FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

California School Finance Authority Members Los Angeles, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the California School Finance Authority (the Authority), a related organization of the State of California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Authority, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards; and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information section, as listed in the Table of Contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The schedule of bonds and collateralized notes authorized, issued, and outstanding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of bonds and collateralized notes authorized, issued, and outstanding and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2025, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

GILBERT CPAs Sacramento, California

Gilbert CPAs

March 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

This section of the financial statements of the California School Finance Authority (Authority) provides an overview of the Authority's programs and presents the analysis of the financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the Authority's basic financial statements that follow this section.

AUTHORITY BACKGROUND AND PROGRAMS

The Authority was created in 1985 to provide tax-exempt, low-cost financing to school districts, community college districts, and county offices of education for use in the repair and construction of school facilities as well as provide financing for working capital purposes. The Authority serves as a conduit issuer of bonds and notes on behalf of school districts, community college districts, and charter schools. Chaired by the State Treasurer, the Superintendent of Public Instruction, and the Director of Finance, the Authority has offices in Los Angeles and Sacramento. The Authority administers several federally- and state-funded grant, loan, and bond programs, which are described below.

Charter School Facilities Program: The Charter School Facilities Program (CSFP) was enacted in 2002 by Assembly Bill 14, amended by Senate Bill 15 and Assembly Bill 16, and funded through Proposition 47 (\$100 million), Proposition 55 (\$300 million), Proposition 1D (\$500 million), Proposition 51 (\$500 million), and Proposition 2 (\$600 million), to construct, acquire, or renovating new facilities for site-based charter school students throughout California. The CSFP allows charter schools to access state facility funding for new construction directly or through the school district where the charter school is physically located. The program funds 50 percent of project costs as a grant (paid by the State), while the charter school, in the form of a long-term lease or a lump sum payment, repays the other 50 percent. The Program is jointly administered by Office of Public-School Construction (OPSC) staff, and for its part, the OPSC makes recommendations to the State Allocation Board (SAB) regarding which Program applicants receive preliminary apportionments (a reservation of program funds) based on criteria outlined in statute and in SAB program regulations. Among other things, the Authority is responsible for 1) making a financial soundness determination for all Program applicants at the time of preliminary, advance, and final apportionment; 2) conducting ongoing monitoring and due diligence of recipients' financial soundness before and after final apportionment; 3) carrying out due diligence on guarantors or related organizations, when applicable; 4) developing, negotiating, and maintaining Program agreements on behalf of the State; and 5) integrating Program funding into the Authority's existing financing programs. This program is accounted for in the Charter School Facilities Program Account Fund.

<u>Charter School Facility Grant (SB740) Program:</u> The Charter School Facility Grant (SB740) Program provides annual grants to offset ongoing annual facility costs for charter schools serving a high percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price meals (FRPM) or schools that are in a public elementary school boundary serving a similar demographic. This program is accounted for in the Charter Schools Facility Grant Program Fund.

<u>Charter School Facilities Credit Enhancement Grant Program</u>: The federally funded Charter School Facilities Credit Enhancement Grant Program provides grants to fund debt service reserve accounts fully or partially on bond transactions issued through the Authority. The grant is intended to reduce the overall cost of borrowing for charter schools as it eliminates the need to fund the reserve through bond proceeds. In addition to the existing \$8.3 million grant, the Authority was awarded \$8 million for the Project Acceleration Notes and Credit Enhancement Alternatives (PANACEA) Program in September 2017. In August 2019, through the same federal grant program, the Authority was awarded a \$20 million grant for

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

the Charter Access to Bank Loan Enhancement (Charter ABLE) Program. In September 2021, the Authority was awarded \$10 million for the Charter Finance Enhancement (Charter FinE) program, and in 2023, the Authority was awarded \$20 million for the Credit Enhancement Program. This program enhances financing initiatives to assist charter school facility acquisition, construction, and renovation. These programs are accounted for in the Federal Trust Fund (ALN 84.354A).

<u>Charter School Revolving Loan Fund Program:</u> The Charter School Revolving Loan Fund (CSRLF) Program provides low-cost loans of up to \$250,000 to charter schools, with priority given to schools opening in the current fiscal year. This program is accounted for in the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund.

<u>Conduit Financing Program:</u> The conduit financing program provides school districts, community college districts, county offices of education, and non-profit borrowers access to tax-exempt and other tax-advantaged bonds and notes through public offerings and private placements. This program is accounted for in the California School Finance Authority Fund.

<u>California Student Housing Revolving Loan Fund</u>: (CaSH RLF) provides zero-interest loans for affordable student housing and affordable faculty and staff housing. It was established in 2022 under AB 190 and funded with an initial appropriation of \$200 million for fiscal year 2023-24. During the 2023-24 and 2024-25 Budgets, the California Student Housing Revolving Loan Fund Program's annual appropriations were reverted and the CaSH RLF is currently unfunded. This program is accounted for in the Charter School Facilities Grant Program Fund.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This financial report of the Authority's bond, state, and federal programs includes an independent auditor report, management discussion and analysis, and basic financial statements.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the Authority's programs for the year that ended on June 30, 2024.

The *Statement of Activities* accounts for all of the Authority's revenue and expenses for the year that ended on June 30, 2024. This statement reflects the result of the Authority's operations over the year and may be used to determine the Authority's creditworthiness and its ability to successfully recover all of its costs.

The *Fund Financial Statements* provide information about the Authority's funds for the year that ended on June 30, 2024. Separate statements for governmental and enterprise funds are presented.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The *Statement of Cash Flows-Proprietary Funds* provides information about the Authority's Enterprise Fund's cash receipts and cash payments during the year that ended on June 30, 2024. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, capital and related financing, noncapital financing, and investment activities. The statement provides answers to questions of where cash came from, what cash was used for, and what caused changes in cash for the reporting period covered.

The accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statement.

ANALYSIS OF CHANGE IN PROGRAM BALANCE FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds

Long-term loans by governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced, and as revenue in the year the loan is repaid and is measurable and available in the fund financial statement. The loans receivable is recorded in the fund statements but are deferred to indicate it does not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statement.

Changes in liability for compensated absences, early retirement incentives and other postemployment benefits were not recorded as expenditures in governmental funds as they were not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The following chart represents a statement of net positions as of June 30, 2024:

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,232,543	\$ 2,074,894	\$ 89,307,437
Accounts receivable	431,016	150,647	581,663
Due from external funds	27,220,145	21,398	27,241,543
Internal balances	(130,106)	130,106	
Long-term loans receivable, net	43,184,169		43,184,169
Total Assets	157,937,767	2,377,045	160,314,812
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S:		
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to pension	492,469		492,469
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to OPEB	310,000		310,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	802,469		802,469
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	26,771,491	35,881	26,807,372
Advances from federal government	8,323,011	,	8,323,011
Due to external funds	51,300,496	10,562	51,311,058
Loan payable - SMIF (SB 84)	119	,	119
Long-term due to federal government	36,914,357		36,914,357
Long-term accrued vacation	243,783		243,783
Long-term net OPEB liability	2,053,000		2,053,000
Long-term net pension liability	1,487,055		1,487,055
Total Liabilities	127,093,312	46,443	127,139,755
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	:		
Deferred inflows of resources			
related to pension	246,268		246,268
Deferred inflows of resources			•
related to OPEB	523,000		523,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	769,268		769,268
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for Educational Purposes	30,877,656	2,330,602	33,208,258
-			
Total Net Position	\$ 30,877,656	\$ 2,330,602	\$ 33,208,258

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The following chart represents a statement of net positions as of June 30, 2023:

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			iness-Type Activities	Total	
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES:						
Current Assets	\$	31,985,608	\$	2,064,392	\$ 34,050,000	
Long-Term Assets		39,008,427		-	39,008,427	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,062,936		_	1,062,936	
Total Assets and Outflows of Resources	72,056,971		72,056,971 2,064,392		2,064,392	74,121,363
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Current Liabilities		6,094,246		141,475	6,235,721	
Long-Term Liabilities		35,766,982		0	35,766,982	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		801,071		_	801,071	
Total Liabilities and Inflows of Resources	42,662,299			141,475	42,803,774	
NET POSITION: Restricted for Educational Purposes	\$	29,394,672	\$	1,922,917	\$ 31,317,589	

NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Long-term loans issued under the Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund Program in the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund are treated as expenditures in the year advanced, and as revenue in the year repayment is measurable and available in the fund financial statements. The loans receivable is recorded in the fund statements but is deferred to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements.

Loan and interest receivable balances are reported as net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This is based on historical collection experience and a review of the status of loan receivables.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The Authority has deferred outflows related to pension of \$492,469 and deferred outflows related to other post-employment benefits (OPEB) of \$310,000 on the statement of net position.

The Authority has deferred inflows related to pension of \$246,268 and deferred inflows related to OPEB of \$523,000 on the statement of net position. The Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund has unavailable revenue of \$3,973,043 due to the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund Program on the fund financial statements.

INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances and transfers related to information on loans, provided services, reimbursements or transfers during the year that ended on June 30, 2024.

PENSION PLANS

The Authority participates in the State of California's Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which is a defined benefit agent multi-employer contributory retirement plan. CalPERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

The State of California provides health care and dental benefits to annuitants of retirement systems to which the State contributes as an employer, through the State of California Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan, a single employee defined benefit plan. The health and dental benefits provided through the plan can be amended by the CalPERS Board of Administration and the California Department of Human Resources. The net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, was \$2,053,000.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The following chart represents the statement of activities as of June 30, 2024:

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Operating grants:			
State apportionment	\$ 175,984,600		\$ 175,984,600
Federal revenues	152,805		152,805
Charges for services:			
Fee revenue		\$ 606,898	606,898
Total Operating Revenue	176,137,405	606,898	176,744,303
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
State grants issued	173,916,082		173,916,082
Salaries and wages	952,430	101,054	1,053,484
Operating expense	355,272	207,483	562,755
Benefits and payroll taxes	169,061	20,371	189,432
Pension and OPEB	110,661	31,856	142,517
Bad debt expense (recovery)	323,261	(86,588)	236,673
Miscellaneous expense	143,302	196	143,498
Total Operating Expenses	175,970,070	274,372	176,244,442
OPE RATING INCOME	167,335	332,526	499,861
NON-OPERATING REVENUE:			
Interest income and other income	1,315,649	75,159	1,390,808
Increase in Net Position	1,482,984	407,685	1,890,669
Net Position - Beginning	29,394,672	1,922,917	31,317,589
Net Position - Ending	\$ 30,877,656	\$ 2,330,602	\$ 33,208,258

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The following chart represents the statement of activities as of June 30, 2023:

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL FINANCE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		 Total
Total Operating Revenues	S	138,242,667	\$	783,254	\$ 139,025,921
Total Operating Expenses		140,394,975		793,080	141,188,055
Operating Income (Loss)		(2,152,308)		(9,826)	(2,162,134)
Total Non-Operating Revenues		719,935		45,313	765,248
Increase in Net Position		(1,432,373)		35,487	(1,396,886)
Net Position - Beginning		30,827,045		1,887,430	32,714,475
Net Position - Ending	\$	29,394,672	\$	1,922,917	\$ 31,317,589

REVENUES

The Authority's revenues are derived from federal and state appropriations to assist charter schools with facility and related expenses. Additional revenues are generated through fees charged to borrowers through the Authority's conduit bond program.

EXPENSES

The Authority's expenses represent grant and loan proceeds disbursed to charter schools. Other expenses are attributed to the Authority's operations and pay for salary and benefit costs, as well as administrative costs such as facilities and support services.

NET POSITION

The Authority's Net Position on the government-wide financial statements are statutorily restricted for the purposes of assisting eligible charter schools through loan, grant, and bond programs.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (unaudited) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND CURRENT ACTIVITIES

The Authority anticipates the following considerations that could impact program activity:

- The new Federal administration could create uncertainty relative to monetary, economic, tax, and various other policies including federal funding that can impact authority programs.
- Variances in California's budget could impact state program funding.
- Interest rate volatility may continue to slow down the economy which could have an impact on state revenues. Additionally, interest rate volatility could impact the Authority's Conduit Financing Program.
- The implementation of the Authority's federal grant programs will bring in additional funds and may require additional resources to carry out the grant program.
- The passage of Proposition 2 in November of 2024 will lead to greater workload and additional resources at the Authority.
- Changes in state and federal legislation could increase or decrease the Authority's activities.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Authority's bond, state, and federal financial positions, and is intended for distribution to a variety of interested parties. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Katrina Johantgen, Executive Director California School Finance Authority 300 S. Spring Street, Suite 8500 Los Angeles, California 90013 <u>kjohantgen@treasurer.ca.gov</u> www.treasurer.ca.gov/csfa/financial.asp

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 87,232,543	\$ 2,074,894	\$ 89,307,437
Accounts receivable	431,016	150,647	581,663
Due from external funds	27,220,145	21,398	27,241,543
Internal balances	(130,106)	130,106	
Long-term loans receivable, net	43,184,169		43,184,169
Total Assets	157,937,767	2,377,045	160,314,812
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCE	ES:		
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to pension	492,469		492,469
Deferred outflows of resources			
related to OPEB	310,000		310,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	802,469		802,469
LIABILITIES:			
Accounts payable	26,771,491	35,881	26,807,372
Advances from federal government	8,323,011		8,323,011
Due to external funds	51,300,496	10,562	51,311,058
Loan payable - SMIF (SB 84)	119		119
Long-term due to federal government	36,914,357		36,914,357
Long-term accrued vacation	243,783		243,783
Long-term net OPEB liability	2,053,000		2,053,000
Long-term net pension liability	1,487,055		1,487,055
Total Liabilities	127,093,312	46,443	127,139,755
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Deferred inflows of resources			
related to pension	246,268		246,268
Deferred inflows of resources			
related to OPEB	523,000		523,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	769,268		769,268
NET POSITION:			
Restricted for Educational Purposes	30,877,656	2,330,602	33,208,258
Total Net Position	\$ 30,877,656	\$ 2,330,602	\$ 33,208,258

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:			
Operating grants:			
State apportionment	\$ 175,984,600		\$ 175,984,600
Federal revenues	152,805		152,805
Charges for services:			
Fee revenue		\$ 606,898	606,898
Total Operating Revenue	176,137,405	606,898	176,744,303
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
State grants issued	173,916,082		173,916,082
Salaries and wages	952,430	101,054	1,053,484
Operating expense	355,272	207,483	562,755
Benefits and payroll taxes	169,061	20,371	189,432
Pension and OPEB	110,661	31,856	142,517
Bad debt expense (recovery)	323,261	(86,588)	236,673
Miscellaneous expense	143,302	196	143,498
Total Operating Expenses	175,970,070	274,372	176,244,442
OPERATING INCOME	167,335	332,526	499,861
NON-OPERATING REVENUE:			
Interest income and other income	1,315,649	75,159	1,390,808
Increase in Net Position	1,482,984	407,685	1,890,669
Net Position - Beginning	29,394,672	1,922,917	31,317,589
Net Position - Ending	\$ 30,877,656	\$ 2,330,602	\$ 33,208,258

BALANCE SHEETS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	Charter Schools Facilities Grant Program Fund	Charter School Revolving Loan Fund	Federal Trust Fund	Charter Schools Facilities Account Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS:					
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 53,473,678	\$ 25,433,328 100,000	\$ 8,325,537 330,516	\$ 500	\$ 87,232,543 431,016
Due from external funds	27,051,105	100,000	169,040	\$ 500	27,220,145
Due from internal funds Long-term loans			,	188,901	188,901
receivable, net		3,973,043	39,211,126		43,184,169
Total Assets	\$ 80,524,783	\$ 29,506,371	\$ 48,036,219	\$ 189,401	\$ 158,256,774
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable Advances from federal	\$ 26,584,155	\$ 150,000	\$ 17,904	\$ 19,432	\$ 26,771,491
government			8,323,011		8,323,011
Due to external funds	51,292,156		1 40.512	8,339	51,300,496
Due to internal funds Long-term due to	217,340		49,513	52,154	319,007
federal government			36,914,357		36,914,357
Total Liabilities	78,093,651	150,000	45,304,786	79,925	123,628,362
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES:					
Unavailable revenue		3,973,043			3,973,043
FUND BALANCES:					
Restricted for Educational					
Purposes	2,431,132	25,383,328	2,731,433	109,476	30,655,369
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					
and Fund Balances	\$ 80,524,783	\$ 29,506,371	\$ 48,036,219	\$ 189,401	\$ 158,256,774

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

\$ 30,655,369

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Long-term Revolving Loan Program receivables are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds.

3,973,043

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions and OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported as follows:

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension	492,469
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	310,000
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(246,268)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(523,000)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position as follows:

Accrued vacation	(243,783)
Loan payable - SMIF (SB 84)	(119)
Net OPEB liability	(2,053,000)
Net pension liability	(1,487,055)

Total Net Position, Governmental Activities \$ 30,877,656

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Charter Schools Facilities Grant Program Fund	Charter School Revolving Loan Fund	Federal Trust Fund	Charter Schools Facilities Account Fund	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:					
State apportionment	\$ 175,349,663			\$ 634,937	\$ 175,984,600
Loan principal repayments		\$ 2,662,569			2,662,569
Federal revenues			\$ 152,805		152,805
Interest income	43,819		1,266,830		1,310,649
Miscellaneous revenue			5,000		5,000
Total Revenues	175,393,482	2,662,569	1,424,635	634,937	180,115,623
EXPENDITURES:					
Salaries and wages	748,036		86,005	118,389	952,430
Benefits and payroll taxes	310,948		46,476	67,734	425,158
Operating expense	44,308		20,300	290,664	355,272
State grants issued	173,916,082				173,916,082
Loans issued		750,000			750,000
Federal grants issued			1		1
Miscellaneous expenses			24	143,278	143,302
Total Expenditures	175,019,374	750,000	152,806	620,065	176,542,245
Excess of Revenues					
over Expenditures	374,108	1,912,569	1,271,829	14,872	3,573,378
Increase in Fund Balances	374,108	1,912,569	1,271,829	14,872	3,573,378
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,057,024	23,470,759	1,459,604	94,604	27,081,991
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 2,431,132	\$ 25,383,328	\$ 2,731,433	\$ 109,476	\$ 30,655,369

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ 3,573,378

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Long-term loans by governmental funds are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenue in the year repayment is measurable and available in the fund financial statements. The loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements, but are deferred to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements.

Revenues (2,662,569) Expenditures 750,000 (1,912,569)

Changes in the liability for compensated absences are not recorded as expenditures in governmental funds because they are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. In government-wide statements, they are recognized when earned.

(36,431)

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

(65,133)

In governmental funds, other postemployment benefit costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between accrual-basis OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

247,000

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

1,482,984

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND JUNE 30, 2024

	California School Finance Authority Fund
CURRENT ASSETS:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,074,894
Accounts receivable	150,647
Due from external funds	21,398
Due from internal funds	143,599
Total Current Assets	2,390,538
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	
Accounts payable	35,881
Due to external funds	10,562
Due to internal funds	13,493
Total Current Liabilities	59,936
NET POSITION:	
Restricted for Educational Purposes	2,330,602
Total Net Position	\$ 2,330,602

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	California School Finance Authority Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	Φ (0(000
Fee revenue	\$ 606,898
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Salaries and wages	101,054
Debt issuance costs and other operating expense	207,483
Benefits and payroll taxes	52,227
Bad debt expense (recovery)	(86,588)
Miscellaneous expense	196
Total Operating Expenses	274,372
OPERATING INCOME	332,526
NON-OPERATING REVENUE:	
Interest income	75,159
Increase in Net Position	407,685
Net Position - Beginning	1,922,917
Net Position - Ending	\$ 2,330,602

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	California School Finance Authority Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Receipts from fees	\$ 867,627
Payments to suppliers	(518,000)
Payments to employees	(153,281)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities	196,346
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Interest received	68,631
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	264,977
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of year	1,809,917
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of year	\$ 2,074,894
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO CASH AND	
CASH EQUIVALENTS PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Operating income	\$ 332,526
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to	
net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	174,141
Due from internal funds	(93,992)
Accounts payable	(75,631)
Due to external funds	(19,401)
Due to internal funds	(121,297)
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 196,346

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

1. SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. GENERAL

The California School Finance Authority (the Authority) was created in 1985 to finance educational facilities and provide school districts and community college districts access to working capital. Since its inception, the Authority has developed a number of school facilities financing programs, and most recently is focused on meeting charter schools' facility and working capital needs. The Authority is comprised of a three-member board with the State Treasurer serving as Chair and the Superintendent of Public Instruction and the Director of Finance serving as members. Legislation pertaining to the California School Finance Authority Act (the Act) that established the Authority is contained in Education Code Sections 17170 through 17199.5.

The Authority contracts with the State Treasurer's Office to provide administrative support including, but not limited to accounting, legal, budgets, data processing, personnel, and business services.

B. THE REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present information on the financial activities of the Authority. The Authority is a related organization of the State of California. The California State Treasurer by legislation serves as the Chairperson and is responsible for the oversight of the Authority.

C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the Authority as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the Authority. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Authority. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by operating grant revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely on fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the operating expenses are offset by operating revenues for the program purpose of the Authority, which is school financing assistance. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented instead as non-operating revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Authority's funds. Separate statements for each fund category ~ governmental and proprietary ~ are presented.

The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. There are no non-major funds as of June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

- The Charter Schools Facilities Grant Program Fund is a state funded program that provides grants to charter schools for facilities (rent and leases) servicing a high percentage of students eligible for free or reduced price meals or that are located in a public elementary school boundary serving a similar demographic. The fund also collects the interest earned from the revolving loan balances issued by the Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund. Proceeds from the interest earned on these loans can be transferred over to the Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund, if approved by the State of California Department of Finance.
- The Charter School Revolving Loan Fund was established to administer the Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund Program (CSRLF) which is a state funded program that provides low-interest loans of up to \$250,000 to new charter schools. The statutory provisions governing the CSRLF are California Education Code sections 41365, 41366.5, 41366.7 and 41367.
- The *Federal Trust Fund* was established to account for the two federally funded programs administered by the Authority described below:
 - ALN 84.282D Charter School Facilities Incentive Grants Program is a federally funded program that provides grants to charter schools for facilities servicing a high percentage of students eligible for free or reduced-price meals or that are located in a public elementary school boundary serving a similar demographic.
 - O ALN 84.354A Charter School Enhancement Program is a federally funded grant program that reduces the overall cost of borrowing for charter schools as it eliminates the need of Charter Schools to fund the reserve through bond proceeds. Under this program, the Authority provides loans to Charter Schools to fund debt service reserve accounts. Any interest earned by the Trust Fund holding the debt service reserve accounts is remitted with the principal amount of the loan upon bond maturity, bond refunding, or closing of the charter school. This program was funded in advance and proceeds received from the US Department of Education to operate this program are recorded as an Advance from the Federal Government as they will be remitted back to the grantor upon the program completion or if the Performance Goals in the Grant Award are not met.
- The Charter Schools Facilities Account Fund was established to administer the Charter Schools Facility Program which passes-through administrative costs associated with the administration of Proposition 47, 55, and 1d for the purposes of construction, acquiring, or renovating new facilities for site-based charter school students. The Authority acts as the administrator for these funds to ensure that applicants meet the requirements and establishing the initial terms. The Department of General Services is responsible for the payment (50% as a direct grant and 50% as a loan) and collection of the 50% payback portion.

The Authority reports the following enterprise fund:

• The California School Finance Authority Fund acts as a conduit by assisting eligible education organizations in obtaining financing through the issuance of revenue bonds and notes. The financings are secured by the full faith and credit of the participating organization, and the Fund is not responsible for payment on any financing. As a result, the financing obligations are not recorded in the Fund's financial statements. The borrowers' obligations generally are, but need not be, secured by insurance, a letter of credit or guarantee. Bonds and notes are issued at either public or private sales after details of the proposed project and satisfactory evidence of the ability

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

of the participating institution to meet financial obligations have been submitted to the Authority and approved by the Board. In addition, no commitments beyond providing access to tax-exempt, taxable, and other tax-advantaged bonds, loans, and notes were extended by the Authority for any of those bonds.

D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as does the enterprise fund. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Revenues from grants are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. State appropriations and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within 60 days after the end of the accounting period so as to be measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting.

E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Authority considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

F. RECEIVABLES

Long-term loans issued under the Charter School Revolving Loan program in the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund, a governmental fund, are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenue in the year repayment is measurable and available in the fund financial statements. The loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements but are deferred to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements.

Long-term loans issued under the federal Charter School Facilities Incentive Grants program and the Charter School Credit Enhancement program in the Federal Trust Fund, a governmental fund, are treated as expenditures in the year advanced and as revenue in the year repayment is measurable and available in the fund financial statements. The loans receivable are recorded in the fund statements but are deferred to indicate they do not represent current financial resources. The loans are recognized when advanced in the government-wide statements.

Loan and interest receivable balances are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as described in Note 3. Management's estimate of the allowance is based on historical collection experience and a review of the current status of loan receivable.

G. ACCRUED VACATION

The accrued vacation compensation is recognized as an expense and liability in the Authority's financial statements. Additionally, accumulated sick-leave balances are not recorded as compensated absences because they do not vest to employees. However, unused sick-leave balances convert to service credits upon retirement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

H. PENSION

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's portion of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Miscellaneous plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

I. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's portion of the State Substantive Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

J. INTERFUND BALANCES

Interfund transactions are reflected as loans, provided services, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as receivables and payables as appropriate, are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Net interfund activity and balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities are shown in the statement of net position as internal balances.

K. DEFERRED OUTFLOW/INFLOW OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statements report a separate section from deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The Authority has a deferred inflow which arises only under modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in the category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue for loans issued under the Charter Schools Revolving Loan Fund. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the period of availability have been offset with unavailable revenue.

Contributions made to the Authority's pension plan after the measurement date but before the fiscal year-end are recorded as a deferred outflow of resources and will reduce the net pension in the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Additional factors involved in the calculation of the Authority's pension and OPEB expenses and net liabilities include the differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, and changes in proportion. These factors are recorded as deferred outflows and inflows of resources and amortized over various periods. See Note 6 for further details related to the pension deferred outflows and inflows. See Note 7 for further details related to the OPEB deferred outflows and inflows.

L. REVENUES

The Charter Schools Facilities Grant Program Fund and Charter Schools Facilities Account Fund are fully funded through State apportionments. Revenues in the Federal Trust fund are receipts received in a reimbursement basis to operate the federal Charter School Facilities Incentive Grants program. Revenues in the Charter School Revolving Loan Fund are loan principal repayments for loans issued under the Charter School Revolving Loan Program.

The School Finance Authority Fund charges fees to institutions for assistance in bond and note financing. The fee schedule is as follows:

Type of Bonds	Type of Fee	<u>Amount</u>
Non-Profit	Application Fee	\$500
Borrowers:	Issuance Fee	0.075% of par-amount
Note Financing	Annual Admin Fee	N/A
	Application Fee	\$1,500
Non-Profit		0.15% of par-amount up to \$10,000,000; 0.05%
Borrowers:	Issuance Fee	on amounts above \$10,000,000 - Maximum Fee of
Bond/Loan		\$75,000 per transaction
	Annual Admin Fee	0.015% of outstanding principal, minimum \$500
	Application Fee	\$1,500
Non-Profit Borrowers: ESG	Issuance Fee	0.10% of par amount of bonds issued up to and including \$10,000,000; 0.04% on amounts above
Bonds	issuance ree	\$10,000,000
	Annual Admin Fee	0.015% of outstanding principal, minimum \$500
	Application Fee	\$1,500
		0.05% of par amount of bonds issued up to
Governmental	Issuance Fee	\$10,000,000; 0.025% on amounts above
Entities	issuance ree	\$10,000,000 - Maximum Fee of \$75,000 per
		transaction
	Annual Admin Fee	N/A

The fees are used to cover operating costs such as general communications, printing, professional services (both internal and external), facilities operations, and other miscellaneous operating expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

M. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is a related organization of the State of California and participates in their risk management program. The State of California is primarily self-insured against loss or liability, with a few exceptions. The State generally does not maintain reserves; losses are covered by appropriations in the year in which the payment occurs. The Authority has not had any claims subject to this coverage in the last three years. Additional disclosures are presented in the financial statements of the State of California.

N. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2024, the fund balance for all funds and the net position on the government-wide financial statement are restricted by enabling legislation for the purposes of assisting in the issuance of revenue bonds, loans, and grants for eligible educational organizations.

O. USE OF ESTIMATES

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.

P. BUDGET

A budget for the Authority by fund has not been legally adopted and is not required. Therefore, a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance, actual and budget, normally presented by special revenue funds, is not included in the financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS IN STATE TREASURY

A. GENERAL

The Authority considers all short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2024 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Deposits in SMIF	\$ 61,127,000
Cash in State Treasury	28,180,437
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 89 307 437

The cash and cash equivalents were classified and reported on the Authority's financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 87,232,543 2,074,894
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 89,307,437

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

B. STATE TREASURY

The Authority invests excess cash funds in the State of California Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF). All of the resources of SMIF are invested through the Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA). The PMIA investment program is designated by the Pooled Money Investment Board and is administered by the office of the State Treasurer.

Additional disclosure detail required by GASB Statements No. 3, No. 31, No. 40, and No. 72 regarding cash deposits and investments in the State Treasury, including disclosures related to interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial credit risk, and concentration of credit risk, are presented in the financial statements of the State of California for the year ended June 30, 2024.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivable balances are reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts as follows:

				Allowance or Doubtful			
Fund Fund	1	Receivable	Accounts			Net	
Accounts Receivable:							
California School Finance Authority Fund	\$	292,619	\$	(141,972)	\$	150,647	
Federal Trust Fund	\$	330,516	\$	_	\$	330,516	
Charter Schools Facilities Grant Program	\$	10,439	\$	(10,439)	\$	-	
Charter Schools Facilities Account Fund	\$	500	\$	_	\$	500	
Charter School Revolving Loan Fund	\$	100,000	\$	-	\$	100,000	
Long-term Loans Receivable:							
Charter School Revolving Loan Fund	\$	5,735,689	\$	(1,762,646)	\$	3,973,043	
Long-term Loans Receivable:							
Federal Trust Fund	\$	39,211,126	\$	-	\$	39,211,126	

4. DUE TO/FROM OTHER EXTERNAL FUNDS

Due to/from other external funds at June 30, 2024 includes the following:

Due From (Due T	Description		
SMIF	Interest Income	\$ 678,49) 7
General Fund	Student Housing Revolving Loan Fund	(51,292,15	56)
General Fund	SB-740 Other Costs funding	26,498,15	54
General Fund	Various	(18,90)2)
Department of Education	Federal Grants	64,89	<u> 32</u>
	Net Due From (To) Other External Funds	\$ (24,069,51	<u>15</u>)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

5. ACCRUED VACATION

The Authority employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts, depending upon the employee. These hours are accrued for all employees on the basis of monthly payrolls. Upon separation, employees are paid for accumulated vacation days up to specified limits. Accrued vacation and sick leave follow State employees from agency to agency and are not necessarily earned since the inception of the Authority.

Accrued vacation activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

Balance June 30, 2023		Additions Reductions		luctions	Balance June 30, 2024		Due Within One Year		
Accrued vacation	\$	207,352	\$	115,863	\$	(79,432)	\$	243,783	\$

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

A. General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Descriptions – All employees in a covered class of employment who work half-term, or more are eligible to participate in the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), which is included in the State of California's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) as a fiduciary component unit. CalPERS administers the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). PERF is an agent multiple employer defined benefit retirement plan. Departments and agencies within the State of California (State), including the Authority, a related organization of the State, are in a cost-sharing arrangement in which all risks and costs are shared proportionately by participating State agencies. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for this plan. This report is available online at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The California Legislature passed, and the Governor signed the "Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013" (PEPRA) on September 12, 2012. PEPRA contained a number of provisions intended to reduce future pension obligations. PEPRA primarily affects new pension plan members who are enrolled for the first time after December 2012. Benefit provisions and other requirements are established by State statute.

Benefits Provided – The benefits for the Plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five or ten years of credited service.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

First Tier:

Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible

compensation

Hire date	Prior to January 15, 2011	January 15, 2011 to December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50 to 67	50 to 67	52 to 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible			
compensation	1.1 to 2.5%	1.092 to 2.418%	1.0 to 2.5%
Second Tier:			
	Prior to	On or after	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	1.25% @ 65	1.25% @ 67	
Benefit vesting schedule	10 years service	10 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50 to 67	52 to 67	

Contributions – Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees Retirement Law (PERL) requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The total plan contributions are determined through the CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Authority is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

0.5 to 1.25%

0.65 to 1.25%

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 (the measurement date), the employer's contribution rate is approximately 30.71% of annual payroll.

These rates reflect Section 20683.2, which mandates that certain employees must contribute more as of July 1, 2013. Furthermore, any reduction in employer contributions due to the increase in the employee contributions must be paid by the employer towards the unfunded liability. It is the responsibility of the employer to make necessary accounting adjustments to reflect the impact due to any Employer Paid Member Contributions or situations where members are paying a portion of the employer contribution.

Contributions to the plan were \$163,993 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Included in the Authority's contributions to the plan, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the State Surplus Money Investment Fund (SMIF) made a contribution to the Plan, on behalf of the Authority, as required by Senate Bill No. 84 (SB 84) to fund future net pension liabilities. The Authority established a loan payable to SMIF for this contribution as required by SB 84. This loan payable is required to be repaid by the Authority by June 30, 2030. As of June 30, 2024 the loan payable balance outstanding was \$119.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

B. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the Authority reported net pension liabilities for their proportionate share of the net pension liability of \$1,487,055.

The Authority's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, rolled forward to June 30, 2023, using standard update procedures. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the State Controller's Office (SCO) projection of the Authority. The SCO identified a total of 29 entities that are reported in the State's CAFR which are proprietary funds (enterprise and internal service) and fiduciary funds (pension and other employee benefit trust funds), component units (discretely presented and fiduciary), and related organizations, that have State employees with pensionable compensation (covered payroll). The SCO calculated and provided these funds/organizations with their allocated pensionable compensation percentages by plan. The Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 were 0.003870% and 0.004891%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$229,126. At June 30, 2024, the Authority's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	163,993				
Change in proportion			\$	(163,036)		
Changes in assumption		77,188				
Change in proportionate share of contributions				(60,139)		
Differences between expected and actual experience		71,261		(23,093)		
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on						
plan investments		180,027				
Total	\$	492,469	\$	(246,268)		

\$163,993 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

June 30	
2025	\$ 56,210
2026	(17,679)
2027	57,736
2028	(14,059)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions – For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 (the measurement date), the Total Pension Liability (TPL) was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2022 TPL. The June 30, 2023, TPL was based on the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry-Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate 6.90% Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 6 90%

Mortality Rate Table⁽¹⁾

Post Retirement Benefit Increase

Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all Funds
The lessor of contract cola or 2.3% until Purchasing Power
Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies,

2.30% thereafter

Changes of Assumptions

There were no assumption changes in 2023. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated, combined with risk estimates, and are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. In addition, demographic assumptions and the inflation rate assumption were changed in accordance with the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions. The accounting discount rate was 6.90% for measurement dates 2022 and 2023, 7.15% for measurement dates 2017 through 2021, 7.65% for measurement dates 2015 through 2016, and 7.50% for measurement date 2014.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (TPL) was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plans members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits payments to determine the total pension liability. CalPERS' approach for the cash flow projections are presented in the GASB 67 and 68 Crossover Testing Report, which may be obtained from the CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

⁽¹⁾ The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study for the period from 2001 to 2019. Pre-retirement and Post-retirement mortality rates include generational mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries. For more details on this table, please refer to the CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report from November 2021 that can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Using historical returns of all the PERF asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class ^(a)	Assumed Strategic Allocation	Real Return (1) (2)	
Global Equity- cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%	
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%	
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%	
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%	
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%	
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%	
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%	
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%	
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%	
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%	
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)	
Total	100.00%		

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.30% was used for this period.

Sensitivity of Programs' proportionate share Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate — The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan as of the measurement date, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount Rate – 1% (5.90%)		Current		Discount	
			Discount Rate (6.90%)		Rate + 1% (7.90%)	
Proportionate Share of Plan's Net Pension						
Liability	\$	2,157,673	\$	1,487,055	\$	927,162

⁽²⁾ Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The State also provides postemployment medical and prescription drug benefits to retired employees and dependents through CalPERS under the Public Employees' Medical and Hospital Care Act, and dental benefits under the State Employees' Dental Care Act. The State, and certain bargaining units and judicial employees (valuation groups) have agreed to prefund retiree healthcare benefits. Assets are held in separate accounts by valuation group within the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) administered by CalPERS, an agent multiple employer defined benefit other postemployment benefits plan (State's Plan). Assets within each valuation group benefit retirees and dependents associated with that valuation group. CalPERS reports on the CERBT as part of it separately issued annual financial statements, which can be obtained from CalPERS on its website, at www.calpers.ca.gov.

The State has identified 17 separate valuation groups within the State Plan. For each agency and/or fund, the SCO determined the proportion of OPEB employer contributions attributable to employees within these valuation groups. SCO then used these proportions to allocate the OPEB accounting elements from the June 30, 2023, State of California Retiree Health Benefits Program Actuarial Valuation Report to State agencies and their funds.

Benefits Provided

In accordance with the California Government Code, the State generally pays 100% of the health insurance premium cost for annuitants, plus 90% of the additional premium required for the enrollment of family members of annuitants. The State generally pays all or a portion of the dental insurance premium cost for annuitants, depending upon the completed years of credited state service at retirement and the dental coverage selected. The maximum 2023 monthly State contribution was \$883 for one-party, \$1,699 for two-party coverage, and \$2,124 for family coverage. To be eligible for these benefits, primary government first-tier plan annuitants must retire on or after age 50 with at least five years of service, and second tier plan annuitants must retire on or after age 55 with at least 10 years of service. In addition, annuitants must retire within 120 days of separation from employment to be eligible to receive these benefits.

Contributions

The design of the health and dental benefit programs can be amended by the CalPERS Board of Administration and the California Department of Human Resources, respectively. Employer and retiree contributions are governed by the State and may be amended by the Legislature.

The Authority participates in the State's Substantive Plan on a cost-sharing basis. The State funds the cost of providing health and dental insurance to annuitants primarily on a pay-as-you-go basis. The State obtains an annual actuarial valuation of the State's Substantive Plan which can be found on the SCO's website at www.sco.ca.gov. Contributions to the State's Substantive Plan from the Authority were \$111,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Net OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the Authority reported a liability of \$2,053,000 for its proportionate share of the State's Substantive Plan net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The Authority's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the SCO's projection for the Authority. The Authority's combined proportionate share, based on its attributable employee valuation groups pensionable compensation, as of June 30, 2023, was 0.003248%.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the Authority recognized OPEB benefit of \$247,000. At June 30, 2024, the Authority reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred of the state of the st	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Changes in assumptions Differences between expected and actual experience Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings Authority's contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	114,000 72,000 13,000 111,000	\$	(347,000) (172,000) (4,000)	
Total	\$	310,000	\$	(523,000)	

\$111,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the Authority's OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	
2025	\$ (90,500)
2026	(53,800)
2027	(53,900)
2028	(57,600)
2029	(50,000)
Thereafter	(18,200)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023 (the measurement date), the total OPEB liability was determined using a June 30, 2022 valuation date. The June 30, 2023, total OPEB liability was based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2022 Actuarial Cost Method: Entry-Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Discount Rate Blended rate for each valuation group, consisting of 6.00% when

assets are available to pay benefits, otherwise 20-year Municipal

G.O. Bond AA Index rate of 3.86%

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases Varies by entry age and service

Investment Rate of Return 6.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expenses

Health care cost trend rates Plan year 2024 trend rates applicable to the pre-Medicare PPO plans

were set at 6.00 percent for per capita costs and 12.17 percent for premium rates. Plan year 2024 trend rates applicable to the pre-Medicare HMO plans were set at 10.19 percent for per capita costs

and 9.87 percent for premium rates.

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS' Membership data for all members

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries 80% Scale MP 2020. For more details on this table, refer to the 2021 CalPERS Experience Study and Review of Actuarial Assumptions report (Experience Study) for the period from 2000 to 2019. Other demographic assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were also based on the results of the 2021 Experience Study, including updates to termination, disability, and retirement rates. The 2021 Experience Study report can be obtained from CalPERS' website at www.calpers.ca.gov.

Healthcare related assumptions such as plan participation, aging factors, adjustments for disabled members, and adjustments for children of current retirees and survivors are based on the State of California Retiree Health Benefits Program 2018 Experience Review performed by Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) for the period from 2014 to 2018. Other healthcare assumptions such as member healthcare plan selection, coverage and continuance, select and ultimate healthcare cost trend rates, and per capita claim costs and expenses, are based on the most current information available. The GRS 2018 Experience Review is available at www.sco.ca.gov.

Changes in Assumptions

For the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, the blended discount rate was changed from 3.69% to 3.86%, which is equal to the municipal bond rate at June 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The blended rate used to measure the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability consists of the 20-year Municipal G.O. Bond AA Index rate of 3.86% as of June 30, 2023, as reported by Fidelity, when prefunding assets are not available to pay benefits, and 6.00% when prefunding assets are available to pay benefits. The cash flow projections used to calculate the blended discount rate were developed assuming

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

that prefunding agreements in which actuarially determined normal costs are shared between employees and the State will continue and that the required contributions will be made on time and as scheduled in future years. The Personal Leave Program (PLP 2020) resulted in a suspension of active member prefunding contributions for plan years end June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2022, for the bargaining units and Judicial employees groups with pre-funding agreements. Subsequent to the adoption of PLP 2020, member contributions for plan year end June 30, 2022, were reinstated for the SEIU and BU 12 groups. Effective as of June 30, 2021, member contributions for plan year end June 30, 2022, were reinstated for all actuarial valuation groups with pre-funding policies. The prefunding agreements are subject to collective bargaining and legislative approval. Detailed information on the blended discount rates by valuation group is available in the *State of California Retiree Health Benefits Program GASB Nos. 74 and 75 Actuarial Valuation Report as of June 30, 2022* on the State Controller's Office website, at www.sco.ca.gov.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined by GRS using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. Expected compound (geometric)real returns were calculated over a closed period. Based on separate expected real returns for the short-term (first 5 years) and the long-term (6-20 years), and an average inflation assumption of 2.30%, a single expected nominal return rate of 6.00% was calculated for the combined short-term and long-term periods. If applied to expected cash flows during that period, the resulting present value of benefits is expected to be consistent with the present value of benefits that would be determined by applying the short and long-term expected rates to the same cash flows.

The following table reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class:

Asset Class ^(a)	Assumed Strategic Allocation	Real Return (1) (2)
Global Equity- cap-weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity – non-cap-weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.00%)	(0.59%)
Total	100.00%	

⁽¹⁾ An expected inflation of 2.30% was used for this period.

⁽²⁾ Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Management study.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	Blended	Blended	Blended	
	Discount	Discount	Discount	
	Rate –1%	Rate	Rate +1%	
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,402,200	\$ 2,053,000	\$ 1,762,866	

Sensitivity of the Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

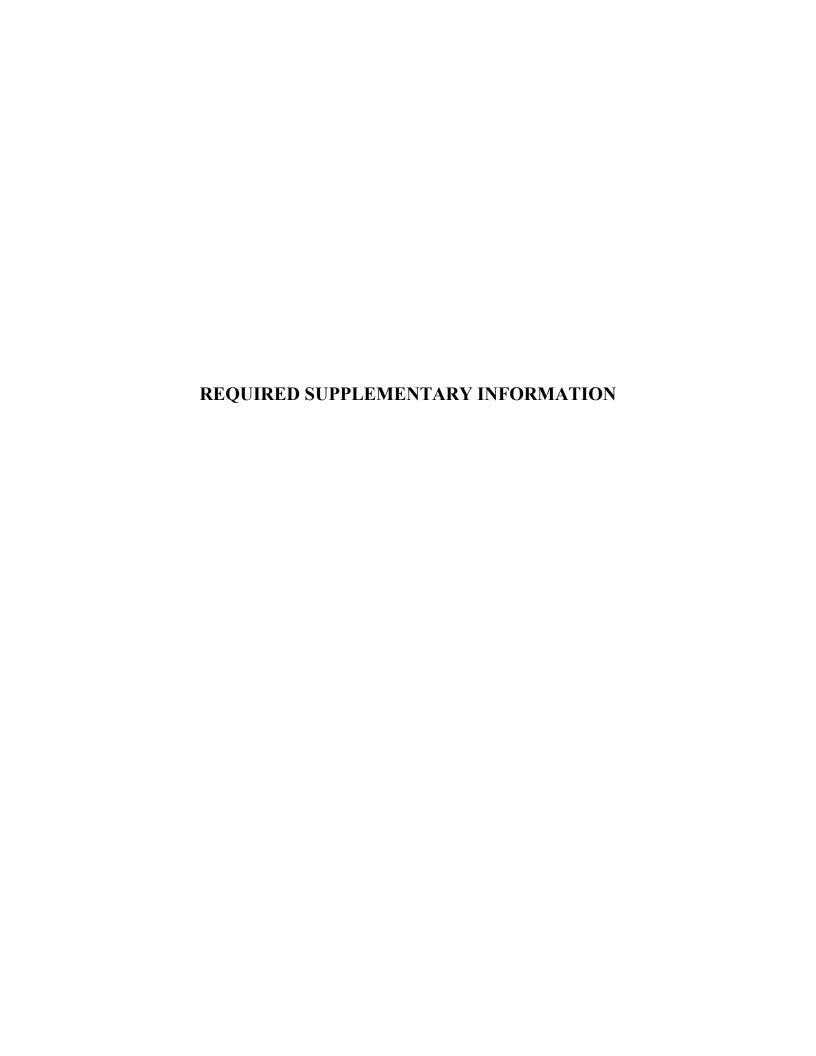
	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
	Cost Trend	Cost Trend	Cost Trend
	Rates –1%	Rates	Rates +1%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 1,801,884	\$ 2,053,000	\$ 2,364,648

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the State's Substantive Plan fiduciary net position is available on CalPER's website in an annual report titled "California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust, Agent Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefits Plan, Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer". Additionally, CalPERS annually issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which includes the CERBT fund's financial statements.

8. CONDUIT FINANCING PROGRAM

As a conduit debt provider, the Authority assisted with the issuance of financings in the amount of \$115,030,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 and there was \$2,228,913,540 in conduit financings outstanding at June 30, 2024. Additionally, the amount of bonds authorized by the Authority and unsold was \$88,500,000 at June 30, 2024.



SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 LAST 10 YEARS

	Measurement Date									
	<u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014
The Authority's proportion of the net	0.00207000/	0.00400100/	0.00504100/	0.00407100/	0.002975007	0.00477100/	0.00445390/	0.0042190/	0.00275407	0.0020120/
pension liability	0.0038700%	0.0048910%	0.0050410%	0.0040710%	0.0038650%	0.0047710%	0.0044538%	0.004218%	0.003654%	0.003813%
The Authority's proportionate share										
of the net pension liability	\$ 1,487,055	\$ 1,849,044	\$ 1,123,722	\$ 1,415,100	\$ 1,300,147	\$ 1,498,749	\$ 1,626,861	\$ 1,396,634	\$ 1,031,889	\$ 907,823
The Authority's covered-employee										
payroll	\$ 974,371	\$ 1,079,751	\$ 984,662	\$ 906,886	\$ 884,391	\$ 911,260	\$ 828,287	\$ 716,170	\$ 545,311	\$ 507,872
The Authority's proportionate share of										
the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	152.62%	171.25%	114.12%	156.04%	147.01%	164.47%	196.41%	195.01%	189.23%	178.75%
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total pension liability	72.46%	71.63%	82.39%	71.51%	71.34%	71.83%	66.42%	66.81%	70.68%	73.05%

Notes to Schedule:

Change of benefit terms – For the measurement dates ended June 30, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, 2016, 2015, and 2014, there were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions – For the measurement date ended June 30, 2015, the discount rate changed from 7.50% (net of administrative expenses in 2014) to 7.65% to correct an adjustment which previously reduced the discount rate for administrative expenses. For the measurement dates ended June 30, 2023, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2016 and 2014, there were no changes in assumptions. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2017, the discount rate changed from 7.65% to 7.15%. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2018, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2022, the discount rate changed from 7.15% to 6.90%. For the measurement date ended June 30, 2022, demographic assumptions and inflation rate were changed.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 LAST 10 YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 163,993	\$ 191,768	\$ 210,590	\$ 191,348	\$ 170,361	\$ 224,060	\$ 166,174	\$ 137,957	\$ 118,697	\$ 134,980
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>(163,993)</u> \$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ (126,000)	\$	\$	\$
The Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1(,05B,7488)	\$ (274,390)	\$ 1(,0919,348)	\$ (984,562)	\$ (224,886)	\$ (2924,894)	\$ (937,950)	\$ (828,697)	\$ (734,980)	\$ 545,311
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.57%	19.68%	19.50%	19.43%	18.85%	25.33%	32.06%	16.66%	16.57%	24.75%

SCHEDULE OF THE AUTHORITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 LAST 10 YEARS*

		Measurement Date										
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>202</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>
The Authority's proportion of the net	0.0000.000	0.00000000										
OPEB liability	0.003248%	0.003356%	0.001	002%	(0.000646%		0.000323%	(0.009598%		0.003210%
The Authority's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,053,000	\$ 2,099,000	\$ 73	8,000	\$	513,000	\$	257,000	\$	257,000	\$	2,365,000
The Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 974,371	\$ 1,079,751	\$ 98	4,663	\$	903,866	\$	884,391	\$	911,260	\$	828,287
The Authority's proportionate share of the												
net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	210.70%	194.40%	7-	4.95%		56.76%		29.06%		28.20%		285.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	0.07438	5.861%	4	037%		2.748%		1.693%		1.011%		0.546%

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are presented.

Notes to Schedule:

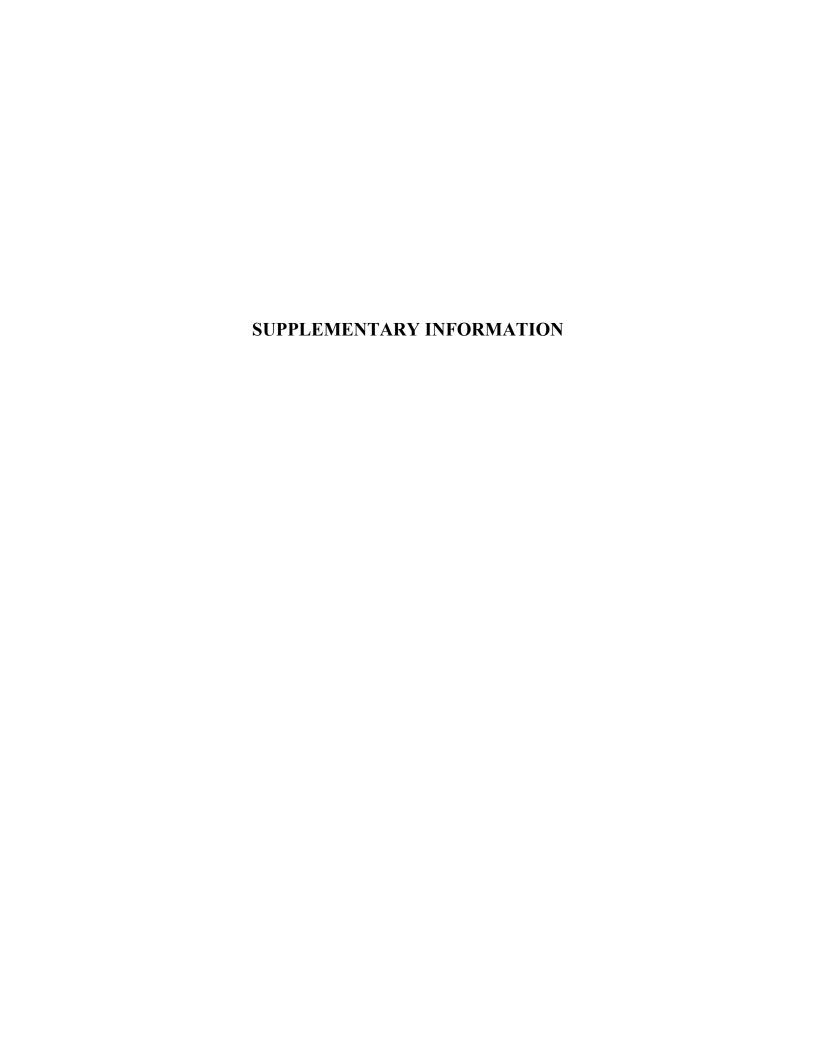
Change of benefit terms – For the measurement dates ended June 30, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017, there were no changes to the benefit terms.

Changes in assumptions —For the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, healthcare related assumptions were updated based on experience through June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. For measurement period ended June 30, 2019, the discount rate was lowered from 7.00% to 6.75% and inflation assumptions were reduced by 0.25%. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, the blended discount rate was changed from 3.13% to 2.45%. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the blended discount rate was changed from 2.45% to 1.92%, the general inflation assumption was changed from 2.50% to 2.80%, and the discount rate was lowered from 6.75% to 6.00%. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2022, the blended discount rate was changed from 1.92% to 3.69%. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2023, the blended discount rate was changed from 3.69% to 3.86%.

SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS AS OF JUNE 30, 2024 LAST 10 YEARS*

_	Fiscal Year								
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		
Contractually required contribution	\$ 111,000	\$ 99,000	\$ 121,000	\$ 27,000	\$ 17,000	\$ 84,000			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(111,000)								
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		
The Authority's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,053,484 (99,000)	\$ 6741,3990)	\$ 1,079,751 (27,000)	\$ 984,663)	\$ 984,886)	\$ 884,391	\$ 911,260		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.54%	10.16%	11.21%	2.74%	1.88%	9.50%	0.00%		

^{*} Fiscal year 2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore only seven years are presented.



Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Oak Grove/Willowside (QSCB)	24-Feb-11	1-Nov-25	\$ 2,015,000	\$ 1,710,000	\$ 305,000
New Jerusalem (QSCB)	14-Apr-11	1-Nov-25	5,100,000	4,320,000	780,000
New Designs - Series 2012A (Tax-Exempt)	24-Oct-12	1-Jun-42	10,445,000	10,445,000	,
New Designs - Series 2012A (Tax-Exempt)	24-Oct-12	1-Jun-32	6,130,000	6,130,000	
New Designs - Series 2012B (Taxable)	24-Oct-12	1-Jun-23	2,035,000	2,035,000	
Coastal Academy - Series 2013A (Tax-Exempt)	7-Feb-13	1-Oct-42	7,240,000	7,240,000	
Coastal Academy - Series 2013A (Tax-Exempt)	7-Feb-13	1-Oct-33	4,755,000	4,755,000	
Coastal Academy - Series 2013A (Tax-Exempt)	7-Feb-13	1-Oct-22	1,860,000	1,860,000	
Value Schools - Series 2013 (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-13	1-Jul-48	4,040,000	4,040,000	
Value Schools - Series 2013 (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-13	1-Jul-43	4,955,000	4,955,000	
Value Schools - Series 2013 (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-13	1-Jul-33	2,575,000	2,575,000	
Value Schools - Series 2013 (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-13	1-Jul-23	1,300,000	1,300,000	
Alliance for College-Ready Public Schools (QSCB)	19-Sep-13	15-Jun-34	10,750,000	, ,	10,750,000
Alliance 2023 Union - Series A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Oct-13	1-Jul-48	4,570,000	4,570,000	, ,
Alliance 2023 Union - Series A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Oct-13	1-Jul-43	5,840,000	5,840,000	
Alliance 2023 Union - Series A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Oct-13	1-Jul-33	3,215,000	3,215,000	
Alliance 2023 Union - Series A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Oct-13	1-Jul-23	2,065,000	2,065,000	
ICEF View Park High School - Series 2013A			_,,,,,,,	_,,,,,,,,	
(Tax-Exempt)	24-Oct-13	1-Oct-48	3,230,000		3,230,000
ICEF View Park High School - Series 2013A			-,,		-,,
(Tax-Exempt)	24-Oct-13	1-Oct-43	3,935,000		3,935,000
ICEF View Park High School - Series 2013A	2. 337 13	1 000 10	2,222,000		2,522,000
(Tax-Exempt)	24-Oct-13	1-Oct-33	2,715,000	690,000	2,025,000
Partnerships to Uplift Valley Project - Series 2014A	_, _,		_,,,, _ ,	,	_,,,,,,,
(Tax-Exempt)	12-Mar-14	1-Aug-44	14,430,000		14,430,000
Partnerships to Uplift Valley Project - Series 2014A			- 1, 12 1, 12 1		- 1, 12 1,111
(Tax-Exempt)	12-Mar-14	1-Aug-34	7,640,000		7,640,000
Partnerships to Uplift Valley Project - Series 2014A	12 1/141 1 1	111080.	7,0.0,000		7,0.0,000
(Tax-Exempt)	12-Mar-14	1-Aug-24	3,290,000	2,240,000	1,050,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2014A	12 1/101 1 1	1 1145 2 1	3,2,0,000	2,2 10,000	1,020,000
(QZAB)	22-May-14	15-Mar-34	5,000,000	5,000,000	
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2014B	22 May 11	13 14141 31	3,000,000	2,000,000	
(Tax-Exempt)	22-May-14	15-Mar-34	3,975,000	3,975,000	
KIPP Los Angeles Schools - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	25-Jun-14	1-Jul-44	14,590,000	3,5 73,000	14,590,000
KIPP Los Angeles Schools - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	25-Jun-14	1-Jul-34	8,905,000		8,905,000
KIPP Los Angeles Schools - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	25-Jun-14	1-Jul-24	4,825,000	4,145,000	680,000
Magnolia Science Academy - Reseda - Series 2014A	25 3411 11	1 341 2 1	1,023,000	1,1 13,000	000,000
(Tax-Exempt)	26-Jun-14	1-Jul-44	3,235,000		3,235,000
Magnolia Science Academy - Reseda - Series 2014A	20 3411 11	1-341-44	3,233,000		3,233,000
(Tax-Exempt)	26-Jun-14	1-Jul-34	1,780,000		1,780,000
Magnolia Science Academy - Reseda - Series 2014A	20-3411-14	1-341-34	1,700,000		1,760,000
(Tax-Exempt)	26-Jun-14	1-Jul-24	660,000	530,000	130,000
New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Aug-14	1-Jui-24 1-Jun-44	3,890,000	3,890,000	130,000
New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt) New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Aug-14 12-Aug-14	1-Jun-44 1-Jun-34	2,205,000	2,205,000	
New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt) New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Aug-14 12-Aug-14	1-Jun-34 1-Jun-24	995,000	995,000	
New Designs Series 2014A (Tax-Exempl)	12-Aug-14	1-Juii-24	333,000	333,000	

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Alta Public Schools - Series 2014A (Tax Exempt)	20-Aug-14	1-Nov-45	7,140,000	570,000	6,570,000
ICEF ES/MS - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	10-Oct-14	1-Oct-49	5,695,000	,	5,695,000
ICEF ES/MS - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	10-Oct-14	1-Oct-44	7,475,000		7,475,000
ICEF ES/MS - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	10-Oct-14	1-Oct-34	4,280,000		4,280,000
ICEF ES/MS - Series 2014A (Tax-Exempt)	10-Oct-14	1-Oct-24	1,960,000	1,645,000	315,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-45	27,955,000		27,955,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A	•				
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-35	4,010,000		4,010,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-35	5,750,000		5,750,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-30	7,730,000		7,730,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-25	1,345,000		1,345,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-24	1,290,000		1,290,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-23	1,245,000	1,245,000	
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2015A					
(Tax-Exempt)	15-Apr-15	1-Jul-22	1,195,000	1,195,000	
Rocketship Education - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	7-Aug-15	1-Mar-28	6,135,000	3,870,000	2,265,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Sep-15	1-Jul-45	14,015,000		14,015,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Sep-15	1-Jul-35	8,600,000		8,600,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Sep-15	1-Jul-25	4,805,000	3,510,000	1,295,000
Green Dot - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	29-Sep-15	1-Aug-45	15,610,000		15,610,000
Green Dot - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	29-Sep-15	1-Aug-35	9,570,000		9,570,000
Green Dot - Series 2015A (Tax-Exempt)	29-Sep-15	1-Aug-25	1,530,000	90,000	1,440,000
Green Dot - Series 2015B (Taxable)	29-Sep-15	1-Aug-23	4,395,000	4,395,000	
Aspire Public Schools - Series 2015 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Dec-15	1-Aug-30	20,535,000	2,705,000	17,830,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Feb-16	1-Jun-46	14,365,000		14,365,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Feb-16	1-Jun-36	4,945,000		4,945,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Feb-16	1-Jun-31	3,870,000		3,870,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Feb-16	1-Jun-26	3,035,000	1,730,000	1,305,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016C					
(Tax-Exempt)	14-Feb-16	1-Jul-22	640,000	640,000	
Aspire Public Schools - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	25-Feb-16	1-Aug-31	83,170,000	17,465,000	65,705,000
Downtown College Prep - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	28-Apr-16	1-Jun-51	9,910,000		9,910,000
Downtown College Prep - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	28-Apr-16	1-Jun-46	13,930,000		13,930,000
Downtown College Prep - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	28-Apr-16	1-Jun-36	4,865,000		4,865,000
Downtown College Prep - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	28-Apr-16	1-Jun-31	3,915,000		3,915,000
Downtown College Prep - Series 2016 (Tax-Exempt)	28-Apr-16	1-Jun-26	3,785,000	2,430,000	1,355,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-51	5,370,000		5,370,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-46	7,510,000		7,510,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-36	2,505,000		2,505,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-31	1,830,000		1,830,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-26	300,000		300,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-25	285,000		285,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-24	270,000		270,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-23	250,000	250,000	
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016A					
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Jul-16	1-Jul-22	235,000	235,000	
City Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Sep-16	1-Jun-52	5,860,000		5,860,000
City Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Sep-16	1-Jun-42	5,045,000		5,045,000
City Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Sep-16	1-Jun-26	1,155,000	755,000	400,000
Encore Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Nov-16	1-Jun-52	7,580,000		7,580,000
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2016A(Tax-Exempt)	2-Nov-16	1-Jun-52	6,365,000		6,365,000
Encore Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Nov-16	1-Jun-42	6,530,000		6,530,000
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2016A(Tax-Exempt)	2-Nov-16	1-Jun-42	5,915,000	540,000	5,375,000
Encore Education - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	2-Nov-16	1-Jun-26	1,195,000	680,000	515,000
ACE Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Nov-16	1-Jun-52	4,390,000	320,000	4,070,000
ACE Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Nov-16	1-Jun-42	5,505,000		5,505,000
ACE Charter Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Nov-16	1-Jun-29	2,640,000	735,000	1,905,000
Grimmway Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	18-Nov-16	1-Jul-51	6,785,000		6,785,000
Grimmway Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	18-Nov-16	1-Jul-46	9,435,000		9,435,000
Grimmway Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	18-Nov-16	1-Jul-36	4,850,000		4,850,000
Grimmway Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	18-Nov-16	1-Jul-28	3,300,000	1,060,000	2,240,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016C					
(Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-16	1-Jul-52	18,660,000		18,660,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016C					
(Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-16	1-Jul-46	28,305,000		28,305,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016C					
(Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-16	1-Jul-31	5,675,000		5,675,000
Alliance College Ready Public Schools - Series 2016C					
(Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-16	1-Jul-26	3,295,000	670,000	2,625,000
Value Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	26-Dec-16	1-Jul-51	5,905,000		5,905,000
Value Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	26-Dec-16	1-Jul-41	1,560,000		1,560,000
Value Schools - Series 2016B (Taxable)	26-Dec-16	1-Jul-25	410,000	270,000	140,000
Value Schools - Series 2016A (Tax-Exempt)	29-Dec-16	1-Jul-31	625,000		625,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Feb-17	1-Jun-52	7,330,000	2,140,000	5,190,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Feb-17	1-Jun-47	7,820,000	2,275,000	5,545,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Rocketship Education - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Feb-17	1-Jun-34	6,165,000	1,790,000	4,375,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Feb-17	1-Jun-27	1,780,000	520,000	1,260,000
Rocketship Education - Series 2017B (Taxable)	22-Feb-17	1-Jun-25	3,665,000	3,540,000	125,000
Granada Hills - Series 2017B (Taxable)	28-Mar-17	1-Jul-22	370,000	370,000	ŕ
Kepler Neighborhood Schools - Series 2017A			ŕ	,	
(Tax-Exempt)	2-May-17	1-May-47	5,535,000		5,535,000
Kepler Neighborhood Schools - Series 2017A	J	Ĵ	, ,		, ,
(Tax-Exempt)	2-May-17	1-May-37	3,145,000		3,145,000
Kepler Neighborhood Schools - Series 2017A	•	·			
(Tax-Exempt)	2-May-17	1-May-27	1,160,000	500,000	660,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-49	12,700,000		12,700,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-37	3,455,000		3,455,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-32	2,705,000		2,705,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-27	470,000		470,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-26	455,000		455,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-25	435,000		435,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-24	420,000		420,000
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-23	400,000	400,000	
HTH Learning - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Jul-17	1-Jul-22	385,000	385,000	
Escuela Popular - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	27-Jul-17	1-Jul-50	15,500,000	900,000	14,600,000
Escuela Popular - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	27-Jul-17	1-Jul-37	5,790,000	335,000	5,455,000
Escuela Popular - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	27-Jul-17	1-Jul-27	2,750,000	1,375,000	1,375,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-47	20,735,000		20,735,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-37	12,720,000		12,720,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-27	965,000		965,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-26	920,000		920,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-25	875,000		875,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-24	830,000		830,000
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-23	800,000	800,000	
KIPP Los Angeles - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	16-Aug-17	1-Jul-22	770,000	770,000	
Magnolia Public Schools - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Sep-17	1-Jul-44	20,015,000	2,325,000	17,690,000
Magnolia Public Schools - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Sep-17	1-Jul-44	4,985,000	590,000	4,395,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-53	7,375,000	3,930,000	3,445,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-47	8,370,000	4,455,000	3,915,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-37	3,370,000	1,790,000	1,580,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-31	470,000	250,000	220,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-30	450,000	240,000	210,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-29	425,000	225,000	200,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-28	410,000	220,000	190,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-27	390,000	205,000	185,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-26	375,000	200,000	175,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-25	350,000	185,000	165,000
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-24	335,000	335,000	
Summit Public Schools - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	17-Oct-17	1-Jun-23	320,000	320,000	
Rocketship G & H - Series 2017G (Tax-Exempt)	18-Dec-17	1-Jun-53	5,265,000		5,265,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Rocketship G & H - Series 2017G (Tax-Exempt)	18-Dec-17	1-Jun-47	5,975,000		5,975,000
Rocketship G & H - Series 2017G (Tax-Exempt)	18-Dec-17	1-Jun-37	2,755,000		2,755,000
Rocketship G & H - Series 2017G (Tax-Exempt)	18-Dec-17	1-Jun-30	1,565,000		1,565,000
Rocketship G & H - Series 2017H (Taxable)	18-Dec-17	1-Jun-25	665,000	520,000	145,000
Bright Star School - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	21-Dec-17	1-Jun-54	7,405,000	,	7,405,000
Bright Star School - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	21-Dec-17	1-Jun-47	7,695,000		7,695,000
Bright Star School - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	21-Dec-17	1-Jun-37	5,355,000		5,355,000
Bright Star School - Series 2017 (Tax-Exempt)	21-Dec-17	1-Jun-27	4,510,000	3,185,000	1,325,000
River Springs Charter School - Series 2017A			,,	, ,	, ,
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Jul-52	6,370,000		6,370,000
River Springs Charter School - Series 2017A			, ,		, ,
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Jul-47	8,910,000		8,910,000
Classical Academies - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Oct-44	11,220,000		11,220,000
Classical Academies - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Oct-37	5,940,000		5,940,000
River Springs Charter School - Series 2017A			, ,		, ,
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Jul-37	4,105,000		4,105,000
Classical Academies - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Oct-32	4,655,000		4,655,000
River Springs Charter School - Series 2017A			, ,		, ,
(Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Jul-30	3,950,000	1,035,000	2,915,000
Classical Academies - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Oct-27	3,750,000	690,000	3,060,000
Classical Academies - Series 2017A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Dec-17	1-Oct-22	2,995,000	2,995,000	
Ednovate Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	12-Jul-18	1-Jun-56	5,960,000		5,960,000
Ednovate Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	12-Jul-18	1-Jun-48	5,185,000		5,185,000
Ednovate Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	12-Jul-18	1-Jun-37	2,110,000		2,110,000
Ednovate Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	12-Jul-18	1-Jun-30	1,900,000	580,000	1,320,000
Larchmont Charter Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	29-Aug-18	1-Jun-55	6,185,000		6,185,000
Larchmont Charter Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	29-Aug-18	1-Jun-43	3,000,000		3,000,000
Larchmont Charter Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	29-Aug-18	1-Jun-33	1,025,000		1,025,000
Larchmont Charter Series 2017 (Tax Exempt)	29-Aug-18	1-Jun-28	1,095,000	430,000	665,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-48	28,630,000		28,630,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-38	17,590,000		17,590,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-28	1,330,000		1,330,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-27	1,270,000		1,270,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-26	1,205,000		1,205,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-25	1,150,000		1,150,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-24	1,095,000		1,095,000
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-23	1,045,000	1,045,000	
Green Dot Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	11-Oct-18	1-Aug-22	995,000	995,000	
Equitas Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	30-Nov-18	1-Jun-56	8,850,000		8,850,000
Equitas Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	30-Nov-18	1-Jun-48	7,545,000		7,545,000
Equitas Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	30-Nov-18	1-Jun-41	6,090,000		6,090,000
Equitas Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	30-Nov-18	1-Jun-35	5,270,000		5,270,000
Equitas Series 2018 (Tax Exempt)	30-Nov-18	1-Jun-29	4,845,000	980,000	3,865,000
KIPP Bay Area 2019 (Bank Loan)	14-Mar-19	1-Apr-49	16,000,000	1,540,923	14,459,077
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-54	12,900,000		12,900,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-49	18,050,000		18,050,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-39	11,075,000		11,075,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-29	830,000		830,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-28	795,000		795,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-27	765,000		765,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-26	735,000		735,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-25	685,000		685,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-24	655,000		655,000
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-23	625,000	625,000	,
KIPP LA 2019 (Tax Exempt)	20-Jun-19	1-Jul-22	600,000	600,000	
New Designs - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	31-Jul-19	1-Jun-50	8,450,000	,	8,450,000
New Designs - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	31-Jul-19	1-Jun-40	5,190,000		5,190,000
New Designs - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	31-Jul-19	1-Jun-30	2,570,000	475,000	2,095,000
New Designs - Series 2019B (Taxable)	31-Jul-19	1-Jun-23	630,000	630,000	,,
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-54	15,220,000	,	15,220,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-49	11,250,000		11,250,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-43	11,755,000		11,755,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-34	1,015,000		1,015,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-33	965,000		965,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-32	920,000		920,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-31	875,000		875,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-30	835,000		835,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-29	805,000		805,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-28	770,000		770,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-27	740,000		740,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-26	715,000		715,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-25	685,000		685,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-24	660,000		660,000
Granada Hills Charter - Series 2019 Bonds	10-Sep-19	1-Jul-23	635,000	635,000	
REAL Journey Academies - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	16-Oct-19	1-Jun-58	12,090,000		12,090,000
REAL Journey Academies - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	16-Oct-19	1-Jun-49	12,355,000		12,355,000
REAL Journey Academies - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	16-Oct-19	1-Jun-32	3,600,000	505,000	3,095,000
REAL Journey Academies - Series 2020B (Taxable)	16-Oct-19	1-Jun-23	660,000	660,000	
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	12-Dec-19	1-Jun-58	12,800,000		12,800,000
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	12-Dec-19	1-Jun-49	4,875,000		4,875,000
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	12-Dec-19	1-Jun-39	2,970,000		2,970,000
TEACH Public Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	12-Dec-19	1-Jun-29	1,415,000	380,000	1,035,000
Arts in Action Charter Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jan-20	1-Jun-59	13,795,000		13,795,000
Arts in Action Charter Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jan-20	1-Jun-50	9,665,000		9,665,000
Arts in Action Charter Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jan-20	1-Jun-40	5,935,000		5,935,000
Arts in Action Charter Schools - Series 2019A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jan-20	1-Jun-30	1,945,000		1,945,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Arts in Action Charter Schools - Series 2019B (Taxable)	9-Jan-20	1-Jun-26	1,000,000	540,000	460,000
Alta Public Schools - Series 2020A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Feb-20	1-Jun-59	17,855,000	,	17,855,000
Alta Public Schools - Series 2020B (Taxable)	6-Feb-20	1-Jun-31	1,465,000	165,000	1,300,000
Fenton Charter - Series 2020A (Tax Exempt)	12-Feb-20	1-Jul-58	6,645,000	,	6,645,000
Fenton Charter - Series 2020A (Tax Exempt)	12-Feb-20	1-Jul-50	5,360,000		5,360,000
Fenton Charter - Series 2020A (Tax Exempt)	12-Feb-20	1-Jul-40	5,010,000		5,010,000
Fenton Charter - Series 2020A (Tax Exempt)	12-Feb-20	1-Jul-30	2,480,000		2,480,000
Fenton Charter - Series 2020B (Taxable)	12-Feb-20	1-Jul-25	1,875,000	1,035,000	840,000
Caliber Schools - 2020 (Loan)	28-Feb-20	1-Mar-50	14,219,046	1,205,935	13,013,111
HTH - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	1-Jul-20	1-Jul-50	71,225,000	6,446,759	64,778,241
College Preparatory Middle School - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	23-Jul-20	15-Jun-55	11,750,000	155,000	11,595,000
College Preparatory Middle School - 2020B (Taxable)	23-Jul-20	15-Jun-23	330,000	330,000	,,
Grossmont Union High School District - 2020	4-Aug-20	1-Jul-40	33,185,000	765,000	32,420,000
REAL Journey Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	4-Sep-20	1-Jun-59	3,915,000	,	3,915,000
REAL Journey Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	4-Sep-20	1-Jun-50	2,740,000		2,740,000
REAL Journey Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	4-Sep-20	1-Jun-40	1,695,000		1,695,000
REAL Journey Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	4-Sep-20	1-Jun-30	1,290,000	350,000	940,000
REAL Journey Academies - 2020B (Taxable)	4-Sep-20	1-Jun-23	500,000	500,000	,
Contra Costa School of Performing Arts - 2020A	r		200,000	,	
(Tax Exempt)	10-Sep-20	15-Jun-58	16,065,000		16,065,000
Contra Costa School of Performing Arts - 2020A			10,000,000		,,
(Taxable)	10-Sep-20	15-Jun-26	285,000		285,000
Classical Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	24-Sep-20	1-Oct-50	15,320,000		15,320,000
Classical Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	24-Sep-20	1-Oct-40	1,215,000		1,215,000
Classical Academies - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	24-Sep-20	1-Oct-30	630,000	120,000	510,000
Everest Values - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	20-Nov-20	1-Jul-59	5,135,000	,	5,135,000
Everest Values - 2020B (Taxable)	20-Nov-20	1-Jul-45	2,070,000		2,070,000
Everest Values - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	20-Nov-20	1-Jul-40	1,305,000		1,305,000
Everest Values - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	20-Nov-20	1-Jul-30	635,000		635,000
Aspire 2020A (Tax Exempt)	8-Dec-20	1-Aug-59	15,615,000		15,615,000
Aspire 2020A (Tax Exempt)	8-Dec-20	1-Aug-50	10,940,000		10,940,000
Aspire 2020A (Tax Exempt)	8-Dec-20	1-Aug-40	5,625,000		5,625,000
Aspire 2020B (Taxable)	8-Dec-20	1-Aug-32	3,535,000		3,535,000
Aspire 2020B (Taxable)	8-Dec-20	1-Aug-25	1,720,000	830,000	890,000
Equitas - 2020	22-Dec-20	1-Dec-55	30,811,625	1,025,066	29,786,559
Scholarship Prep - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	23-Dec-20	1-Jun-60	17,745,000	1,020,000	17,745,000
Scholarship Prep - 2020B (Taxable)	23-Dec-20	1-Jun-27	575,000		575,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-55	8,360,000		8,360,000
Lifeline - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-55	4,950,000		4,950,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-50	12,515,000		12,515,000
Lifeline - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-45	4,090,000		4,090,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-40	8,460,000		8,460,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-30	670,000		670,000
Lifeline - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-30	1,095,000		1,095,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-29	640,000		640,000
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Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
				Bonus Item cu	
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-28	610,000		610,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-27	580,000		580,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-26	550,000		550,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-25	525,000		525,000
KIPP - 2020A (Tax Exempt)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-24	500,000		500,000
Lifeline - 2020B (Taxable)	29-Dec-20	1-Jul-24	365,000	285,000	80,000
KIPP Nor Cal Loan - 2021	28-Apr-21	1-Mar-56	11,733,266	505,518	11,227,748
iLEAD Lancaster 2021A (Tax Exempt)	29-Apr-21	1-Jun-61	5,280,000		5,280,000
iLEAD Lancaster - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	29-Apr-21	1-Jun-51	3,250,000		3,250,000
iLEAD Lancaster - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	29-Apr-21	1-Jun-41	1,995,000		1,995,000
iLEAD Lancaster - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	29-Apr-21	1-Jun-31	750,000		750,000
iLEAD Lancaster - 2021B (Taxable)	29-Apr-21	1-Jun-26	525,000	330,000	195,000
Classical Academies - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-21	1-Oct-46	7,150,000		7,150,000
Classical Academies - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-21	1-Oct-31	1,615,000		1,615,000
Classical Academies - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-21	1-Oct-26	1,130,000	545,000	585,000
Classical Academies - 2021A (Taxable)	12-May-21	1-Oct-23	295,000		295,000
Santa Clarita Valley International - 2022 A (Tax Exempt)	1-Jul-21	1-Jun-61	9,150,000		9,150,000
Santa Clarita Valley International - 2022 A (Tax Exempt)	1-Jul-21	1-Jun-51	6,175,000		6,175,000
Santa Clarita Valley International - 2022 A (Tax Exempt)	1-Jul-21	1-Jun-41	4,175,000		4,175,000
Santa Clarita Valley International - 2022 A (Tax Exempt)	1-Jul-21	1-Jun-31	1,565,000	70,000	1,495,000
Santa Clarita Valley International - 2022 B (Taxable)	1-Jul-21	1-Jun-27	765,000	180,000	585,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-60	15,000,000	15,000,000	
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-55	11,480,000		11,480,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-51	21,930,000		21,930,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-41	8,130,000		8,130,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-36	6,480,000		6,480,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021A (Tax Exempt)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-31	4,295,000		4,295,000
Santa Rosa Junior College 2021B (Taxable)	9-Jul-21	1-Nov-26	1,000,000	290,000	710,000
Granada Hills Charter - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-21	1-Jul-48	6,770,000		6,770,000
Granada Hills Charter - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-21	1-Jul-38	4,185,000		4,185,000
Granada Hills Charter - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	4-Aug-21	1-Jul-29	2,455,000	575,000	1,880,000
Granada Hills Charter - 2021B (Taxable)	4-Aug-21	1-Jul-24	205,000		205,000
GALS 2021A (Tax Exempt)	30-Sep-21	1-Jun-61	5,780,000		5,780,000
GALS 2021A (Tax Exempt)	30-Sep-21	1-Jun-51	3,905,000		3,905,000
GALS 2021A (Tax Exempt)	30-Sep-21	1-Jun-41	1,955,000		1,955,000
GALS 2021A (Tax Exempt)	30-Sep-21	1-Jun-34	1,575,000		1,575,000
GALS 2021B (Taxable)	30-Sep-21	1-Jun-31	580,000	155,000	425,000
Fortune EFF Loan - 2021	14-Oct-21	1-Sep-56	6,764,111	190,797	6,573,314
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-61	12,370,000		12,370,000
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-51	8,360,000		8,360,000
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-41	3,105,000		3,105,000
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-36	2,550,000		2,550,000
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-31	2,210,000		2,210,000
Aspire 2021A (Tax Exempt)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-26	760,000		760,000
Aspire 2021B (Taxable)	18-Nov-21	1-Aug-25	430,000		430,000
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Danilla and N. Ann	Date	Date of Final	Amounts	Amount of	Bonds Outstanding as
Bonds and Notes	Issued	Maturity	Issued	Bonds Retired	of June 30, 2024
Ivy Academia - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	2-Dec-21	1-Jun-61	10,850,000		10,850,000
Ivy Academia - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	2-Dec-21	1-Jun-51	7,335,000		7,335,000
Ivy Academia - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	2-Dec-21	1-Jun-41	4,955,000		4,955,000
Ivy Academia - 2021A (Tax Exempt)	2-Dec-21	1-Jun-31	2,055,000		2,055,000
Ivy Academia - 2021B (Taxable)	2-Dec-21	1-Jun-26	1,255,000	750,000	505,000
Bright Star Schools - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	3-Dec-21	1-Jun-51	1,730,000		1,730,000
Bright Star Schools - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	3-Dec-21	1-Jun-51	2,220,000		2,220,000
Bright Star Schools - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	3-Dec-21	1-Jun-39	1,085,000		1,085,000
Bright Star Schools - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	3-Dec-21	1-Jun-27	1,020,000	485,000	535,000
Bright Star Schools - Series 2021B (Taxable)	3-Dec-21	1-Jun-23	595,000	595,000	
Russell Westbrook - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-21	1-Jun-61	15,050,000		15,050,000
Russell Westbrook - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-21	1-Jun-51	10,160,000		10,160,000
Russell Westbrook - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-21	1-Jun-41	6,865,000		6,865,000
Russell Westbrook - Series 2021A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Dec-21	1-Jun-31	2,105,000		2,105,000
Russell Westbrook - Series 2021B (Taxable)	14-Dec-21	1-Jun-30	885,000		885,000
Vista 2021A (Tax Exempt)	23-Dec-21	1-Jun-61	17,455,000		17,455,000
Vista 2021A (Tax Exempt)	23-Dec-21	1-Jun-51	11,790,000		11,790,000
Vista 2021A (Tax Exempt)	23-Dec-21	1-Jun-41	7,970,000		7,970,000
Vista 2021A (Tax Exempt)	23-Dec-21	1-Jun-31	3,680,000		3,680,000
Vista 2021B (Taxable)	23-Dec-21	1-Jun-25	800,000	490,000	310,000
Environmental EFF Loan - 2022	23-Mar-22	1-Mar-57	27,782,757	649,449	27,133,308
VIP - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Mar-22	1-Mar-62	7,480,000		7,480,000
VIP - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Mar-22	1-Mar-52	6,060,000		6,060,000
VIP - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Mar-22	1-Mar-37	1,965,000		1,965,000
VIP - Series 2022B (Taxable)	31-Mar-22	1-Mar-29	640,000		640,000
River Springs 2022A (Tax Exempt)	5-Apr-22	1-Jul-61	4,505,000		4,505,000
River Springs 2022A (Tax Exempt)	5-Apr-22	1-Jul-52	3,155,000		3,155,000
River Springs 2022A (Tax Exempt)	5-Apr-22	1-Jul-42	2,215,000		2,215,000
River Springs 2022A (Tax Exempt)	5-Apr-22	1-Jul-30	500,000		500,000
River Springs 2022B (Taxable)	5-Apr-22	1-Jul-26	470,000	155,000	315,000
Aspire 2022A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-22	1-Aug-61	18,630,000		18,630,000
Aspire 2022A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-22	1-Aug-52	13,045,000		13,045,000
Aspire 2022A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-22	1-Aug-42	8,010,000		8,010,000
Aspire 2022A (Tax Exempt)	12-May-22	1-Aug-32	3,685,000		3,685,000
Aspire 2022B (Taxable)	12-May-22	1-Aug-26	445,000		445,000
KIPP Bay Area - 2022 (EFF Loan)	2-Jun-22	1-May-57	32,226,266	666,133	31,560,133
River Springs 2022C (Tax Exempt)	3-Jun-22	1-Jul-46	7,125,000	•	7,125,000
River Springs 2022C (Tax Exempt)	3-Jun-22	1-Jul-42	11,940,000		11,940,000
River Springs 2022C (Tax Exempt)	3-Jun-22	1-Jul-32	5,560,000		5,560,000
River Springs 2022D (Taxable)	3-Jun-22	1-Jul-24	660,000	345,000	315,000
Citizens of the World - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Jun-22	1-Apr-62	6,990,000	,	6,990,000
Citizens of the World - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	28-Jun-22	1-Apr-52	4,010,000		4,010,000
Citizens of the World - Series 2022B (Taxable)	28-Jun-22	1-Apr-42	2,405,000		2,405,000
John Adams Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Jul-62	24,055,000		24,055,000
Classical Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Oct-61	24,005,000		24,005,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
Classical Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Oct-52	16,815,000		16,815,000
John Adams Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Jul-52	14,690,000		14,690,000
Classical Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Oct-42	10,325,000		10,325,000
John Adams Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Jul-42	9,015,000		9,015,000
Classical Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Oct-32	3,555,000		3,555,000
John Adams Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Jul-32	4,300,000		4,300,000
Classical Academies - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jul-22	1-Oct-27	2,570,000	235,000	2,335,000
John Adams Academies - Series 2022B (Taxable)	6-Jul-22	1-Jul-26	1,195,000	345,000	850,000
PUC EFF Loan 2022 (Taxable)	31-Aug-22	1-Aug-44	22,881,484	1,048,835	21,832,650
Hawking STEM - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Sep-22	1-Jul-62	14,425,000		14,425,000
Hawking STEM - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Sep-22	1-Jul-56	6,695,000		6,695,000
Hawking STEM - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Sep-22	1-Jul-52	12,270,000		12,270,000
Hawking STEM - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	22-Sep-22	1-Jul-42	7,440,000		7,440,000
Hawking STEM - Series 2022B (Taxable)	22-Sep-22	1-Jul-32	4,485,000	285,000	4,200,000
Aspen Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Oct-22	1-Jul-62	6,465,000		6,465,000
Aspen Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Oct-22	1-Jul-52	5,200,000		5,200,000
Aspen Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	12-Oct-22	1-Jul-34	710,000		710,000
Aspen Public Schools - Series 2022B (Taxable)	12-Oct-22	1-Jul-29	660,000	60,000	600,000
Lighthouse Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	9-Nov-22	1-Jun-62	13,825,000		13,825,000
Lighthouse Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	9-Nov-22	1-Jun-52	7,415,000		7,415,000
Lighthouse Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	9-Nov-22	1-Jun-42	4,120,000		4,120,000
Lighthouse Public Schools - Series 2022B (Taxable)	9-Nov-22	1-Jun-32	1,505,000		1,505,000
Green Dot Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Nov-22	1-Aug-52	8,610,000		8,610,000
Green Dot Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Nov-22	1-Aug-42	8,850,000		8,850,000
Green Dot Public Schools - Series 2022A (Tax-Exempt)	17-Nov-22	1-Aug-32	5,050,000		5,050,000
Green Dot Public Schools - Series 2022B (Taxable)	17-Nov-22	1-Aug-24	455,000	290,000	165,000
River Springs Solar Project - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	13-Apr-23	1-Jul-42	3,790,000	65,000	3,725,000
River Springs Solar Project - Series 2023B (Taxable) Camino Nuevo Charter Academy - Series 2023A	13-Apr-23	1-Jul-32	1,420,000	70,000	1,350,000
(Tax-Exempt)	1-May-23	1-Jun-53	5,650,000		5,650,000
Camino Nuevo Charter Academy - Series 2023A	•				
(Tax-Exempt)	1-May-23	1-Jun-43	3,420,000		3,420,000
Camino Nuevo Charter Academy - Series 2023A					
(Tax-Exempt)	1-May-23	1-Jun-33	1,655,000		1,655,000
Camino Nuevo Charter Academy - Series 2023B					
(Taxable)	1-May-23	1-Jun-26	435,000	160,000	275,000
STEM Preparatory Schools - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	23-May-23	1-May-63	5,100,000		5,100,000
STEM Preparatory Schools - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	23-May-23	1-Jun-53	3,055,000		3,055,000
STEM Preparatory Schools - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	23-May-23	1-Jun-43	1,870,000		1,870,000
STEM Preparatory Schools - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	23-May-23	1-Jun-33	600,000		600,000
STEM Preparatory Schools - Series 2023B (Taxable)	23-May-23	1-Jun-29	510,000		510,000
OCEAA - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	30-May-23	1-Jun-53	4,900,000		4,900,000
OCEAA - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	30-May-23	1-Jun-43	2,800,000		2,800,000
OCEAA - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	30-May-23	1-Jun-33	1,295,000		1,295,000
OCEAA - Series 2023B (Taxable)	30-May-23	1-Jun-26	360,000	125,000	235,000

Bonds and Notes	Date Issued	Date of Final Maturity	Amounts Issued	Amount of Bonds Retired	Bonds Outstanding as of June 30, 2024
PUC - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Jun-23	1-Aug-47	5,330,000		5,330,000
PUC - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Jun-23	1-Aug-43	5,250,000		5,250,000
PUC - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Jun-23	1-Aug-38	4,045,000		4,045,000
PUC - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Jun-23	1-Aug-33	6,555,000	600,000	5,955,000
Values - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Jul-23	1-Jul-48	5,450,000		5,450,000
Values - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Jul-23	1-Jul-40	3,275,000		3,275,000
Values - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	5-Jul-23	1-Jul-33	2,785,000		2,785,000
Values - Series 2023B (Taxable)	5-Jul-23	1-Jul-25	300,000		300,000
Pathways - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Sep-23	15-Jun-63	13,790,000		13,790,000
Pathways - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Sep-23	15-Jun-53	6,735,000		6,735,000
Pathways - Series 2023A (Tax-Exempt)	14-Sep-23	15-Jun-43	4,200,000		4,200,000
Pathways - Series 2023B (Taxable)	14-Sep-23	15-Jun-29	390,000		390,000
Yu Ming - 2023 EFF Loan	13-Oct-23	1-Oct-58	7,110,000	65,602	7,044,398
Scholarship Prep - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	4-Jan-24	1-Jun-63	10,605,000		10,605,000
Scholarship Prep - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	4-Jan-24	1-Jun-53	6,000,000		6,000,000
Scholarship Prep - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	4-Jan-24	1-Jun-43	4,330,000		4,330,000
Scholarship Prep - Series 2024B (Taxable)	4-Jan-24	1-Jun-30	715,000		715,000
Pacific Springs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Jan-24	1-Jul-63	7,580,000		7,580,000
Pacific Springs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Jan-24	1-Jul-54	6,720,000		6,720,000
Pacific Springs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	31-Jan-24	1-Jul-39	2,430,000		2,430,000
Pacific Springs - Series 2024B (Taxable)	31-Jan-24	1-Jul-30	530,000		530,000
New Deisngs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jun-24	1-Jun-64	21,475,000		21,475,000
New Designs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jun-24	1-Jun-54	7,635,000		7,635,000
New Designs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jun-24	1-Jun-44	1,810,000		1,810,000
New Designs - Series 2024A (Tax-Exempt)	6-Jun-24	1-Jun-34	775,000		775,000
New Designs - Series 2024B (Taxable)	6-Jun-24	1-Jun-28	390,000		390,000
			\$2,455,598,557	\$226,685,017	\$2,228,913,540

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education: Charter School Credit Enhancement Program	84.354A	\$ 7,400,000	\$ 7,552,805
Total U.S. Department of Education and Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 7,400,000	\$ 7,552,805

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) presents the activity of all of the federal grant programs of the California School Finance Authority (the Authority). The Authority's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 of the Authority's financial statements. Expenditures of federal awards are amounts received directly from federal agencies.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Accounting – Funds received under the various grant programs have been recorded within the funds of the Authority. The accompanying SEFA is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting for expenditures.

Relationship to Financial Statements – Federal award expenditures reported in the accompanying SEFA agree, or can be reconciled, in all material respects, to amounts reported in the Authority's financial statements. Loans issued under the Charter School Enhancement Program, ALN #84.354, are not expenditures of the Authority.

3. LOANS OUTSTANDING

The Authority also issued loans for credit enhancement for bond issuances under the Charter School Enhancement Program, ALN 84.354A. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, loans in the amount of \$7,400,000 were issued. As of June 30, 2024, \$39,211,126 in loans are outstanding. These loans are due back to the Authority upon bond maturity, bond refinancing, or charter school closure.

4. INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority did not elect to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate for federal programs.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

California School Finance Authority Members Los Angeles, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the California School Finance Authority (the Authority), a related organization of the State of California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Authority's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2024-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

California School Finance Authority Members Page two

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Authority's Response to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Authority's response to the finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Authority's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

GILBERT CPAs Sacramento, California

Gilbert CPAs

March 31, 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

California School Finance Authority Members Los Angeles, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited California School Finance Authority's (the Authority's) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Authority's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Authority's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Authority's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Authority's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Authority's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Authority's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However,

California School Finance Authority Members Page three

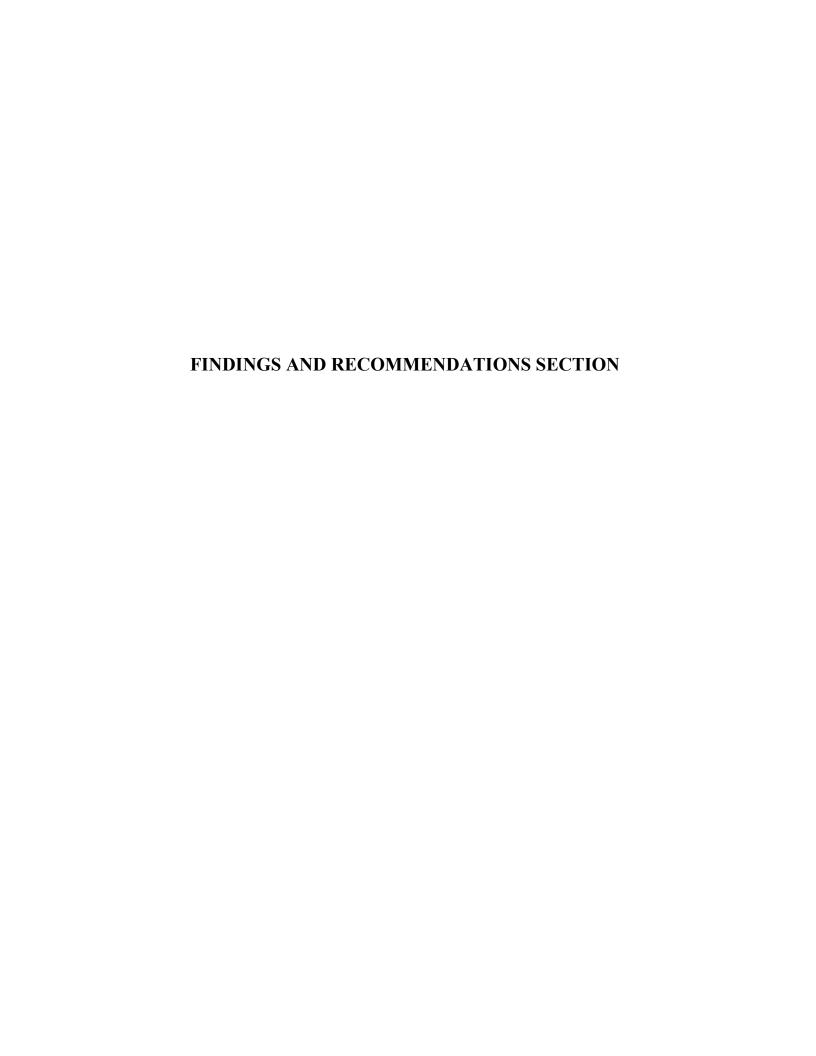
material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified. Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

GILBERT CPAs Sacramento, California

Gilbert CPAs

March 31, 2025



SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS Financial Statements Unmodified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Yes None Reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: ✓ No ✓ None Reported Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Yes ✓ No Identification of major programs: **Assistance Listing Numbers** Name of Federal Programs or Cluster 84.354A Charter School Credit Enhancement Program Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000 ____Yes ✓ No Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

2024-001 - Financial Closing Process

Condition:

Accurate financial reporting is an important element of an entity's performance evaluation and strategic decision-making process. The year-end close and reconciliation of the Authority's financial data represents a significant internal control process of its financial reporting and should not rely on the additional level of control supplied by an external financial audit. We identified adjustments necessary to properly present the Authority's financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of June 30, 2024.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Criteria:

Conversion entries should be prepared by management to convert the governmental fund statements from modified accrual to full accrual and management should ensure that the financial statements are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. An allowance for uncollectible loans should be recorded timely for loans receivable that are no longer deemed to be recoverable.

Cause:

The Authority's closing process did not completely identify all necessary adjustments necessary to present statements in accordance with GAAP. Management was cooperative and is working diligently toward improving the reconciliation process.

Effect:

Accurate financial reporting enables management to have a sound financial basis for decision making. Conversely, the absence of accurate financial data may undermine the plans and initiatives of management. The lack of a complete close and reconciliation process of the Authority represents a significant internal control which should not require or rely on the additional level of control supplied by an audit.

Recommendation:

This is a repeat of a finding in the previous year audit. We recommend the Authority document in detail the year-end closing process and outline procedures, responsible parties, and timelines to improve the efficiency and accuracy of the process. We recommend that the Authority focus on conversion entries required to convert governmental funds from modified accrual to full accrual that required significant adjustments as a result of our audit.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

Accounting staff reviewed and incorporated the 2024-001 audit recommendations into the conversion entries for the current audit of the year ended June 30, 2024. The Authority successfully utilized CM3 Advisory (CPA firm) for its first full year. The conversion entries were provided to Gilbert on time; however, a few entries were found to have a material variance.

The audit finding will be addressed through the continued use of an external CPA firm to ensure timely conversion entries. Additionally, STO accounting has revised its conversion entry process to include a more thorough review of new programs, ensuring that adjustments are accurately captured and that ending balances comply with GAAP and GASB standards.

STO accounting and CSFA have reviewed the audit adjustments with Gilbert to understand the rationale behind the conversion entry adjustments and clarify expectations for future calculations. Moving forward, STO accounting and CSFA will engage in more frequent discussions about new programs and issues, working closely with CM3 to address any questions or concerns, with the goal of ensuring a clean audit for the next year.

SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE

There were no federal findings reported.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

Finding & Recommendation	Current Status	Organization Explanation If Not Implemented
2023-001. Financial Closing Process		
Accurate financial reporting is an important element of an entity's performance evaluation and strategic decision-making process. The year-end close and reconciliation of the Authority's financial data represents a significant internal control process of its financial reporting and should not rely on the additional level of control supplied by an external financial audit. We identified adjustments necessary to properly present the Authority's financial statements and notes to the financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as of June 30, 2023.	Refer to repeat finding 2024-001.	See Authority's action plan for finding at 2024-001.
This is a repeat of a finding in the previous year audit. We recommend the Authority document in detail the year-end closing process and outline procedures, responsible parties, and timelines to improve the efficiency and accuracy of the process. We recommend that the Authority focus on conversion entries required to convert governmental funds from modified accrual to full accrual that required significant adjustments as a result of our audit.		

FEDERAL COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

There were no federal compliance findings reported in the prior year.