9. What would you expect to finance?

<u>COVID-19</u> Equipment Loan Program (What types of equipment?)	
<u>Taxable Conduit</u> <u>Bonds (What types</u> <u>of projects?)</u>	
<u>Private Placement</u> <u>Lending Program</u> <u>(What types of</u> <u>projects?)</u>	
<u>Pooled Bond</u> <u>Financing Program</u> <u>(What types of</u> <u>projects?)</u>	
<u>Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u> <u>(What types of</u> <u>projects?)</u>	

10. What interest rate would you expect in order to utilize the below programs?

<u>Private Placement</u> <u>Lending Program</u>	
<u>Pooled Bond</u> Financing Program	
<u>Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u>	

11. What term of maturity would you like to see for your financing under the following programs?

<u>Private Placement</u> <u>Lending Program</u>	
<u>Pooled Bond</u> <u>Financing Program</u>	
<u>Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u>	

12. When would you expect to go to the market or need the funds for the following programs?

<u>COVID-19</u> <u>Equipment Loan</u> <u>Program</u>	
<u>Refunding Bonds</u>	
<u>Taxable Conduit</u> <u>Bonds</u>	
<u>Private Placement</u> <u>Lending Program</u>	

<u>Pooled Bond</u> <u>Financing Program</u>	
<u>Loan Loss</u> <u>Reserve Concept</u>	

13. Would you like to share your financial information with us so that we can have our financial advisor determine if you are eligible for a refunding?

🔿 Yes

🔿 No

14. Would you like staff to contact you to discuss refunding existing debt?

 $\bigcirc$  Yes

🔿 No

### 15. Contact Information

Contact Person Name	
Address	
Address 2	
City/Town	
State/Province	
ZIP/Postal Code	
Email Address	
Phone Number	

16. Type of Health Facility

## 17. Types of Services Provided

18. What Associations are your organization a member of?

19. Total Gross Revenues

20. If your organization has issued debt in the past, when was the last time you did a financing? If not, please enter  $\rm N/A.$ 

21. How familiar is your organization with debt financing?

○ Extremely familiar

- Moderately familiar
- 🔘 Somewhat familiar

○ Slightly familiar

 $\bigcirc$  Not at all familiar

22. If your organization has a bond rating, please provide your most current rating?

23. Does your organization already have a financing team (bond counsel, financial advisor, underwriter) that you work with on debt financing?

🔿 Yes

🔿 No

24. General Comments, Program Ideas and Suggestions

Done

Powered by SurveyMonkey See how easy it is to <u>create a survey</u>.

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# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) COVID-19 EQUIPMENT LOAN PROGRAM

## CHFFA PROGRAM

CHFFA's Tax-Exempt Equipment Financing Program provides eligible non-profit healthcare facilities access to tax-exempt fixed rate or variable rate financing for equipment purchases. An eligible health facility borrower under the program may finance qualifying equipment purchases of \$500,000 or more. Qualifying equipment purchases or reimbursements include medical and diagnostic equipment, computers, telecommunications equipment and equipment installation costs as long as those costs are capital costs. The maturity of the loan must be related to the useful life of the equipment to be financed. The loan is collateralized by the equipment that is purchased.

## THE OPPORTUNITY: CREATE A NEW COVID-19 EQUIPMENT LOAN PROGRAM

Using the basic model of the existing program, CHFFA is considering establishing a new COVID-19 Equipment Loan Program with an abridged application form and lower application fees for health facilities to pay for the cost of purchasing information technology equipment to enable them to continue their services in the face of the COVID-19 pandemic. Such equipment may include telemedicine equipment like telemedicine carts and kiosks, computers, digital cameras, computer networks, and telemedicine software.

## WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements for CHFFA financing, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- $\Box$  Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- $\Box$  Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

## WHAT CAN BE FINANCED

Equipment used for telemedicine purposes including, for example, medical and diagnostic equipment, computers, and telecommunications equipment and equipment installation costs as long as those costs are capital costs. Borrowers must have sufficient certainty regarding the location of such equipment to satisfy the "TEFRA" requirements under federal tax law. In addition, in order for a borrower to be eligible for reimbursement of previously purchased equipment it would have had to adopt a reimbursement resolution within 60 days after the date the expenditure was made (See pages 3-4 for example).

### AMOUNT AND TERM OF FINANCING

No upper limit on the amount of financing. The term would be related to the useful life of the equipment to be financed.

#### FINANCING FEES

CHFFA will charge a 0.075% initial fee of the par amount of the debt issuance and no application fees nor annual fees for COVID-19 related financings and a 0.05% initial fee of the par amount of the debt issuance and a \$1,000 flat annual fee with no application fee for a longer term equipment program. Other financing costs include legal, placement agent, and financial advisor fees. Examples of the fees for the first year of a debt issuance with a par amount of \$10 million are below.

Program	Issuance Amount	CHFFA Initial Fee	CHFFA Annual Fee
COVID-19 Equipment Loan Program	\$10 million	\$7,500	\$0
Equipment Loan Program	\$10 million	\$5,000	\$1,000

#### **APPLICATION**

Simple, abridged loan application.

## DECLARATION OF OFFICIAL INTENT OF SMITHVILLE MEDICAL CENTER TO REIMBURSE CERTAIN CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FROM PROCEEDS OF INDEBTEDNESS

**WHEREAS**, Smithville Medical Center (the "Corporation") intends to acquire, construct, renovate, improve, and equip the following projects:

- 1. Parking Garage, paving of existing parking lots, new construction and site work located on and adjacent to the hospital campus.
- 2. New Cath Lab renovation of existing space in the Operating Room, equipment and construction of new space adjacent to existing Cath lab in the Operating Room and equipment located in the hospital located in Smithville.
- 3. MRI/Diagnostic Imaging expansion, renovation of existing space and construction of space adjacent to Diagnostic Imaging, and equipment located at hospital located in Smithville.
- 4. Land purchase, site work and construction of Medical Office Building and equipment located on one of several sites on Main Street, Smithville adjacent to the hospital.
- 5. Expansion of the Emergency Room, construction of adjacent shelled space and equipment locate at hospital located in Smithville.
- 6. Information Technology Infrastructure, hardware, software and wiring for Smithville Medical Center's locations.
- 7. Capital equipment replacements for the hospital located in Smithville, California.
- 8. Renovation of elevator, located at the hospital located in Smithville, California.
- 9. Seismic planning for entire hospital and construction of office space to meet 2030 seismic requirements located in Smithville, California.

**WHEREAS**, the Corporation expects to pay certain capital expenditures (the "Reimbursement Expenditures") in connection with the Projects prior to the issuance of indebtedness for the purpose of financing costs associated with the Project on a long-term basis; and

WHEREAS, the Corporation reasonably expects that debt obligations in an amount not expected to exceed \$50,000,000 will be issued and that certain of the proceeds of such debt will be used to reimburse the Reimbursed Expenditures; and

WHEREAS, Section 1.150-2 of the Treasury Regulations requires the Corporation to declare its reasonable official intent to reimburse prior expenditures for the Project with proceeds of a subsequent borrowing; and

**WHEREAS**, proceeds of such debt obligations will be allocated to reimbursement expenditures no later than 18 months after the later of (i) the date the cost is paid, or (ii) the date the Project (or each component thereof) is placed in service or abandoned (but in no event more than three years after the cost is paid);

**NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED** by the Board of Directors of the Corporation as follows:

<u>Section 1</u>. The Board of Directors of the Corporation finds and determines that the foregoing recitals are true and correct.

<u>Section 2</u>. This declaration is made solely for purposes of establishing compliance with the requirements of Section 1.150-2 of the Treasury Regulations. This declaration does not bind the Corporation to make any expenditure, incur any debt or proceed with the Project.

<u>Section 3</u>. The Corporation hereby declares its official intent to use the proceeds of indebtedness to reimburse itself for Reimbursement Expenditures.

Adopted: November 1, 2020

John Doe, Secretary



# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) REFUNDING BONDS

## CHFFA PROGRAM

CHFFA's Bond Financing Program provides eligible non-profit healthcare facilities access to the capital markets through the issuance of tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds at a lower cost. Proceeds from a borrowing under the CHFFA Bond Financing Program may be used by eligible borrowers to fund new construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, refinancing of outstanding bonds, working capital for start-up facilities, and costs of issuance, among other purposes.

## THE OPPORTUNITY: CREATE SAVINGS THROUGH REFUNDING BONDS

Refunding bonds are issued to refinance a prior issue of bonds at a new lower borrowing rate and/or under a new financing structure. Refunding bonds are typically issued to achieve debt service savings on outstanding bonds. Refundings also may be used to release certain funds held under an indenture, or to release or defease the lien of the indenture and thereby modify or eliminate outdated or burdensome covenants or other restrictions. Generally, the desired result of a refinancing is reduced debt service payments, more favorable borrowing terms or risk reduction.

Refunding bonds are characterized as either a "current" or an "advance" refunding. A current refunding is one in which the outstanding (refunded) bonds are redeemed within 90 days of the issuance date of the refunding bonds and can be executed on a <u>tax-exempt</u> basis. An advance refunding is one in which the outstanding (refunded) bonds are redeemed more than 90 days after the refunding bonds are issued (i.e. 1-year prior) and can be only be executed on a <u>taxable</u> basis. Changes to federal tax law in late 2017 eliminated the ability of governments to issue tax-exempt advance refunding bonds.

The CHFFA Bond Financing Program offers borrowers two unique opportunities regarding the issuance of refunding bonds:

- Municipal Advisor Resources to Identify Refunding Opportunities: CHFFA utilizes the services of an experienced municipal advisor, KNN Public Finance, on financings issued under its authority. CHFFA is offering borrowers the opportunity to have CHFFA's municipal advisor, at NO cost to the borrower, identify refunding opportunities, determine the costs and benefits of refunding outstanding bonds on a tax-exempt and taxable basis, and estimate potential refunding savings under varying market conditions utilizing CHFFA's Bond Financing Program.
- Execution Benefits for Taxable Refunding Bonds: In today's low interest rate environment, a large volume of taxable advance refunding bonds are being issued to refinance outstanding tax-exempt bonds prior to their call date. As such, taxable advance refunding bonds often incorporate "municipal style" structuring features to mirror the structure of the bonds that are being refunded. Through dialogue with the bond

underwriting community, we have determined that eligible borrowers may enjoy a pricing advantage by issuing taxable bonds with "municipal style" features (modest par size, amortizing maturity structure, and par call feature) through the CHFFA Bond Financing Program rather than under a stand-alone corporate style offering. Between the value of utilizing a municipal CUSIP and having a State of California tax-exemption, underwriters have indicated that a borrower's pricing yields could be lower by 10 – 50 basis points (or 0.10% to 0.50%) when issued through the CHFFA Bond Financing Program and the municipal taxable market versus through a stand-alone corporate issuance. SEE RELATED CHFFA BOND FINANCING PROGRAM OPPORTUNITY: TAXABLE CONDUIT BONDS.

### WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements for the CHFFA Bond Financing Program, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- □ Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- □ Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- $\Box$  Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

#### WHAT CAN BE REFINANCED

Any outstanding municipal bonds or other eligible debt.

## AMOUNT AND TERM OF REFINANCING

No upper limit on the amount of refinancing. Terms of up to 40 years, subject to the useful life of what is being financed.

## **FINANCING FEES**

CHFFA will charge an initial fee of 0.05% of the par amount of the bond issuance (\$1,000 for small private and public health facilities), and 0.0175% of the bonds outstanding annually (annual maximum of \$150,000 in total for large private health facilities, and \$500 in total for small private and public health facilities). Other financing costs include legal, financial advisor, and trustee fees. Examples of the fees for the first year of a bond issuance with a par amount of \$100 million are below. Over time, the annual fee would decrease because CHFFA assesses it based on the outstanding bond amount, not the original par amount.

Applicant Type	Issuance Amount	CHFFA Initial Fee	CHFFA Annual Fee
Large Private, Non- profit	\$100 million	\$50,000	\$17,500
Small Private, Non- profit and Public	\$100 million	\$1,000	\$500

#### **APPLICATION**



# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) TAXABLE CONDUIT BONDS

## CHFFA PROGRAM

CHFFA's Bond Financing Program provides eligible non-profit healthcare facilities access to the capital markets through the issuance of tax-exempt and taxable revenue bonds at a lower cost. Proceeds from a borrowing under the CHFFA Bond Financing Program may be used by eligible borrowers to fund construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, refinancing of outstanding bonds, working capital for start-up facilities, and costs of issuance, among other purposes.

### THE OPPORTUNITY: ISSUE TAXABLE BONDS THROUGH CHFFA TO SAVE BORROWERS MONEY

Borrowers are accustomed to utilizing the CHFFA Bond Financing Program to issue *tax-exempt* bonds, affording a lower cost of borrowing due to the advantage of receiving both federal and state tax exemption on the offering.

Historically, healthcare borrowers also commonly rely on taxable bonds to meet certain capital and operating needs. Additionally, the volume of taxable bond issuance has skyrocketed in recent years due to the elimination of tax-exempt advance refunding bonds in the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. An October 2020 Nuveen study found that taxable municipal bond issuances grew 227% from September 30, 2019 to September 30, 2020. The growth in taxable municipal issuance was found to be closely related to an increase in refinancings after the 2017 Act. Thanks to historically low taxable interest rates, many healthcare issuers are now utilizing taxable advance refunding bonds to achieve significant debt service savings.

Based on current market conditions, eligible borrowers may be able to reduce debt service costs by issuing *taxable* bonds through the CHFFA Bond Financing Program, rather than under a standalone corporate-style offering. Although there are some disadvantages, like continuing disclosure obligations, there are some advantages to issuing bonds through CHFFA, including the following:

Municipal CUSIP: Under the CHFFA Bond Financing Program, a borrower could utilize a municipal CUSIP on the offering. This is particularly valuable if a borrower is pursuing a "municipal-style" offering (modest par size, amortizing maturity structure, and par call feature) for either taxable new money or advance refunding bonds. Because corporate bond buyers are more accustomed to large, liquid single maturity offerings, a "municipal-style" offering may be better received by municipal bond investors under the CHFFA Bond Financing Program with a municipal CUSIP. Bond underwriters have estimated the potential benefit of a "municipal style" taxable offering with a municipal CUSIP to be between 10 – 50 basis points (0.10% to 0.50% lower in interest rate) versus a hypothetical identical bond utilizing a taxable corporate CUSIP.

• State Tax Exemption: Taxable offerings issued under the CHFFA Bond Financing Program will be federally taxable but will benefit from State of California tax-exemption. State tax-exemption can be advantageous for investors and thereby to borrowers in achieving lower rates. The estimated benefit is approximately 5 basis points versus a hypothetical identical bond without the tax benefit.

#### **Savings Approximation Schedule**

Applicant Type	Issuance Amount	Maturity	Interest Cost Reduction	Saved Interest Cost over the Life of the Financing
Large and Small Private, Non- profit and Public	\$100 million	30 years	25 basis points or 0.25%	\$5 million

#### WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements for the CHFFA Bond Financing Program, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- □ Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- □ Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- $\Box$  Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

#### WHAT CAN BE FINANCED

New construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, purchase of equipment, refinancing of outstanding debt used for such purposes, working capital for start-up facilities, funding of debt service reserves, costs of bond issuance, etc.

#### AMOUNT AND TERM OF FINANCING

No upper limit on the amount of financing. Terms of up to 40 years, subject to the useful life of what is being financed.

#### FINANCING FEES

CHFFA will charge an initial fee of 0.05% of the par amount of the bond issuance (\$1,000 for small private and public health facilities), and 0.0175% of the bonds outstanding annually (annual maximum of \$150,000 in total for large private health facilities, and \$500 in total for small private and public health facilities). Other financing costs include legal, financial advisor, and trustee fees. Examples of the fees for the first year of a bond issuance with a par amount of \$100 million are below. Over time, the annual fee would decrease because CHFFA assesses it based on the outstanding bond amount, not the original par amount.

Applicant Type	Issuance Amount	CHFFA Initial Fee	CHFFA Annual Fee
Large Private, Non- profit	\$100 million	\$50,000	\$17,500
Small Private, Non- profit and Public	\$100 million	\$1,000	\$500

## APPLICATION



# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) PRIVATE PLACEMENT LENDING PROGRAM

## CHFFA PROGRAM

CHFFA offers borrowers the opportunity to issue municipal bonds either by way of a public offering/sale or through a private placement/direct purchase. In a private placement, CHFFA enters into a purchase agreement with a lender to sell the bonds, and then CHFFA enters into a loan agreement with the borrower to loan the proceeds from the bond sale. Among the benefits of private placements are lower costs of issuance, quicker and easier execution and fewer parties requiring disclosure and due diligence. Some banks also will lend funds without requiring cash funding of a Debt Service Reserve Fund, which can result in additional cost savings. As a result, private placements are beneficial for smaller transactions or issuers with a unique credit story and work well for bonds with a shorter term (i.e., 10 years or less).

## THE OPPORTUNITY: ISSUE DEBT CHEAPER AND FASTER THROUGH PRIVATE PLACEMENTS

CHFFA proposes establishing a new Private Placement Lending Program with a small group of pre-selected banks and financing professionals. Borrowers electing to participate in this program would benefit from standardized loan documents and due diligence procedures, ensuring faster, easier and less costly execution. Borrowers need not have their own financing team to participate. There are some socially-responsible investors that may be willing to lend to CHFFA borrowers at below market rates in order to aide in bringing about improved medical care. CHFFA is in the process of contacting these investors to see if they would be willing to set aside funds to invest in bonds for health facilities seeking to make COVID-19-related capital improvements or equipment purchases. Their interest depends in part on the depth of interest among borrowers in utilizing this new program.

Borrowers with established financing teams, that already have identified a lender for a particular private placement transaction, can of course continue to issue through CHFFA, as they have in the past, outside of the new Private Placement Lending Program.

## WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements for the CHFFA Private Placement Lending Program, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- □ Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- □ Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- $\Box$  Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

#### WHAT CAN BE FINANCED

New construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, purchase of equipment, refinancing of outstanding debt used for such purposes, working capital for start-up facilities, funding of debt service reserves, costs of bond issuance, etc.

#### AMOUNT AND TERM OF FINANCING

No upper limit on the amount of refinancing. Terms of up to 40 years, subject to the useful life of what is being financed.

### **FINANCING FEES**

CHFFA will charge an initial fee of 0.05% of the par amount of the bond issuance (\$1,000 for small private and public health facilities), and 0.0175% of the bonds outstanding annually (annual maximum of \$150,000 in total for large private health facilities, and \$500 in total for small private and public health facilities). Other financing costs include legal, financial advisor, and trustee fees. Examples of the fees for the first year of a bond issuance with a par amount of \$100 million are below. Over time, the annual fee would decrease because CHFFA assesses it based on the outstanding bond amount, not the original par amount.

Applicant Type	Issuance Amount	CHFFA Initial Fee	CHFFA Annual Fee
Large Private, Non- profit	\$100 million	\$50,000	\$17,500
Small Private, Non- profit and Public	\$100 million	\$1,000	\$500

## **APPLICATION**



# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) POOLED BOND FINANCING PROGRAM

## CHFFA PROGRAM

CHFFA is offering a pooled bond financing program to minimize costs of issuance and simplify the bond issuance process for borrowers. By pooling the needs of multiple borrowers into a single financing, a pooled financing can lower the overall cost of issuance for each borrower and potentially lower the cost of borrowing for each borrower.

In a pooled financing, CHFFA issues bonds and subsequently loans the proceeds to multiple borrowers. CHFFA would utilize an experienced team of financing professionals to manage the financing and seek to purchase credit enhancement to address differences in credit quality among the borrowers. This program could be used for tax-exempt or taxable financings and is ideal for smaller or less frequent borrowers and those looking for the ease of a "one-stop" program.

IRS code defines the term "pooled financing bond" as any bond issued as part of an issue more than \$5,000,000 of the proceeds of which are reasonably expected (at the time of the issuance of the bonds) to be used (or are intentionally used) directly or indirectly to make or finance loans to two or more ultimate borrowers. To avoid the most restrictive tax requirements, bonds would be issued only once the pool of borrowers and their financing needs have been specifically identified.

## THE OPPORTUNITY: REDUCE OVERALL COST OF ISSUANCE THROUGH POOLED BONDS

Generally, pooled financing bonds are issued to reduce issuance costs and lower interest rates to the conduit borrowers. In exchange, borrowers of pooled bond proceeds give up some autonomy and timing flexibility.

## WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements for the CHFFA Pooled Bond Financing Program, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- □ Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- $\Box$  Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

#### WHAT CAN BE FINANCED

New construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, purchase of equipment, refinancing of outstanding debt used for such purposes, working capital for start-up facilities, funding of debt service reserves, costs of bond issuance, etc.

### AMOUNT AND TERM OF FINANCING

No upper limit on the amount of financing. Terms of up to 40 years, subject to the useful life of what is being financed.

### FINANCING FEES

CHFFA will charge an initial fee of 0.05% of the par amount of the bond issuance (\$1,000 for small private and public health facilities), and 0.0175% of the bonds outstanding annually (annual maximum of \$150,000 in total for large private health facilities, and \$500 in total for small private and public health facilities). Other financing costs include legal, financial advisor, and trustee fees. Examples of the fees for the first year of a bond issuance with a par amount of \$100 million are below. Over time, the annual fee would decrease because CHFFA assesses it based on the outstanding bond amount, not the original par amount.

Applicant Type	Issuance Amount	CHFFA Initial Fee	CHFFA Annual Fee
Large Private, Non- profit	\$100 million	\$50,000	\$17,500
Small Private, Non- profit and Public	\$100 million	\$1,000	\$500

## APPLICATION



# CALIFORNIA HEALTH FACILITIES FINANCING AUTHORITY (CHFFA) LOAN LOSS RESERVE CONCEPT

### BACKGROUND

Recognizing the difficulty small and rural health facilities have in obtaining adequate financing for their capital needs, in 1995, the Authority launched the HELP II Loan Program to assist health facilities in expanding and improving services to the people of California by providing direct low cost loans. This program is designed for smaller health facilities (those with no more than \$30 million in annual gross revenues), rural health facilities, and district hospitals. Loan proceeds of up to \$1.5 million is available for eligible uses. However, there is no direct CHFFA loan program for larger health facilities requiring larger sums of money. Those needs are currently satisfied by our Bond Financing Program, which is an option for loans that typically start at \$5 million, due to higher costs of issuance. This leaves a gap between the \$1.5 million and \$5 million range.

## THE OPPORTUNITY: WORK WITH A PRIVATE LENDING INSTITUTION TO DEVELOP A LOAN PROGRAM WITH A HIGHER MAXIMUM LOAN AMOUNT

All lenders must account for the fact that—despite careful lending practices—their loan recipients may make payments late or stop making payments altogether. Loan loss reserves exist to safeguard the lender's other assets against these losses and serve as a rainy-day fund. Lenders typically set aside their own capital to fund their loan loss reserves as a precautionary measure. Loan loss reserves also can be set up by a third party to offset risk on behalf of a lender—taking on all or part of the potential loss should nonpayment occur. This party is sometimes a state or local government seeking to advance a specific goal – in this case, the expansion and improvement of health care services in California.

For example, when a state sets up a loan loss reserve on behalf of a lender, the portfolio size is determined by available funding and the lender's risk appetite. If the state has a specific amount of funding to allocate to a loan loss reserve, it can work with a prospective lender to determine the size of the loan portfolio—based on risk and institutional goals—that the loan loss reserve can support. This relationship is typically expressed in percentage form (calculated by dividing the dollar amount in the loan loss reserve by the dollar amount in the loan portfolio). Another consideration is the percentage of each individual loan that the loan loss reserve will cover. Typically, loan loss reserves do not cover 100% of losses from each loan, so the lender has some of its own funds at risk, ensuring prudent lending practices. Coverage ratios of 75–100% are typical. The benefit to the borrower is that they may get better financing terms. Loan loss reserves serve as a credit enhancement and terms can be constructed to offer below-market-rate terms to increase participation.

#### WHO CAN BORROW

In order to meet the requirements to participate in the CHFFA Loan Loss Reserve Program, a borrower must meet the following eligibility criteria:

- □Be a participating health institution under the CHFFA Act (which includes a public hospital, a non-profit corporation or association authorized by the laws of California to provide or operate a health facility and undertake the financing or refinancing of a project);
- □ Have been operating for a minimum of three years and provide three years of audited financial statements; and
- □ Have revenue sufficient to cover debt service on the proposed financing.

#### WHAT CAN BE FINANCED

New construction or renovation projects, land acquisition for future projects, acquisition of facilities, purchase of equipment, refinancing of outstanding debt used for such purposes, working capital for start-up facilities, etc.

#### AMOUNT AND TERM OF LOAN

Maximum loan amount and term subject to negotiation with lender. Presumably, maximum loan amount would not exceed \$5 million.

#### FINANCING FEES

Potentially an up-front, non-refundable application fee paid to CHFFA (to be applied to the loan origination fee), loan origination fee (paid to the lender), document preparation fee (paid to the lender). All of these fees would be subject to CHFFA negotiation with a selected lender. Borrower would additionally be responsible for any additional out of pocket costs incurred by the lender.

#### **APPLICATION**