— The California School Finance Authority (CSFA) Presents:

# Weathering the K-14 State Apportionment Deferrals - State Budget, Cash Flow Management and TRANs

— July 28, 2020 | 11:00am – 12:30pm PT

Opening Remarks Fiona Ma, CPA, California State Treasurer

Special Guest Jack O'Connell, Former State Superintendent of Public Instruction, Capitol Advisors Group

Moderator Katrina Johantgen, California School Finance Authority

**Speakers** John Gray, School Services of California

Mike Fine, Fiscal Crisis & Management Assistance Team

Annette Yee, Montague DeRose and Associates Mike Kremer, Montague DeRose and Associates





Fiona Ma, CPA
California State Treasurer



Jack O'Connell
Former State Superintendent
CSFA Board Member

## Housekeeping

- Slides
  - Available in the Handouts section of the menu
- Questions
   Ask throughout the webinar, answers provided during Q&A at the end
- Captioning
   https://www.streamtext.net/player?event=CDIAC Webinar
- Technical Issues
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## California School Finance Authority

- Established in 1985, CSFA is one of 16 boards, commissions, and authorities within the State Treasurer's Office
  - ✓ Chaired by Treasurer Fiona Ma, CPA, with Superintendent Tony Thurmond and Director of Finance Keely Martin-Bosler serving as members
  - ✓ Administers 10 federally- and state-funded financing programs
  - ✓ Has disbursed, through grant and debt programs, over \$4 billion to K-12 schools since 2002
- A governmental entity governed by a three-member board with two statewide elected officials
- Helps California TK-12 schools, community colleges and county office of education finance the construction, remodeling, and renovation of projects; acquire property; refinance debt; and secure working capital for cash flow purposes



### CSFA as Conduit Bond/Note Issuer

- The CSFA Act (Ed. Code 17170 17199.6) provides the Authority with broad statutory authority to issue short- to long-term debt on a stand alone or pooled basis
  - ✓ Intercept Mechanism (Section 17199.4) improves investor security, lowers borrowing costs, ensures timely payments
  - ✓ Public Finance Division as Agent for Sale oversees the bond/note pricing process
  - ✓ Attorney General's Office as Issuer's Counsel
  - ✓ Monthly board meetings, with flexibility to hold special meetings
  - ✓ No-Cost TEFRA hearings
- CSFA is mission driven; not transaction driven
  - ✓ Governmental entity not a third-party joint powers authority
  - ✓ Best practices and bond issuance guidelines
  - ✓ Low issuer and administrative fees
  - ✓ Consistent leadership and top financial advisor support



## Conduit Issuance Transaction Highlights

- Since FY 1999, CSFA has issued over \$1.7 billion in short- and long-term debt on behalf of school districts and non-profit borrowers
  - √ 93 transactions
  - √ 18 working capital note financings totaling almost \$200 million
  - √ 75 financings for long-term educational facilities
- Received 2010 Bond Buyer "Deal of the West" Award for innovative Qualified School Construction Bonds
- Awarded several federal grants for credit enhancement of CSFA debt
- Issuer for school district financing utilizing successor redevelopment agency revenue to construct new district transportation facility
- Issuer for community college student housing financing



## **Speaker Introductions**



Katrina
Johantgen
Executive Director
CSFA



John Gray

President and
CEO

School Services
of California



Mike Fine
CEO
Fiscal Crisis &
Management
Assistance Team



Annette Yee

Managing
Director
Montague
DeRose and
Associates



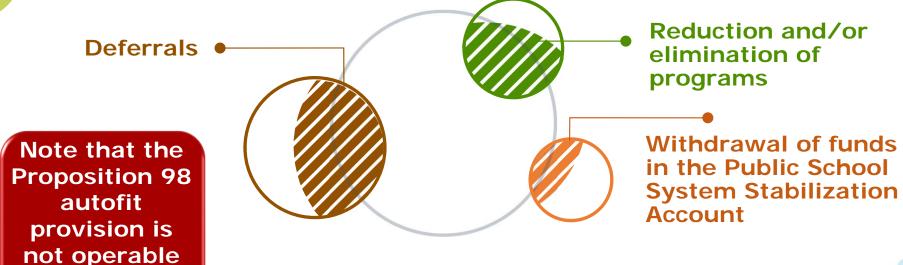
Mike Kremer

Managing
Director
Montague
DeRose and
Associates



#### Proposition 98 Minimum Guarantee

- Proposition 98 funding levels have decreased significantly in both 2019–20 and 2020–21, resulting in an almost 10% reduction over the three-year period
  - ✓ Even with a \$6.8 billion year-over-year decrease, local educational agencies (LEAs) are not experiencing significant cuts due to:



for 2020-21



### **Budget Deferrals**

#### What Are They?

 Budget deferrals allow the state to record a budget cut in one year and move the expense to the next year

## Impact to Proposition 98

 This entry then reduces the appropriated Proposition 98 amount in the deferral year and increases Proposition 98 appropriations in the next year

#### You Can Have Both Budget and Cash Deferrals

- June to July deferrals are cash deferrals, part of which are budget deferrals
- February through May deferrals are both cash and budget deferrals



## Diminishing Cash as a Portion of Fund Balance

		2011-	uals		
Description Resource Codes	Object Codes	Unrestricted (A)	Restricted (B)	Total Fund col. A + B (C)	
G. ASSETS					
Cash     a) in County Treasury	9110	(2,299,078.28)	(2,886,149.61	(5,185,227.89)	
1) Fair Value Adjustment to Cash in County Treasury	9111	0.00	0.00	0.0	
b) in Banks	9120	3,000.00	0.00	3,000.0	
c) in Revolving Fund	9130	40,300.00	0.00	40,300.0	
d) with Fiscal Agent	9135	0.00	0.00	0.00	
e) collections awaiting deposit	9140	0.00	0.00	0.00	
2) Investments	9150	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3) Accounts Receivable	9200	6,011,739.24	5,719,265.22	11,731,004.4	
4) Due from Grantor Government	9290	17,994,823.00	0.00	17,994,823.0	
5) Due from Other Funds	9310	2,908,963.59	3,413.12	2,912,376.7	
6) Stores	9320	160,209.96	0.00	160,209.96	
7) Prepaid Expenditures	9330	103,785.44	0.00	103,785.44	
8) Other Current Assets	9340	0.00	0.00	0.00	
9) Fixed Assets	9400				
10) TOTAL, ASSETS		24,923,742.95	2,836,528.73	27,760,271.68	
H. LIABILITIES					
1) Accounts Payable	9500	1,998,918.46	1,638,557.65	3,637,476.11	
2) Due to Grantor Governments	9590	0.00	0.00	0.00	
3) Due to Other Funds	9610	5,669,338.44	0.00	5,669,338.44	
4) Current Loans	9640	0.00	0.00	0.00	
5) Deferred Revenue	9650	381,095.15	593,940.42	975,035.57	
6) Long-Term Liabilities	9660				
7) TOTAL, LIABILITIES		8,049,352.05	2,232,498.07	10,281,850.12	
. FUND EQUITY					
Ending Fund Balance, June 30 (must agree with line F2) (G10 - H7)		16,874,390.90	604,030.66	17,478,421.56	

#### **Example**

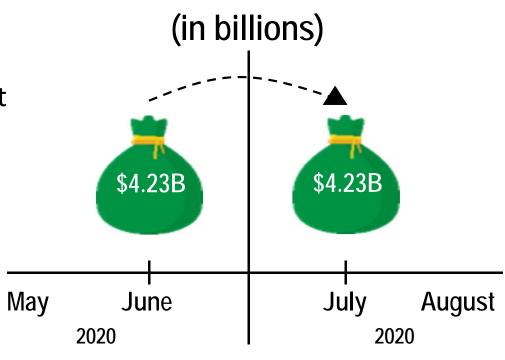
**Cash Balance** 

**Ending Fund Balance** 



#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: K-12

 For the 2019–20 Second Principal Apportionment (P-2) deferral only, there is a statutory requirement for the state to issue it by July 15, 2020



Cash Deferrals 2019–20

#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: K-12

- The P-2 deferral includes all state aid that would normally be issued to school districts and charter schools in late June:
  - Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) state aid (Resource Code 0000, Object Code 8011)
  - Basic aid "Choice" (Resource Code 0000, Object Code 8011)
  - Adults in correctional facilities (Resource Code 6015, Object Code 8311)
  - Special education Assembly Bill (AB) 602 (Resource Code 6500, Object Code 8311)
  - . . . and more

#### The P-2 deferral does not impact:

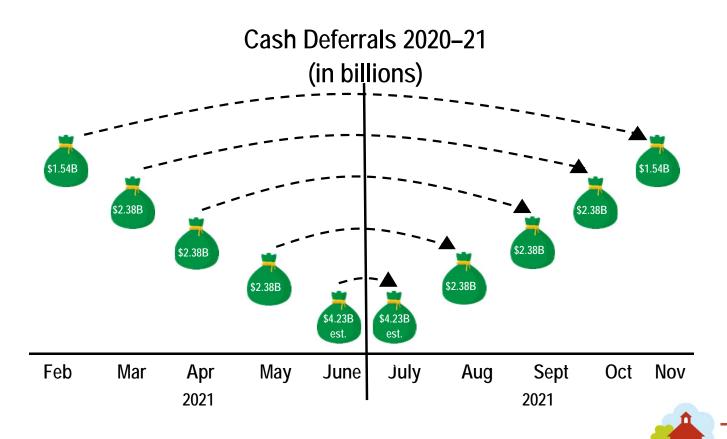


- Local property tax collections
  - However, these will be affected by other recent actions by our policy makers
- Education Protection Account (EPA) funds
- However, these were overappropriated in 2019–20, which is deducted from state aid



#### K-12 Deferrals

- The P-2 deferral is ongoing
  - ✓ Plus, additional ongoing deferrals are implemented starting in February 2021:



#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: K-12

• The effects of these cash deferrals on the typical apportionment schedule for February through June 2021 are as follows:

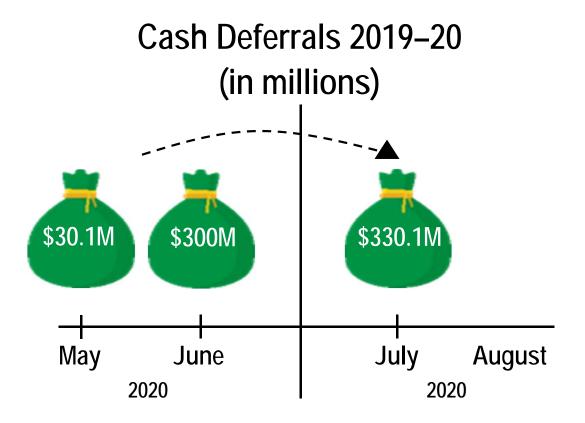
Month	Normal Share of Annual Apportionment <sup>1</sup>	Proportion Deferred	Resulting Share of Annual Apportionment			
February 2021	9%	45%	5%			
March 2021	9%	70%	3%			
April 2021	9%	70%	3%			
May 2021	9%	70%	3%			
June 2021	Balance	100%	0%			

Estimated based on the 2019–20 Principal Apportionment amounts <sup>1</sup>Per EC § 14041(a)(2)

 In effect, LEAs will receive only about 68% of the state aid apportionment during the year



#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: CCD





#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: CCD

- The deferral includes all state aid that would normally be issued to community colleges in May and June 2019:
  - Student Centered Funding Formula (SCFF)
  - Selected categorical programs
  - . . . and more

#### The deferral does not impact:



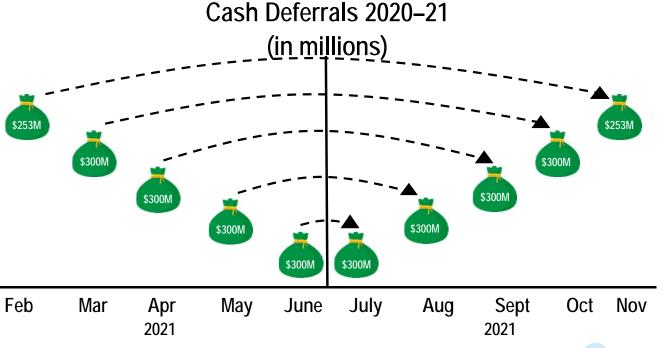
- Local property tax collections
  - However, these will be affected by other recent actions by our policy makers
- Education Protection Account (EPA) funds
  - However, these were overappropriated in 2019–20, which is deducted from state aid



## Community College Deferrals

The Budget agreement requires the following schedule for deferred payments totaling \$1.45 billion:

The Budget agreement provides that if sufficient federal funds materialize by fall, then \$791.1 million would not be deferred





#### Deferrals and Cash Flow: CCD

- Apportionment schedule for CCDs is weighted heavier to the first half of the fiscal year, leaving less during the deferral period
  - ✓ State Chancellor has authority to defer a mix of apportionments in order to meet the targeted amount; and
  - ✓ Adjust the monthly deferral schedule to increase a given month's amount if it ensures a shorter time between deferral and repayment

### **Apportionment Deferrals**

- Apportionment deferrals raise several major policy considerations
  - ✓ Low property wealth districts are hit hardest by deferrals because they rely heavily on the state aid component of the LCFF and SCFF
    - These districts are forced into short-term borrowing and must incur the associated costs
  - Also, resources allocated to buying down deferrals are not available for restoration of past program cuts or for funding new programs

#### **Deferrals and Cash Flow**

 Review projected cash balances at the end of each month and determine whether cash is expected to be either negative or near zero

✓ If so, how will cash needs be met?

- Temporary interfund borrowing
- Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs)
- Borrowing from the county office of education
- Borrowing from the county treasurer



## Deferral Exemption: K-12

- County Superintendent certifies to Department of Education and Department of Finance that LEA cannot meet obligations for month of deferral or subsequent months
- For school districts:
  - ✓ Must have exhausted all internal and external borrowing options
  - ✓ Demonstrate that if not exempt would require a state emergency loan
- \$100 million maximum exemption per month (all LEAs)
  - ✓ May be up to \$300 million under certain circumstances

### Deferral Exemption: CCD

- District certifies to State Chancellor and Department of Finance that the district cannot meet obligations for month of deferral or subsequent months
- For community college districts:
  - ✓ Certification shall be based on the criteria used qualify for an emergency apportionment
  - ✓ May receive no more than the lesser of: 1) amount needed to meet obligations, or 2) the amount the district was entitled to receive with the deferral
- \$30 million maximum exemption per month (all CCDs)
  - ✓ May be up to \$60 million under certain circumstances

#### **Deferrals and Cash Flow**

• How does an LEA make sure to have enough cash to make payroll and pay the bills?



Prepare cash flow projections going out 18 to 24 months



 Prompt monthly reconciliation of cash and all other general ledger accounts

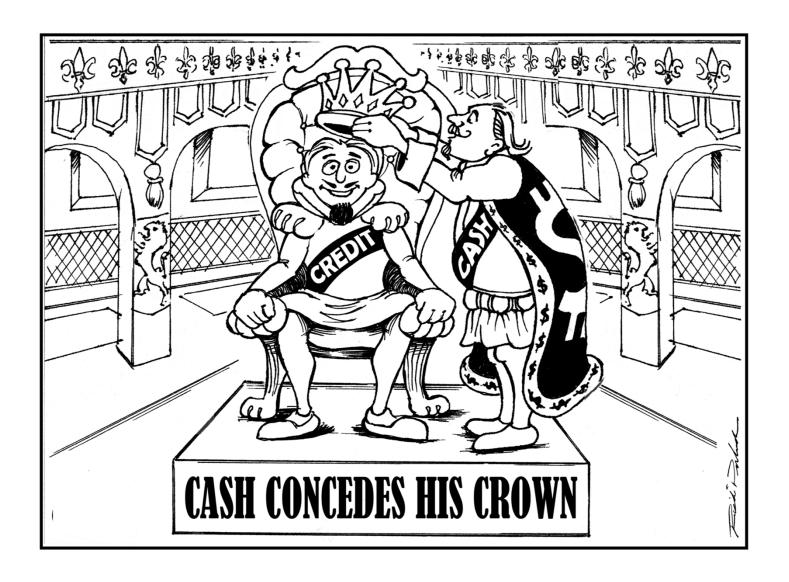


Updating the cash flow projection with the actuals as each month closes



Re-projecting cash receipts and disbursements for the rest of the months







### Key Steps in Preparing and Monitoring

#### **Preparation**

- One of three critical SACS (K-12) reports: budget, multiyear financial projection and cash flow
  - ✓ Use Projection-Pro or other tools
- CCD: 311 report (cash flow not required)
- Balance to budget
- Ensure accuracy based on historical information, updated for new apportionment schedules and expenditure plans
- 18 months minimum, 24 months better
- All funds

#### **Monitoring**

- Timely
- Monthly (sometimes weekly) posting of actuals and reconciliation
  - ✓ Don't forget balance sheet accounts (accounts receivables and payables)
- Updating 18- / 24-month view as actuals are posted
- Updating forecast as information changes



#### What is Cash and Cash Flow?

- Cash is the result of what actually happens—the real world
- Cash flow is the difference between the available cash balance at the beginning of a period (i.e., a month) compared to the available cash balance at the end of the of the period
  - ✓ The actual inflow and outflow of funds
  - ✓ "Cash position" is balance at the end of the period
- Negative cash positions can be mitigated by borrowing

## What is Cash Insolvency?

- Cash insolvency occurs when payroll expense exceeds available cash, and all options for borrowing have been exhausted
- Cash insolvency is a function of deficit spending, erosion of fund balance and sustained negative cash flow over time
- Cash is king! Cash shows no mercy! Cash insolvency is the end of road—game over—and is usually the trigger point for an emergency appropriation and the resulting changes in governance

### Budget vs. Cash Flow

#### **Budget**

- Annual
- Anticipated revenue/source, expenditures/uses and reserves
- Generally Accepted Accounting Principles regarding recognizing revenues, accruals
- K-12: 45-day and interim report updates
- CCD: 311 and quarterly updates
- Fund specific

#### **Cash Flow**

- Monthly (sometimes weekly)
- Actual receipts, disbursements and available funds in the county treasury
  - ✓ Forecast: annual data with time factors such as apportionment schedules
- Cash and budget are equalized with accruals (e.g., receivables and payables)
- Monthly updates; first sign of fiscal distress
- All funds

## Sample Cash Flow Prior to Borrowing

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	4,630,000	(3,270,000)	(9,770,000)	1,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500.000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200.000	(200,000)	(4,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
	(=,===,===,	5_5,666	200,000		(000,000,	(1,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(= .0,000)	30,000	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	200,000	.,000,000
Due To/From Other Funds												
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE												
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	(9,180,000)	(6,200,000)	(1,690,000)	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	11,500,000	(1,640,000)	4,660,000	(1,400,000)	(3,220,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	4,630,000	(3,270,000)	(9,770,000)	1,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	4,630,000	(3,270,000)	(9,770,000)	1,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

### **Internal Cash Borrowing**

- Alternative liquidity is available cash resources in other internal funds
- Borrowing cash from other funds to satisfy temporary shortfalls in operating cash is common practice
- Borrowed funds shall not be available for appropriation or considered income to the borrowing fund—not about budget deficits, but cash shortfalls
- Borrowing limits and timelines apply for K-12; more flexible for CCDs

## Internal Cash Borrowing

#### **Education Code Section (EC §) 42603**

- Authority for temporarily transferring funds between any fund for payment of LEA obligations
- Requires repayment in same fiscal year or subsequent fiscal year when conditions are met
- No more than 75% of the fund balance can be transferred

#### EC § 42603.1

- Flexibility under the Budget Act due to cash deferrals
- Expands authority in EC § 42603 to 85% of the fund balance can be transferred
- Requires:
  - ✓ Resolution subsequent to a public hearing
- Repayment terms remain the same
- Effective only for 2020–21 and 2021–22

For CCDs: equivalent codes / restrictions do not exist; local policy applies; best practice is to follow above requirements



### Internal Cash Borrowing

- Ed Code does not limit interfund borrowing to particular funds
- Borrowing from bond proceeds is not advisable and, under some circumstances, may be inappropriate
- Local decision made in concert with bond counsel considering:
  - ✓ Potential loss of tax-exempt status of bonds
  - ✓ Potential loss of direct subsidy payments
  - ✓ Disclosure violations

## Sample Cash Flow with Internal Borrowing

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
Due To/From Other Funds 3,500,000					(500,000) (3,000,000)							
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE												
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	(9,180,000)	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	11,000,000	(4,640,000)	4,660,000	(1,400,000)	(3,220,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

## **External Cash Borrowing**

- Selected external sources of temporary cash include:
  - County superintendent of schools
    - ✓ Borrowing: EC § 42621 (K-12) / EC § 85221 (CCD)
    - ✓ Conditional advance apportionment: EC § 42622 (K-12) / EC § 85222 (CCD)
  - County treasurer
    - √ County treasurer is LEA treasurer
    - ✓ Limitations on amount and timeline
    - ✓ Calif Constitution, Article XVI, Section 6, and EC § 42620 (K-12) / EC § 85220 (CCD)
  - Financial Markets
    - **✓** TRAN



### Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANs)

- TRANs are a short-term cash management tool for the General Fund, typically issued on tax-exempt basis
- Characteristics of tax-exempt TRANs:
  - ✓ Issued to even out temporary cash deficits (a) in advance of property tax receipts or (b) due to deferred State payments of LCFF revenues (not "structural" budget deficits)
  - ✓ Monthly cash flows prepared for past, current and projected FYs
  - ✓ Projected cash deficit must be within six months of issuance
  - ✓ TRAN sized to cover maximum cash deficit plus minor working capital reserve (up to 5% of last FY's expenditures)
  - ✓ Repaid within 13 months of issuance from same FY's revenues with set-aside dates in advance of final maturity

#### TRANs Issued for FY 2020-21 Deferred Apportionments

- Deferrals in February June 2021 will cause Districts to hit their low cash point sometime in June
- Since the maximum projected cash deficit must be within six months of issuance,
   a TRAN to cover State deferrals can't fund until January 2021 or later
- The targeted funding date for the CSFA K-14 Districts TRAN Pool is late February
   2021
- This Cross Fiscal Year TRAN will deliver funds in FY 2020-21 but will be repaid in FY 2021-22 when the Deferred Revenues from 2020-21 are received
- More on TRAN cash flows next
  - ✓ Needed for TK-12 and Community College District participants
  - ✓ Not required for Charter Schools participating in the ASAP Program



## K-14 Districts TRAN Pool – Summarized Cash Flows

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES					İ							
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	(4,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)		(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
Due To/From Other Funds				3,500,000	, , ,		(500,000)	(3,000,000)	·	, ,		
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE		12,000,000					(5,200,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(350,000)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	2,820,000	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	5,800,000	(6,790,000)	2,510,000	(3,550,000)	(3,570,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

### Revenues and Expenditures

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
Due To/From Other Funds				3,500,000			(500,000)	(3,000,000)				
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE		12,000,000					(5,200,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(350,000)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	2,820,000	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	5,800,000	(6,790,000)	2,510,000	(3,550,000)	(3,570,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

### **Balance Sheet Changes**

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets Total Change in Current Liabilities	100,000 (1,400,000)	20,000 500,000	300,000 (200,000)	10,000 200,000	(400,000) (200,000)	(4,000,000) 0	400,000 (2,000,000)	60,000 (300,000)	50,000 10,000	500,000 500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000 1,400,000
, and the second se	· ·	•	•	·	• • •		·	•	•	•	• • •	
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities  TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET Due To/From Other Funds	(1,400,000)	500,000 520,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000) (1,600,000) (500,000)	(300,000) (240,000) (3,000,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET  Due To/From Other Funds  CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE	(1,400,000)	500,000 520,000 12,000,000	(200,000)	200,000 210,000 3,500,000	(200,000)	(4,000,000)	(2,000,000) (1,600,000) (500,000) (5,200,000)	(300,000) (240,000) (3,000,000) (2,150,000)	10,000 60,000 (2,150,000)	500,000 1,000,000 (2,150,000)	200,000 180,000 (350,000)	1,400,000 4,600,000

### Beginning and Ending Cash

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
Due To/From Other Funds				3,500,000			(500,000)	(3,000,000)				
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE		12,000,000					(5,200,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(350,000)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	2,820,000	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	5,800,000	(6,790,000)	2,510,000	(3,550,000)	(3,570,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

### Apportionment Deferrals and the Maximum Projected Deficit

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50.000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	0	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210,000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
Due To/From Other Funds				3,500,000			(500,000)	(3,000,000)				
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE		12,000,000					(5,200,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(350,000)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	2,820,000	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	5,800,000	(6,790,000)	2,510,000	(3,550,000)	(3,570,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000



### Cross Fiscal Year TRAN

	Jan-21	Feb-21	Mar-21	Apr-21	May-21	Jun-21	Jul-21	Aug-21	Sep-21	Oct-21	Nov-21	Dec-21
	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected	Projected
BEGINNING CASH BALANCE	21,000,000	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000
REVENUES												
Principal Apportionment	5,500,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	10,400,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	11,200,000	5,500,000	5,500,000	11,200,000
FY 2020-21 Prin. App. Deferrals		(2,800,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(4,300,000)	(10,400,000)	10,400,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	4,300,000	2,800,000	
Other Revenue	10,500,000	3,500,000	1,100,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	1,600,000	3,200,000	2,500,000	2,300,000	2,200,000	19,200,000
TOTAL REVENUES	16,000,000	5,000,000	7,200,000	11,900,000	7,000,000	14,300,000	15,000,000	10,500,000	18,000,000	12,100,000	10,500,000	30,400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,000,000	14,700,000	13,500,000	13,800,000	14,300,000	16,800,000	1,900,000	11,900,000	13,400,000	14,500,000	13,900,000	14,200,000
REVENUES MINUS EXPENDITURES	2,000,000	(9,700,000)	(6,300,000)	(1,900,000)	(7,300,000)	(2,500,000)	13,100,000	(1,400,000)	4,600,000	(2,400,000)	(3,400,000)	16,200,000
Total Change in Current Assets	100,000	20,000	300,000	10,000	(400,000)	(4,000,000)	400,000	60,000	50,000	500,000	(20,000)	3,200,000
Total Change in Current Liabilities	(1,400,000)	500,000	(200,000)	200,000	(200,000)	(4,000,000)	(2,000,000)	(300,000)	10,000	500,000	200,000	1,400,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	520,000	100,000	210.000	(600,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,600,000)	(240,000)	60,000	1,000,000	180,000	4,600,000
TOTAL CHANGE IN BALANCE SHEET	(1,300,000)	320,000	100,000	210,000	(000,000)	(4,000,000)	(1,000,000)	(240,000)	00,000	1,000,000	100,000	4,000,000
Due To/From Other Funds				3,500,000			(500,000)	(3,000,000)				
CROSS FY 2020-21 TRAN ISSUANCE		12,000,000					(5,200,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(2,150,000)	(350,000)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH	700,000	2,820,000	(6,200,000)	1,810,000	(7,900,000)	(6,500,000)	5,800,000	(6,790,000)	2,510,000	(3,550,000)	(3,570,000)	20,800,000
ENDING CASH BALANCE	21,700,000	24,520,000	18,320,000	20,130,000	12,230,000	5,730,000	11,530,000	4,740,000	7,250,000	3,700,000	130,000	20,930,000
ENDING CASH BAL (WITHOUT TRAN)	21,700,000	12,520,000	6,320,000	8,130,000	230,000	(6,270,000)	4,730,000	90,000	4,750,000	3,350,000	130,000	20,930,000

# K-14 Districts TRAN Pool – Summarized TRAN Sizing

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital Rese	rve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-21 M	aximum Cumula	ntive Cash Flow De	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working Capi	tal Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lar	ge Issuer TRAN Sizi	ing Using Workir	ng Capital Reserv	e Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Coun	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900
	А	djusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	laximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	an Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, base	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fi	nal Size of FY 20	20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amount	□ plus Interest car	nnot exceed Total	Deferred Reven	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenues	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxii	mum TRAN Amour	nt, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000

### Maximum Cumulative Cash Flow Deficit

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital Reser	ve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-21 Ma	aximum Cumula	ntive Cash Flow De	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working Capit	al Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lar	ge Issuer TRAN Sizi	ng Using Workin	g Capital Reserv	ve Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Coun	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900)
	А	djusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	laximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	an Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, base	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fi	nal Size of FY 20	20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amount p	olus Interest car	not exceed Total	<b>Deferred Reven</b>	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenues	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxir	mum TRAN Amour	nt, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000

### Working Capital Reserve

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital Rese	rve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-21 N	1aximum Cumula	ative Cash Flow De	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working Capi	ital Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lar	rge Issuer TRAN Sizi	ing Using Workin	g Capital Reserv	ve Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Coun	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900)
	А	djusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	Maximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	an Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, base	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fi	nal Size of FY 20	)20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amount	plus Interest car	nnot exceed Total	<b>Deferred Reven</b>	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenue	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxii	mum TRAN Amour	nt, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000

### Maximum TRAN Size, based on Tax Rules

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital	Reserve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-	21 Maximum Cumula	ative Cash Flow De	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working	Capital Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lar	ge Issuer TRAN Siz	ing Using Workir	ng Capital Reserv	ve Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Coun	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900)
	А	djusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	/laximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	an Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, <mark>base</mark>	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fi	nal Size of FY 20	20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amo	ount plus Interest car	nnot exceed Total	<b>Deferred Reven</b>	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenue	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxii	mum TRAN Amour	nt, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000

#### Total Deferred Revenues to Guide Max TRAN Size for Board Reso

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital Re	serve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-21	Maximum Cumula	tive Cash Flow Def	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working Ca	pital Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lar	ge Issuer TRAN Sizi	ng Using Workin	g Capital Reserv	e Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Couns	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900)
	A	djusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-2	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	Jaximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	n Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, base	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fir	nal Size of FY 20	20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amou	nt plus Interest car	not exceed Total	<b>Deferred Reven</b>	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenues	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxir	num TRAN Amoun	t, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000



### Final TRAN Size

Maximum TRAN Size						
Using Working Capital Rese	rve Calculations					
Large Issuer FY 2020-21 M	laximum Cumula	ative Cash Flow De	ficit			\$ 6,270,000
Large Issuer Working Capi	tal Reserve = 5%	of Adj Prior Year G	F Expenditures			\$ 8,499,000
	Maximum Lai	rge Issuer TRAN Sizi	ng Using Workin	g Capital Reserv	e Calculations	\$ 14,769,000
				LESS Tax Couns	sel Adjustment	\$ (1,476,900)
	Δ	Adjusted Maximum	Size of FY 2020-	21 TRAN, based	on Tax Rules>>	\$ 13,290,000
	N	Maximum TRAN Siz	e Authorized, ba	sed on Board Re	esolution ***	\$ 25,000,000
	Preferred T	RAN Size (if less tha	an Adjusted Maxi	mum Size, base	d on Tax Rules)	\$ 12,000,000
			Fi	nal Size of FY 20	20-21 TRAN>>	\$ 12,000,000
Maximum TRAN Par Amount	plus Interest ca	nnot exceed Total	<b>Deferred Reven</b>	ues		
			Total De	ferred Revenues	s in FY 2020-21	26,100,000
	*** Maxi	mum TRAN Amour	nt, based on Defe	rrals allowing fo	or Interest Cost	25,090,000

# K-14 Districts TRAN Pool – Alternative Liquidity

eral Guidelines:				
List cash resources of the District not included	in General Fund Cash Flow.			
Include all District cash that can be loaned to G	eneral Fund on a short-term basis (less than six m	nonths).		
Do not include bond proceeds, deferred comp	ensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly i	restricted funds		
		2019-20	2020-21	2021-2
NAME OR TYPE OF FUND	FUND PURPOSE	Actual	Projected	Projecte
Fund 11.0 - Adult Education	Adult Education	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,400,000
Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance	Long Term Maintenance	\$ 400,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,000,000
Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities	Growth Projects	\$ 155,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 1,300,000
Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay	Facilities Projects	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
	TOTALS	15,555,000	10,150,000	15,700,000
	List cash resources of the District not included Include all District cash that can be loaned to G	List cash resources of the District not included in General Fund Cash Flow.  Include all District cash that can be loaned to General Fund on a short-term basis (less than six in Do not include bond proceeds, deferred compensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly  NAME OR TYPE OF FUND  FUND PURPOSE  Fund 11.0 - Adult Education  Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance  Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities  Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay  Facilities Projects	List cash resources of the District not included in General Fund Cash Flow.  Include all District cash that can be loaned to General Fund on a short-term basis (less than six months).  Do not include bond proceeds, deferred compensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly restricted funds  2019-20  NAME OR TYPE OF FUND  FUND PURPOSE  Actual  Fund 11.0 - Adult Education  Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance  Long Term Maintenance  Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities  Growth Projects  Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay  Facilities Projects  \$ 12,000,000	List cash resources of the District not included in General Fund Cash Flow.  Include all District cash that can be loaned to General Fund on a short-term basis (less than six months).  Do not include bond proceeds, deferred compensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly restricted funds  2019-20  2020-21  NAME OR TYPE OF FUND  FUND PURPOSE  FUND PURPOSE  Actual  Projected  Fund 11.0 - Adult Education  Adult Education  Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance  Long Term Maintenance  \$400,000 \$300,000  Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities  Growth Projects  \$155,000 \$350,000  Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay  Facilities Projects  \$12,000,000 \$7,000,000

COVID-19 crisis, in 2020-21 and 2021-22, a District may borrow up to 85% from other funds if they have held a public hearing and taken Board

action to do so.

# **Alternative Liquidity**

### Planned Interfund Borrowing in FY 2020-21

General Guidelines:				
1. List cash resources of the District not included	in General Fund Cash Flow.			
2. Include all District cash that can be loaned to General Fund on a short-term basis (less than six months).				
3. Do not include bond proceeds, deferred compo	ensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly i	restricted funds		
		2019-20	2020-21	2021-22
NAME OR TYPE OF FUND	FUND PURPOSE	Actual	Projected	Projected
1. Fund 11.0 - Adult Education	Adult Education	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$ 3,400,000
2. Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance	Long Term Maintenance	\$ 400,000	\$ 300,000	\$ 1,000,000
3. Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities	Growth Projects	\$ 155,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 1,300,000
4. Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay	Facilities Projects	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
	TOTALS	15,555,000	10,150,000	15,700,000

NOTE: A District may normally borrow up to 75% of the balance of another fund to transfer to the General Fund for cash flow purposes. Because of the COVID-19 crisis, in 2020-21 and 2021-22, a District may borrow up to 85% from other funds if they have held a public hearing and taken Board action to do so.

# **Alternative Liquidity**

### Rules Regarding Interfund Borrowing

Ger	neral Guidelines:						
1.	List cash resources of the District not included	in General Fund Cash Flow.					
2.	Include all District cash that can be loaned to G	eneral Fund on a short-term basis (less than six	mc	onths).			
3. Do not include bond proceeds, deferred compensation, funds held by a trustee or other highly restricted funds							
				2019-20	2020-21		2021-22
	NAME OR TYPE OF FUND	FUND PURPOSE		Actual	Projected		Projected
1.	Fund 11.0 - Adult Education	Adult Education		\$ 3,000,000	\$ 2,500,000	\$	3,400,000
2.	Fund 14.0 - Deferred Maintenance	Long Term Maintenance		\$ 400,000	\$ 300,000	\$	1,000,000
3.	Fund 25.0 - Capital Facilities	Growth Projects		\$ 155,000	\$ 350,000	\$	1,300,000
4.	Fund 40.0 - Special Reserve for Capital Outlay	Facilities Projects		\$ 12,000,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$	10,000,000
		TOTALS		15,555,000	10,150,000		15,700,000
			П				

NOTE: A District may normally borrow up to 75% of the balance of another fund to transfer to the General Fund for cash flow purposes. Because of the COVID-19 crisis, in 2020-21 and 2021-22, a District may borrow up to 85% from other funds if they have held a public hearing and taken Board action to do so.

### CSFA Pooled TRANs – The Essentials

#### K-14 Districts Pool

- Open to CA school districts, community college districts and county offices of education
- Low tax-exempt interest rates based on anticipated high credit ratings
- Low issuance costs with oversight provided by the State Treasurer's Office (STO)
- Financing for seasonal cash shortfalls & FY 2020-21 apportionment deferrals
- Issuances planned for November, February and April/May

#### **Charter Schools Pool (ASAP Program)**

- Open to CA non-profit charter schools open in FY 2019-20
- High credit ratings attainable with reserve fund collateral provided by U.S. Dept. of Ed. credit enhancement grant
- Low taxable interest rates will avoid the time and expense of cash flow preparation
- TRAN size based on FY 2020-21 apportionment deferrals and rating requirements
- Low issuance costs and STO oversight
- Issuances planned for February and April/May

\* Pooled financing plans being finalized \*



# CSFA Pooled TRANs – Steps to Borrow

#### Step 1

- Prepare monthly cash flows, determine cash flow deficit\* and size TRAN
- Submit for rating agency & tax counsel

#### Step 2

 Draft resolutions and documents distributed by Bond Counsel for review and comment

#### Step 3

 Preliminary Official Statement (POS) drafted by Disclosure Counsel with assistance from LEAs & financing team

#### Step 4

 Resolutions, documents and draft POS provided to LEAs and CSFA for board actions

#### Step 5

 Credit ratings received and POS posted

### Step 6

 Interest rate on TRANs set by Underwriter with oversight from MDA, STO

#### Step 7

 Final OS posted and TRAN proceeds delivered to LEAs

<sup>\*</sup> Charter school TRANs will be sized without monthly cash flows

# CSFA Pooled TRANs – Low Cost Borrowing

- State-level intercept of TRAN debt service increases investor security while streamlining repayment for borrowers
- Experienced financing team assigned to transaction(s)
- Low issuance fees
- Online application portal for streamlined application process
- Interest rates anticipated to be competitive with other TRAN pools and standalone TRANs

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